LONGWALL PERMIT

D-0360-1

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> January 18, 1991 Fountain Square Columbus, Ohio 43224

Mr. Robert Murray Ohio Valley Coal Company 56854 Pleasant Ridge Road Alledonia, Ohio 43902

Dear Mr. Murray:

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THE OHIO VALLEY COAL CO

This is to inform you that the Ohio Valley Coal Company Adjacent Area Coal Mining Permit Application #D-0360-1 has been approved. The Division has performed a thorough review of the application, taking into consideration the concerns raised at the informal conference held on November 8, 1990, and has found that the revised application meets all the requirements of Chapter 1513. of the Ohio Revised Code.

Enclosed is a copy of the written findings resulting from concerns raised at the informal conference. These written findings address the general and specific comments made relative to application #D-0360-1.

If you are a person having an interest that is or may be adversely affected by the Chief's decision of approval, and if you want to appeal the Chief's decision, you may do so by filing a notice of appeal with the Reclamation Board of Review, Ohio Department of Natural Resources, 1855 Fountain Square Court, Suite 124, Columbus, Ohio 43224, (614) 262-1269 within thirty days after the applicant is notified of this decision. Also, it would be necessary to file a copy of this notice of appeal with the Chief of the Division of Reclamation, Ohio Department of Natural Resources, 1855 Fountain Square Court, Columbus, Ohio 43224, within three days after filing the notice of appeal with the Board. Further essential provisions governing appeals to the Board, including request for temporary relief, are found in Section 1513.07 (I)(3) and 1513.13 of the Ohio Revised Code.

If you require further information regarding the approval of this application, please contact Harry Payne, Athens District office, at (614) 594-3507.

Sincerely

Tim L. Dieringer

Chief

Division of Reclamation

TLD:KR:sm cc: St. Clairsville Dist. office Certified Receipt #P829 635316

George V. Voinovich, Governor

WRITTEN FINDINGS - INFORMAL CONFERENCE - MOVEMBER 8, 1990 Ohio Valley Coal Company Adjacent Area Coal Mining Permit Application #D-0360-1

Concern: There are times when county water is not available in sufficient quantity, for example, the drought of '88 which caused shortages and the June 14, 1990 flood which broke water lines along Weege Creek. If county water is the only source left to farmers at such times, it will be insufficient to meet daily farm operational needs.

Response:

No water supplies, regardless of whether they have been developed by the landowner or provided by a public service, are quaranteed to provide continuous service during times of natural disasters. If the public water system is being used as an interim supply and the interim supply is interrupted, then it is the responsibility of the coal company, within 48 hours, to take the necessary measures to repair or replace the interim supply. This may include hauling water into affected properties. Ohio Valley Coal Co. (OVCC) has stated in the Alternative Water Supply Information, Addendum to page 29, Part 2, F(2) of the Adjacent Area Application, that in the past, OVCC has always attempted to consult and negotiate with the affected property owner concerning the selection of the type of water replacement. This is done at the request of the property owners who prefer this procedure to that of OVCC making unilateral decisions about replacement supplies and sites. When selecting a permanent alternative water supply the property owner will have an option, when feasible. Public water is not anticipated to be the only replacement source.

2. Concern:

OVCC states in the application they reserve the right to proceed against the landowner to recover costs incurred for laying public water lines or paying water bills if it is determined that OVCC is not liable for the contamination, diminution or interruption of the affected water supply. The permit application should leave no doubt as to who is going to pay for water replacement.

Response:

In the event that a water supply is diminished by coal mining activities, the coal company will bear the cost of providing an alternative interim and permanent supply.

However, there are factors other than longwall mining which may diminish ground water supplies. The mechanism which may be employed by the coal company in the event the company determines that the coal mining operations did not result in the loss of the supply is defined in the water replacement plan. This clause is included by OVCC to protect themselves against claims of water loss for which they are not liable. In any event, the Division of Reclamation (DOR) will monitor water replacement plans and make the final determination of causal relationships with respect to resolution of complaints. Decisions of this nature are appealable under Chapter 1513. of the Ohio Revised Code (ORC).

3. Concern:

Longwall mining dewaters the land leaving dry springs and wells. The permit application does not address what will be done to deal with these now worthless pits and loss of spring and stream flow.

Response:

As long as monitoring is required on certain portions of a permit, the wells and springs that are being monitored are required to remain accessible until such time as monitoring is determined to be completed, as designated by DOR. When monitoring is no longer necessary, exploratory or monitoring wells shall be sealed in a safe and environmentally sound manner, in accordance with Ohio Administrative Code (OAC) rule 1501:13-9-02. With prior approval of the chief, pursuant to rule 1501:13-9-04, wells may be transferred to another party for further use. Also refer to the enclosed Cumulative Hydrologic Impact Assessment (CHIA).

4. Concern:

Decisions relative to the alternative water source to be developed should be left up to the landowners' as to whether they want to be hooked up to the public water system or have redrilled wells and redeveloped springs. The landowners are told by the industry and state that water will be there in better quantity and quality after longwalling, just deeper. Why aren't wells being drilled for long term replacement? Why should landowners be saddled with water bills and a heavier burden placed on the county water system?

Response:

Refer to the response to Concern #1.

5. Concern:

In the application under water replacement, it discusses OVCC paying for replacement of the water, however, if there

hasn't been an agreement signed with OVCC by the landowner, who pays not only for replacement but for long term costs of water bills? DOR has stated that this is a "gray area"; there should be no "gray areas" in the approved application.

Response:

OVCC is required to pay for water replacement, both interim and permanent, if the supply has been adversely impacted by the mining operation. DOR does not regulate agreements between the landowner and the coal company. ORC Chapter 1513. does not address payment for the cost of public water bills for permanent replacement options.

6. Concern:

DOR has experienced staffing problems in the Technical section, and thus doesn't have enough staff to determine if, in fact, water loss was caused by the longwall operations conducted on the previous permit. How can DOR consider issuing another permit when it's DOR's responsibilty to enforce and have some idea how to handle the resulting problems.

Response:

DOR has recently filled the Natural Resource Administrator I position in the Technical Section. During the time period that the position was vacant, complaints regarding ground water contamination or diminution were handled on a priority basis by qualified personnel within other sections of the Division.

7. Concern:

When will water losses be replaced? The application addresses this inconsistently in the water replacement plan and alternative water supply information sections.

Response:

ORC Section 1513.162 states that the coal mining operator shall reimburse the owner for the reasonable cost of obtaining a water supply from the time of the contamination, diminution, or interruption by the operation until the water supply is replaced. The water replacement plan states that landowner will notify OVCC by calling a telephone number provided within the application. The water replacement plan does not appear to be inconsistent since it is stated, in at least two locations of the plan, that OVCC will undertake/begin within 48 hours of learning of the diminution or contamination to provide a temporary water supply for the landowner. OVCC will make a determination of liability no later than 60 days after notification of the contamination, diminution, or interruption of a water supply. During the 60 day time

period OVCC will continue to provide water for the landowner as required by ORC Section 1513.162. determines that the contamination, diminution, or interruption of a water supply was not caused by the mining operation, then OVCC will provide DOR with notice of its determination and the proof in support of that determination. In response to any water supply complaint, DOR will investigate and make a determination as to the cause of the contamination, diminution, or interruption. Such decisions made by the Chief of DOR as a result of DOR investigations are appealable under ORC Chapter 1513. Until the avenues of appeal are exhausted, it is the coal company's responsiblity to maintain a water supply for the affected landowner. The permanent supply will be restored no later than 18 months after it has been determined that the supply has been contaminated, diminished, or interrupted as a proximate result of the mining operation.

8. Concern:
Who proves the cause of the water loss? Who determines what is the cause of the water loss? The application, by not stating just who must prove or disprove the cause of water loss, violates the law established in the Citizens Organized Against Longwalling v. Division of Reclamation (1987) case.

Response: In the event the coal company does not feel they are responsible for the loss of landowner's water supply, information regarding the coal company's determination will be provided to DOR as stated within the water replacement plan of the application. The DOR will review the information submitted by the coal company as well as the data on file with DOR, and investigate the situation to determine if a Chief's Order is necessary to require the coal company to replace the water supply. It is the DOR's responsibility to determine whether the mining operation is the cause of the water loss. DOR considers OVCC's water replacement plan to be consistent with the 1987 decision mentioned and the 1989 decision of the Meigs County Court of Appeals in Coal v. Southern Ohio Coal Company (Case No. 410.)

9. Concern:

Will OVCC replace all water losses? The application contradicts itself between the alternative water supply information and hydrologic determination sections.

Landowners need to know if all water or only the amount used prior to mining will be replaced. The law requires replacement of water supplies. The coal company must replace the supplies, not merely the portions of supplies utilized prior to mining.

Response:

The law and rules both state that an operator "shall replace the water supply of an owner of interest in real property who obtains all or part of his supply of water for domestic, agricultural, industrial, or other legitimate use from an underground or surface source where the supply has been affected by contamination, diminution, or interruption proximately resulting from the coal mining operation and shall reimburse the owner for the reasonable cost of obtaining a water supply from the time of the contamination, diminution, or interruption by the operation until the water supply is replaced." OVCC is responsible for replacing legitimately used supplies which have been affected by contamination, diminution or interruption proximately resulting from the mining operation, in accordance with ORC 1513.162.

10. Concern:

Are there any wetlands to be undermined? Is the coal company allowed to drain wetlands? Doesn't federal law prohibit draining wetlands?

Response:

The Ohio EPA, ODNR - Division of Natural Areas and Preserves (DNAP) and the U.S. Army Corps of Engineers were notified by DOR of receipt of this application and requested to comment with respect to their scope of responsibilities, which include assessment of wetland areas. DOR did not receive any comments and/or responses relative to wetlands, nor were any wetlands identified during DOR's review of the proposed area. DOR did receive a response from DNAP indicating the proposed mining project was not judged as having significant impacts on known locations of state/federal listed plants or animals, state nature preserves, wild/scenic/recreational rivers or public recreational areas managed by ODNR.

11. Concern:

Subsidence cracks and landslides cause safety hazards to recreational users and farmers who have to work the fields daily with tractors, haybines, bailers, cornpickers and other farm machinery.

Response:

OVCC's subsidence control plan states: "Prior to the introduction of farm equipment into fields that have been undermined, OVCC will inspect the field for cracks or slips. Repairs needed (to maintain access into the fields) will be made at appropriate times. Croplands damaged by subsidence will be repaired at appropriate times to permit harvest or cultivation without damage to personnel or

equipment. Areas being mined will be inspected at various intervals, ranging from daily to weekly. These areas will be visually inspected for any subsidence related problems. If a problem is found, the landowner will be notified immediately. If surface cracks are (found) in an area that is commonly traveled by man or livestock, the cracks will be repaired immediately."

These responses, which are identical to those in the previously approved longwall permit R-0360-2, thoroughly and adequately address this concern. Finally, OVCC is obligated to restore the land surface to a condition capable of maintaining the value and forseeable use(s) that the land was capable of supporting prior to subsidence, in accordance with current Ohio law.

12. Concern:

The plan to repair a large landslide on the Liddle property was submitted by OVCC and approved by the DOR without a full inspection by the local inspector. The landowner had no input into this plan and has concerns relative to how and when repairs will take place, storage areas for equipment, etc., which haven't been addressed. The DOR has indicated OAC rule 1501:13-12-03 is silent in regard to landowner input in the development of repair plans, however, property owners have some basic rights, such as having input as to how their land will be repaired and when.

Response:

The local reclamation inspector did conduct a full inspection of the landslide on the Liddle property on the same day OVCC notified DOR that the slip occurred. DOR has the authority to decide if a repair plan submitted pursuant to OAC rule 1501:13-12-03 adequately assures the restoration of the land surface to a condition capable of maintaining the value and reasonably forseeable uses which it was capable of supporting before subsidence. DOR will make every effort to keep landowners informed of plans submitted concerning their property. Landowners do have control of the timing of implementation of such plans since they control access to their property.

13. Concern:

Why wasn't a notice of violation issued to OVCC for damages to the Liddle property?

Response:

Pursuant to OAC 1501:13-12-03, material damage notices to underground operators shall be by letter or inspection report, and ".... shall not be deemed a notice of violation." Pursuant to Division Policy/Procedure

Directive, Underground 90-2, "Subsidence Damage," a subsidence damage notice will be issued unless the operator has already notified the DOR of such damage. In the case of the Liddle property, a subsidence damage notice was issued to OVCC for the damaged structures. A subsidence damage notice was not issued concerning the landslide as OVCC notified DOR of such damage. Although a damage notice was not issued, DOR reviews, approves, and monitors implementation of the submitted repair plan for the landslide.

14. Concern:

OVCC was issued a notice of violation for being beyond the boundaries on the first longwall permit. The mine was stopped one day, the permit revised, and the violation was lifted. Why wasn't the public told of this? If the permit was revised to cover up violations, why even have a permit?

Response:

The notice of violation was issued on March 29, 1990 for mining outside of the full coal recovery area limits. The operator was required to cease mining beyond the approved limits and submit a permit revision to be approved prior to additional mining inconsistent with the approved plan. The permit revision was deemed insignificant (and therefore not subject to public review) as the area was small (approximately 100 feet wide), was within the projected subsidence zone, and did not involve any additional landowners. The permit was not revised to cover up a violation, but was revised to abate a violation.

15. Concern:

Damages to the Liddle property were more severe than anyone was led to believe could happen and not yet repaired. The new permit area application should not be issued until existing property damages are repaired. If damages can't be repaired, no new permits should be issued.

Response:

Damages to the Liddle property were within the range of those anticipated in the subsidence control plan. A permit application cannot be blocked unless an applicant is currently failing to abate a notice of violation to the satisfaction of DOR. In this case, with respect to subsidence damages, OVCC has complied with all provisions of the OAC requiring submission of plans to repair such damages. The approved repair plans are not being implemented due to the Liddle's denial of access to their property.

16. Concern:

OVCC doesn't want landowners to have counsel present when negotiating agreements for repair and water replacement and the landowner can't tell anyone what is in the agreement. If no agreement is signed, there'll be no settlement and the owner pays for his own water. This takes away a person's freedom of speech and rights as a landowner. OVCC's "good neighbor policy" is inadequate.

Response:

The absence of an agreement does not leave the landowner without remedy. The ORC and OAC require the restoration of the value and foreseeable use of the land, repair or compensation for diminished value whenever structures are damaged by subsidence, as well as interim water and a permanent replacement at the expense of the operator of all impacted developed water supplies. While DOR understands that landowners usually benefit from subsidence agreements to a greater extent than the ORC provides, such agreements are by no means mandatory.

17. Concern:

Landowners and families affected by longwall subsidence suffer mental strain and stress.

Response:

ORC Chapter 1513. does not address the mental health effects of mining. DOR has no authority to address this concern.

18. Concern:

The permit explains how damages to the surface will be repaired. Have any repairs been done on damaged lands in this area? Where will OVCC find a contractor who knows how to repair these damages resulting from subsidence?

Response:

All of the damages that have occurred at longwall operations in Ohio have been repaired in a similar manner utilizing standard construction techniques. OVCC should have no difficulty finding a contractor to repair subsidence damages.

19. Concern:

Remedial action has been focused on short term issues, such as compensation, repair and damages to structures; the focus should be shifted away from fixing and onto preventing (damages).

Response

Full coal recovery operations are exempt from the requirement to prevent subsidence related damage. OAC rule

1501:13-4-14 (M) addresses the application requirements for subsidence control plans. The rule requires that, once an applicant demonstrates the mine method proposed will result in planned subsidence in a predictable and controlled manner, the application contain a description of the anticipated effects and a general description of the measures to mitigate or remedy subsidence-related damages, pursuant to paragraphs (M)(2)(e) and (f). Thus, the applicant is not required to include a description of measures to be used to minimize or prevent subsidence in areas where planned subsidence is proposed.

20. Concern:

What's the more valuable resource in this area, ground water or high sulfur coal? The application should include a complete environmental impact study addressing the issues of economics, loss of other resources such as ground water and productivity, and stress on the affected people.

Response:

DOR does not have jurisdiction under ORC Chapter 1513. to determine the value of various resources.

Regarding the suggestion that a full environmental impact assessment is necessary to properly evaluate this application, the ORC does not provide for such an extensive assessment as part of the review process.

21. Concern:

In Europe, surface features determine how a mine is laid out; in Ohio, the panels are laid out for the convenience/profitability of the coal company with no consideration of surface features or people thereon. The coal company should be required to recover their coal in a responsible way, using all known technology including options such as backfilling, to minimize subsidence.

Response:

Except for the provisions contained in OAC 1501:13-12-03 (J), ORC Chapter 1513. does not authorize DOR to require full coal recovery operations to plan their longwall panels so as to avoid specific structures and surface features. Also refer to the response to Concern #19.

22. Concern:

DOR should assure the financial ability of the applicant to perform required repairs and provide restitution for damages by requiring a performance bond of 100% of the premining property value to be maintained for four (4) years following completion of mining operations in the area.

Response:

ORC Chapter 1513. does not authorize DOR to require a performance bond for property overlying underground coal removal areas. The Division has no authority to address this concern.

23. Concern:

Four (4) seams of coal above the longwall area will be damaged by subsidence. Information from Ohio State University library as to how much coal is located above the #8 seam and assessment at modest tipple prices shows as much as \$600,000 to \$1 million worth of coal sacrificed for each acre of #8 coal longwalled. This is a terrible loss in resources and future mining jobs to trade for this longwall mine.

Response:

ORC Chapter 1513. regulates surface impacts incident to underground coal mining and reclamation operations. surface impacts do not generally include alleged impacts on other coal seams. Based on a literature search of published research relative to multiple seam underground mining, full coal extraction on a lower seam does not appear to preclude the extraction of an upper seam by subsequent underground mining methodologies. Several of the papers reviewed recommended full coal extraction to facilitate multiple seam mining; the intent being to eliminate some of the difficulties evident when pillars are left in place. None of the research reviewed appeared to suggest that, in general, the upper seam of coal was no longer recoverable or marketable. When this data is applied to subsequent surface coal mining operations above full coal extraction areas, the conclusion appears to be that no serious degradation of the strippable reserve occurs.

24. Concern:

The severance deed for the property owned by Chalmer and Ida Campbell does not contain a waiver for damage clause. Without this waiver, OVCC only has the right to mine in a manner that will not cause damage beyond that anticipated by methods of mining which were in existence when the severance deed was signed. The application fails to demonstrate OVCC has the clear right to mine by the longwall method.

Response:

The application documents submitted demonstrate proof of ownership or leasehold interest in the coal to be mined and fulfill current regulatory requirements of ORC Section 1513.07 (B)(2)(i) and OAC 1501:13-4-03 (A)(3). An issue of

disputed subjacent support rights is not within the scope of the Division's authority to resolve; ORC Chapter 1513. specifically states "... this chapter does not authorize the chief to adjudicate property rights disputes."

25. Concern:

How long will mining last? The application is for a two year period, 1990-1992; the company, however, indicates mining will stretch over a ten-year period elsewhere in the annual/total production tonnages and engineering and mining techniques sections.

Response:

The projected mining period for area proposed in application #D-0360-1 is two years. Future mining of the remaining reserves over the next ten years, however, is anticipated as indicated in application responses and the future permit sequencing map. It should be noted this information regarding mining of reserves is only a projection of future mining. The permittee will be required to submit additional applications to permit and mine any additional areas.

26. Concern:

The application fails to meet buffer zone and prohibited area requirements of federal law, pursuant to Section 522 (e) of SMCRA.

Response:

DOR interprets the ORC Chapter 1513. counterpart to the federal 522 (e) prohibitions as applicable only to surface mining operations.

27. Concern:

The application fails to meet the subsidence prevention requirements of federal law, pursuant to Section 516 (b) of SMCRA.

Response:

Section 516(b) of SMCRA, and the corresponding ORC Chapter 1513. counterpart do not contain any subsidence prevention requirements for planned subsidence mining technology. The OVCC application #D-0360-1 proposes to utilize longwall mining, a mining technology which requires planned subsidence in a predictable and controlled manner. Therefore, it is exempt from any subsidence prevention requirements contained in Section 516 (b).

28. Concern:

Fissures or cracks caused by longwall mining subsidence and emissions from coal mine exhaust fans could release radon gas to the surface, exposing residents to this radioactive

health hazard. Dr. Lynn Chyi, geologist at the University of Akron, published a paper on emissions from abandoned deep mines found in northeast Ohio in the fall of 1989, finding radon levels to be at least two times higher than normal above the mined out areas. In March, 1990, Dr. Chyi placed radon sensors in locations in Smith Township, Belmont County, which also detected very excessive radon levels above longwall mined areas compared to normal levels above non-mined areas. Radon emissions are detrimental to health; issuing a permit without due investigation and responsible evaluation of the possible effects of longwall mining on radon emission and proper reporting (monitoring) could place residents in danger and the state in a position of liability.

Response:

DOR has contacted Dr. Chyi, discussed his research, and reviewed the collected data which consists of post-mining data only. The absence of pre-mining data to which post-mining data must be compared precludes a definitive conclusion to this concern and, as noted by the Unviersity of Akron, the research data collected thus far is "completely experimental in nature" and "not for end use in industry or otherwise." DOR will maintain contact with Dr. Chyi as well as other research sources, and will request conclusive research studies be provided to DOR if and when they become available.

29. Concern:

Methane gas released from coal seams (#9, #10, #11, #12) located above and fractured by longwalling the #8 seam to be mined will result in hazardous conditions for residents in longwall mining areas.

Response:

The release of methane gas from naturally occurring coal seams has not been noted as a problem resulting in hazardous conditions for residents in coal bearing regions. DOR is not aware of any scientific study which would tend to support the concern that methane gas would be released from fractured coal seams in greater quantity above subsidence areas than that naturally occurring in unmined coal bearing regions.

30. Concern:

ODNR saw fit to place a buffer zone around Dysart Woods, thus, showing a willingness to protect a group of trees; however, ODNR is seemingly less willing to protect homes and farms.

Response:

The "buffer zone" referenced was established by Ohio University, not ODNR/DOR. Negotiations are currently pending to establish a monitoring program near Dysart Woods to investigate and establish the size of the buffer zone necessary to protect the virgin/mature forest ecosystem. ODNR is not electing to protect one resource to a higher degree than another, but is protecting all renewable resources and property to the extent provided for by the ORC.

31. Concern:

The proposed mining operations may negatively impact Dysart Woods, a National Natural Landmark site. Cracks in the surface or alteration of geohydrology due to subsidence in or adjacent to Dysart Woods have a high potential for negatively impacting the signficant natural resources of this landmark.

Response:

The mining area approved in application #D-0360-1 is located approximately 0.43 miles southeast of Dysart Woods. Thus, the Woods are not adjacent to or within the approved mining area, angle of draw for full coal recovery area, hydrologic, or cultural, historical and archeological resource study area. DOR shares the concern for potential negative impacts due to mine subsidence on the woods; please refer to the response to Concern #30 for further information. DOR will continue to pursue funding to develop and implement studies framed to obtain a better understanding of the ecological and hydrological effects of underground mining.

32. Concern:

Real estate value is declining as fast as the longwall mine is removing coal and people are moving away. The temporary jobs created in the coal mine seem so minimal compared to the long term farm income in this area.

Response:

ORC Chapter 1513. does not address the question of market based property values, local tax base/revenue, community development, or local employment. DOR has no authority to address these concerns.

33. Concern:

Timber resources are being destroyed in the longwall mining areas.

Responses

DOR has not been presented with any evidence of long-term damage to timber lands from the timber industry or other source which documents an impeded use of the land for silviculture purposes as a result of longwall or full coal extraction operations. Pursuant to OAC rule 1501:13-12-03, should damage occur to the land surface due to subsidence, it must be restored to a condition capable of maintaining the value and reasonable forseeable use(s) which it was capable of supporting before subsidence.

Ohio Valley Coal Company #D-0360-1 Cumulative Hydrologic Impact Assessment (CHIA)

Application D-0360-1 is located within sections 19, 20, 25, and 26 of Smith Township, Belmont County. Surface waters overlying the proposed mining area are Millers Run, Anderson Run and their tributaries. The application and adjacent areas are located within the Captina Creek drainage basin. The 691 acre application area proposes to mine the Pittsburgh number 8 coal seam by the longwall mining method. Approximately 0.6% of the 115,712 acre Captina Creek drainage basin is proposed to be undermined by this application.

The original permit, D-0360, was issued in June of 1984 and consisted of 350.0 acres. Since the issuance of D-0360 three revisions to the permit have been approved for the purpose of mining coal. Application to Revise a Permit (A.R.P.) R-0360-1 was approved to mine by the room and pillar method of mining 4,159 coal acres. A.R.P. R-0360-2 was approved to mine by the room and pillar method of mining 470 coal acres. A.R.P. R-0360-5 was approved to mine by the room and pillar method of mining 679 coal acres. Application D-0360-1 proposes to mine 691 acres by the longwall method of mining. The total acreage which has been permitted under the surface effects of underground mining and the coal removal areas, including both room and pillar and longwall methods, consist of approximately 6,349 acres. Approximately 5.5% of the Captina Creek drainage basin has been authorized under D-0360.

The Pittsburgh coal seam has an elevation of between 700 and 720 feet m.s.l. (mean seal level) within the application and adjacent areas. The coal seam is reported to have a strike of N 27° E and a dip of S 63° E at a rate of 19 feet per mile. topographic relief of the application area ranges from approximately 1320 feet m.s.l. on the ridge tops to 970 feet m.s.l. in the stream valleys. Developed ground water supplies have reported surface elevations ranging from 1164 to 1299. Reported well depths range from 26 to 90 feet averaging approximately 60 feet in depth. Those wells in which the depths are known have reported bottom elevations ranging from 1189 feet m.s.1. to 1246 feet m.s.1. Developed springs range in elevation from 1164 feet to 1267 feet m.s.1. The Pittsburgh coal seam is located approximately 450 feet below the lowest saturated zone identified within the hydrologic boundary of the application area.

Basically, the sedimentary cycle in Belmont County includes coal, clay and shale, sandstone, siltstone and mudstone, limestone and underclay. Ground water supplies within the hydrologic boundary of the application area are all developed on the ridge tops above the Washington #12 coal seam. The neritic and deltaic depositional environments during the Pennsylvanian and Permian systems resulted in considerable vertical and lateral shifts and facies changes, which resulted in the non-continuous

nature of the water bearing formations. The rocks in Belmont County form a gentle monocline that dips to the southeast at an average rate of 18 feet per mile. Locally, the dip increases to as much as 70 feet per mile where small flexures cause slight variations in the southeastward dip. Two small dome-shaped anticlines lie in the eastern part of the county, one in eastern Richland Township at Clarmount and the other in northernmost Mead and eastern Smith Townships. A narrow northeastward trending syncline, whose position was plotted from mine maps of the Pittsburgh coal bed, extends from west-central Pultney Township to the northeastern part of Pease Township. The width of the syncline ranges from a few hundred feet to about 1,100 feet. Locally, the syncline is cut by a normal fault along its western side, adjacent to the deepest part of the trough. Within the application area a graben fault has been identified extending into Smith Township, Belmont County. The seam is displaced approximately five feet. The faulted zone averages approximately 90 feet.

The fault displacement appears to decrease in the western portions of the application area and increases considerably within the eastern portions of the application.

Five test borings were drilled within the application area. The test borings consisted primarily of sandstone, limestone, clay, shales, siltstones, and coal. The percentage of sandstone and limestone (hard rock) within the overburden ranged from approximately 14% to 50% averaging approximately 27%. An average of 70% of the overburden is soft rock, shales and clays.

The geologic formations which yield underground water in the Captina Creek basin comprise two general classes: (1) consolidated layers of sandstones, shale, coal and limestone, and (2) the unconsolidated deposits of sand, gravel and clay. Less than 5% of the area encompassed by the Captina Creek basin is suitable for the development of large industrial or municipal underground water supplies. The larger industrial or municipal supplies are generally developed within the unconsolidated deposits adjacent to the Ohio River. The potential yield of wells developed beyond the influence of recharge from the Ohio River is 25-100 gallons per minute (g.p.m.). Although the unconsolidated deposits encountered in these wells are similar to the materials adjacent to the Ohio River, the location, with respect to recharge, proximity to the bedrock valley wall, and regional extent above drainage, limits the potential of these wells. More than 90% of the area is underlain with bedrock formations considered to yield little or no ground water. Yields of less than 2 g.p.m. are developed in various layers of sandstone, shale, limestone and coal. The variation in the physical characteristics of the bedrock and the topography govern the yield of wells developed in this area. The best bedrock wells are developed in the valleys adjacent to the streams. The rapid runoff of precipitation from the rugged hillsides deter the seepage of recharge to the more permeable bedrock formations.

The application area is developed within a portion of the Captina Creek drainage basin in which wells seldom yield as much as 5 g.p.m. Ground water supplies are developed within undifferentiated layers of siltstone interbedded with shale, clay, and limestone. Yields average less than 2 g.p.m. However, wells drilled or dug within the flood plain of Captina Creek may yield as much as 25 g.p.m. A salt/fresh water interface occurs approximtely 200 feet below the valley floors within the general vicinity of the application area. Any water derived from an elevation 200 feet below the valley floor may contain over 10,000 parts per million of total dissolved solids and render ground water at this elevation unpotable.

The applicant identified six saturated zones within the application and adjacent areas which are developed for use for either agricultural or domestic purposes. The six saturated zones range from 1147 feet m.s.l. to 1272 feet m.s.l. All of the developed ground water supplies are reported to be developed in either shales or limey shales. Because the ground water supplies are reported to be developed within shales, it is deduced that these supplies are developed within perched a and/or semi-perched water tables beneath the ridges.

It is not anticipated that the quality of water will be degraded as a result of the proposed operation. Water quality data, as a result of various monitoring plans on file with the Division of Reclamation as well as the review of literature pertaining to the impacts of longwall mining operations upon the hydrologic balance of the permit and adjacent areas, have not shown any significant impacts to the quality of ground water.

The first longwall permit for D-0360, A.R.P. R-0360-2, was approved in December of 1989. The coal seam is reported to lie approximately between the elevations of 710 and 720 feet m.s.l. within the vicinity of R-0360-2. Fifteen ground water supplies are reported to be located within the hydrolgoic boundary of the monitoring plan for R-0360-2 as of September 30, 1990. The supplies inventoried are W-13, W-19, W-21, W-31, W-32, W-35, W-36, W-37, W-38, W-39, W-41, W-42, SP-11, SP-20, and SP-22. Twelve of the ground water supplies are wells, three are springs. Wells W-31, W-39, W-41, and W-42 are reported to be inaccessible for measurements. Wells W-31, W-41, and W-42 are located over panels. Well W-39 is located over a gate. No data has been collected at these wells because of their inaccessibility. The monitoring data for the remaining wells is discussed in the following paragraphs.

Well W-21 has a surface elevation of 1225 feet m.s.l. and a bottom elevation of 1140 feet m.s.l. The coal seam is about 425 feet below the bottom elevation of the well. W-21 is located south of panel 5-West, on a gate. Mining took place within 500 feet of this supply. Mining took place within the vicinity of this supply in February 1990. W-21 was diminished as a result of

mining operations and appears to have recovered particularly. The s.w.l. (static water level) for this supply has recovered to within 7 feet of the pre-mining level. W-21 is outside of the angle of draw for panel 5-West.

Well W-35 has a surface elevation of 1210' m.s.l. and a bottom elevation of 1125' m.s.l. W-35 is located over panel 5-West. Water elevations were measured at 17 feet and 15 feet below land surface in October of 1989 and March of 1990. Mining took place under this supply in March of 1990. The coal seam is about 410' below the bottom elevation of the well. W-35 was diminished as a result of mining operations and has recovered partially. The well collapsed after being undermined from 85 feet in total depth to about a 72 foot total depth below the surface. In April 1990, the well began holding water above the 72 foot level. Currently the well is reported to be recovering with an average water level at about 55 feet below the surface elevation.

Well W-36 has a surface elevation of 1210' m.s.l. and a bottom elevation of 1183' m.s.l. The bottom elevation of W-36 is located approximately 468 feet above the coal seam. The premining static water level below the ground surface was about 16 feet. W-36 is located over panel 5-West. Mining took place under this supply in March of 1990. This well was dewatered and as of 9/30/90 displayed an insignificant recovery.

Well W-37 has a surface elevation of 1255' m.s.l. and a bottom elevation of 1193' m.s.l. The bottom elevation of W-37 is located approximately 478' above the coal. W-37 is located off of panel 5-West within 500 feet of the panel and outside of the angle of draw. W-37 was unaffected by the mining operation.

Well W-19 is located on a gate between panels 5-West and 6-West. Panels 5-West and 6-West passed by W-19 in April and July of 1990 respectively. The depth of well W-19 is unknown. The well was covered with a hand pump making pre-mining water level readings impossible. The property containing W-19 was purchased by O.V.C.C. and the well was opened to provide access for measurements in April of 1990. No impact was observed to the well with the passing of both panels.

Well W-13 is located off of the 5-West panel, within 500 feet east of the panel. W-13 has a surface elevation of 1283' m.s.l. and a bottom elevation of 1218' m.s.l. The well is located outside of the angle of draw of the mining operation and was unaffected by longwall mining.

Well W-38 is located near the edge of the panel and the gate between panels 6-West and 7-West. W-38 has a surface elevation of 1270' m.s.l. and a bottom elevation of 1182' m.s.l. The bottom of W-38 is located about 467' above the coal seam. Mining took place within 200 feet of W-38 in August of 1990 with little or no effect on the well.

Well W-32 is located near the edge of the panel and the gate between panels 6-West and 7-West. W-32 has a surface elevation of 1265' m.s.l. and a bottom elevation of 1167' m.s.l. The bottom of W-38 is located about 452' above the coal seam. Mining took place within 200 feet of W-32 in August of 1990 with little or no affect on the well.

Spring SP-11 has a surface elevation of 1200' m.s.l., approximately 485' above the coal seam. SP-11 is located over panel 5-West and was undermined in April of 1990. SP-11 was diminished by the mining operation and has lost over 50% of its pre-mining flow.

Spring SP-20 is located over panel 6-West and was undermined in June of 1990. SP-20 has a surface elevation of 1148' m.s.l. and is approximately 485' above the coal. SP-20 was dewatered in July of 1990.

Spring SP-22 is located over panel 6-West and was undermined in August of 1990. The spring has a surface elevation of 1250' m.s.l. and is approximately 535' above the coal. SP-22 was diminished in flow by a factor of 10 after it was undermined.

The eleven ground water supplies monitored displayed the following impacts as a result of mining within R-0360-2. Wells W-35 and W-36 and springs SP-11, SP-20, and SP-22 were located over panels. Well W-36 was dewatered. Well W-35 was dewatered and has recovered partially. Spring SP-11 was diminished and has thus far displayed approximately 40% of the pre-mining flow. Spring SP-20 was completely dewatered as a result of mining operations. Spring SP-22 was diminished and has thus far displayed approximately 10% of the pre-mining flow.

Wells W-21, W-19, W-38, and W-32 are shown to be located over gates or near the very edges of the panels. Wells W-19, W-35, and W-32 are located between two panels. Well W-21 is located on a gate south of a panel. Wells W-19, W-32 and W-38 do not appear to have been impacted by the mining operations. Well W-21 was impacted by the mining operations. Well W-21 lost as much as 30 feet of head in the well but displayed recovery to within 7 feet of the pre-mining s.w.l.

Wells W-37 and W-13 are located off of both panels and gates and were unaffected by the mining operations. Both wells were located outside of the angle of draw.

Based upon the data on file with the application and monitoring data submitted for permit D-0360 it is anticipated that all ground water supplies, springs and wells located over panels will be impacted as a result of the proposed operations. It is anticipated, of those supplies located over the panels, 33% of the springs will be dewatered and 67% of the springs will be diminished. It is anticipated that 50% of the wells may be dewatered. W-35 is an 85 foot deep well but displayed partial

recovery after the well collapsed 72' below the surface. Well w-36 is 27 feet deep and dewatered as a result of mining

Four ground water supplies were located over gates or near the edges of the panels. 75% of these wells displayed little to no impact as a result of mining. One well did display a loss of over 30 feet in head but regained a s.w.l. measurement within 7 feet of the pre-mining levels. 25% of those wells over gates or near the edges of the panels are anticipated to be slightly

It is not anticipated that any supplies located off of the panels, approximately 500 feet away from the panels, will be impacted by mining operations.

Not enough time has passed to indicate to what degree recovery will occur within the ground water supplies that have been impacted by the longwall mining operation. However, in the short time that has passed since the aforementioned developed supplies were undermined, the majority of the developed supplies have shown some degree of recovery. Based upon the lithologic characteristics of the overburden, it is anticipated that recovery will be possible based on the greater percentage of "soft" rock (plastic shales and clays) as compared to the lesser amount of "hard" rock (sandstones and limestones) in the overburden. The lithologic characteristics of the overburden indicate that once subsidence is completed, new saturated zones will develop within the clay and shale overburden above the Water resources from some affected supplies may thus be developed subsequent to mining in strata located immediately above the next lowest saturated zone below the affected supply.

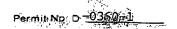
Surface waters located above full coal recovery areas may be diminished as a result of the proposed operation. It is anticipated that partial or complete recovery of surface waters will occur based upon the lithologic characteristics of the overburden which is discussed above.

The proposed operation will not result in material damage to the hydrologic balance outside the permit area, though impacts precipitated by subsidence may cause diminution or interruption of individual supplies. The degree of diminution or interruption of supplies will vary depending upon parameters such as location of the supply in relation to the longwall panel, and vertical proximity of the supply to the mine itself. Recovery and/or degree of recovery of various supplies may also be dependent on the above parameters.

The ground and surface water monitoring plan for the proposed operation may be found within the addendum to Part 3, Item E(5) of the application. Monitoring results will indicate localized impacts to specific individual ground water supplies and surface waters.

Based upon the data reviewed and the potential impact to the developed ground water supplies above the application area, the water replacement plan within the application has been designed to assure that continuous service will be provided for the ground water users within the application and adjacent areas. A detailed ground water replacement plan may be found within the addendum to Part 2, Item F(2) and the addendum to Part 3, Item J of the application.

STATE OF CHIC DEFENTMENT OF NATURAL RESOURCES DIVISION OF REPLAYING





Coal Mining & Rectmation Pentil

Issued to: Ohi	o Valley Coal Co	ompany		Application	N6. <u>D</u> +0360-1}
568	54 Pleasant Ridg	je Road			591.0 (underground)
All	edonia, Ohio 4	13902		7. · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	January 18, 1991
Phone Number (614) <u>926-1351</u> ACODE	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	<u> </u>		June 17, 1994
Type of Operation	Surface	Y Undei	ground	Other	
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This permit is is Chapter 1513 of the Code.	sued in accordance Revissi Code and C	l with and subject Repters 150/1:13-1, 1	to this provisions	oolooguines.	
		See monitoring		lication	
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January 18, 19	291	Chief	Division of Reci	Market Su	

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OHIO DEPARTMENT OF NATURAL RESOURCES DIVISION OF RECLAMATION

OPERATOR

APPROVAL OF UNDERGROUND COAL MINING PERMIT APPLICATION

1.	Name of Applicant Ohio Valley Coal Company
2.	Address of Applicant 56854 Pleasant Ridge Rd.
	City Alledonia State Ohio Zip 43902
3.	Application Number D-0360-1
4.	Number of acres in underground workings 691.0
5.	Number of surface acres to be affected0
6.	The water monitoring plan for this permit shall be:
	See monitoring plan in application.
	Note: These monitoring requirements are separate from NPDES monitoring requirements.
7.	This application is APPROVED since it
	(demonstrates) (x3cxxx xxxx xxxx xxxx xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx
	rule 1501: 13-5-01 of the Administrative Code have been met.
	Date January 18, 1991 Signed Am L. William V.

OHIO DEPARTMENT OF NATURAL RESOURCES DIVISION OF RECLAMATION

UNDERGROUND COAL MINING AND RECLAMATION PERMIT APPLICATION

Appl	icant The Ohio Valley Coal Company
A.	Type of Operation (check appropriate space(s)): Shaft, Slope, Drift, Room and Pillar, Pillar Extraction, Longwall, Combined Surface and Underground
В。	Type of Application (check appropriate space(s)): (1) New (2) Initial Underground Workings to Existing Permit (3) Additional Underground Workings X
C.	Address the following if applicable: (1) Permit Number <u>D-0360</u> RENEWAL DATE: 6-19-89 (2) Date Issued 6-20-84
D.	Did a person other than an employee of the applicant prepare this application? Yes,X No. If "yes," provide:
	Preparer's Name
	Address
	City State Zip
	Telephone
E.	I, the undersigned, a responsible official of the applicant do hereby verify the information in the complete permit application as true and correct to the best of my information and belief.
	Printed Name Robert E. Murray Date 12/12/90 Signature President & CEO
	5.27.00000
	Sworn before me and subscribed in my presence this 12 day of, 19 90.
	Notary Public
	STATE OF OHIO NOTARY PUBLIC

. .	For in after appli	revision : revision : cation :	Review Only.	This item have been a	is to be ide to ti	comple e permi) E 6
	veri	fy and act	igned offici knowledge th s as true an nd belief.	e revisions	made du	ing the	permit
	Prin	ted Name	David L. B	artsch	Date [12/7/	90
	Signa	ature 📈	and L. A	Bartsch	Title	Projec	t Engine
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PART	1 LEG	GAL, FINA	NCIAL, COMPL	IANCE, AND	RELATED	INFORMA!	rion
A.		A ST. LEWIS CO., LANSING, MICH. ST.	n of interes				
	(1)	Applican	t's Name	The Ohio Vall	ey Coal C	ompany	
		Address		56854 Pleasar	it Ridge R	oad	
		City	Alledonia	State _	Ohio	zip _	43902
		Telephon	614 926	_ 1351			
		Tax I.D.	51-255153 ecurity No.	OE a			•
	(2)	from the	perator of t applicant? the followin	Yes,	<u>X</u> No	son diff	lerent /08, "
	* **	Operator	's Name				
		Address					
		Cley		State _		_ Zip _	
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	(3)		the busines		of the	applica	n e s
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A.	(7)	If the applicant is a business entity other than a single proprietorship, has the applicant, any partner, or principal shareholder previously operated a coal mining operation in the United States within the five year period preceding the date of this application under a name other than that in which this application is filed? X Yes, No. If "yes," list the names below:
•	•	Company Name 8
		The North American Coal Corporation
		The Falkirk Mining Company
		The Coteau Properties Company
		The NACCO Mining Company (Now The Ohio Valley Coal Company)
		The Sabine Mining Company
		Quarto Mining Company
		Doan Mining Company (Now Energy Resources, Inc.)

A. (8) (a)	equitable owner o property to be mi affected by surfa	f record, surface ned on the permice operations and the ownership	for every legal or e and mineral, of the trace (i.e. areas d facilities), is of surface, coal,
	Name	,	***************************************
	Address		
			Zip
	Surface	_, Coal	, Noncoal
	Deed Parcel No		~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~
-	Name		

	City	State	Zip
	Surface	_, Coal	Noncoal
•	Deed Parcel No		
	Name		
	Address		
	City	State	Zip
	Surface	_, Coal	, Noncoal
	Deed Parcel No.		**************************************
	Name		*******************************
			Zip
			Noncoal
	Deed Parcel No.		
-	Not Applicable -	No Donato Acces	

. (8) (b)	Provide the following information for every legal or equitable owner of the property to be mined covered by the underground workings indicating whether ownership is for the surface or coal.
	Name Ohio Valley Coal Company
	Address 56854 Pleasant Ridge Road
	City Alledonia State Ohio Zip 43902
	Surface X , Coal X
	Deed Parcel No. 86,89,90,92,47-6,48-2,48-1,48-3,54,50-2
	Name Wayne and Barbara Ogilbee
	Address 58630 Ogilbee Road
	City Jacobsburg State Ohio Zip 43933
	Surface X Coal
	Deed Parcel No. 51-1
	Name Albert and Mary Ogilbee
	Address 59844 Ogilbee Road
	City Jacobsburg State Ohio Zip 43933
	Surface X , Coal
	Deed Parcel No. 51-1,51-2,86
	Name Richard D. and Vernice Otto
	Address 60263 Ogilbee Road
	City Jacobsburg State Ohio Zip 43933
	Surface X Coal
	2004 2000 No. 47-4 47-1 47-5 47-6 47-9

A. (8) (b)	Provide the following information for every legal or equitable owner of the property to be mined covered by the underground workings indicating whether ownership is for the surface or coal.
	Name Delmas W. & Mary L. Caretti
	Address 46100 Belmont - Centerville Rd.
	City State Ohio Zip43933
	Surface X , Coal
	Deed Parcel No. 47-1,47-4
	Name Stanley R. and Bonnie L. Otto
	Address 60387 Armstrong - Centerville Rd.
	City Jacobsburg State Ohio Zip 43933
	Surface X Coal
	Deed Parcel No. 47-1
	Name Darrell D. and Donna M. Grant
	Address 60411 Armstrong - Centerville Rd.
	City Alledonia State Ohio Zip 43902
	Surface X coal
	Deed Parcel No. 47-1
	Name Chalmer and Ida Campbell
	Address 60588 Armstrong - Centerville Rd.
	City Jacobsburg State Ohio 2ip 43933
	Surface X , Coal
	Deed Parcel No. 91-1,91-2,50-1,50-3,47-3,47-1

A. (8) (b)	Provide the following information for every legal of equitable owner of the property to be mined covered by the underground workings indicating whether ownership is for the surface or coal.						
-	Name Graydon and Sharon Ooten						
	Address 59998 Armstrong - Centerville Rd.						
	City Jacobsburg State Ohio Zip 43933						
	Surface X Coal						
	Deed Parcel No. 47-1,47-4						
	Name Seaway Coal Company						
	Address North Main Street						
	City Cadiz State Ohio Zip 43907						
	Surface X, Coal						
	Deed Parcel No. 87						
	Name Guy Blanev						
	Address 61860 Hunter Rd.						
	City <u>Bethesda</u> State <u>Ohio</u> Zip 43719						
	Surface X , Coal						
	Deed Parcel No. 54-1						
	Name Betty L. Dunfee						
	Address Route 2						
	City Jacobsburg State Ohio Zip 43933						
	Surface X Coal						
	Deed Parcel No. 53-1						

A.	(9)	Provide the following information for the holders of record of any leasehold interest in the coal to be mined or property to be affected by surface operations or facilities, indicating whether the held interest is of surface, coal, or noncoal rights:
		Name The Ohio Valley Coal Company
•		Address 56854 Pleasant Ridge Road
		City Alledonia State OH Zip 43912
		Surface X Coal X Noncoal
		NameConsolidated Rail Corporation
		Address P. O. Box 8538-230
		City Philadelphia State PA Zip 19171
		Surface X Coal Noncoal
		Name Oglebay Norton Company Address 1100 Superior Ave.
•		City Cleveland State OH Zip 44144
		Surface Coal X Noncoal
		Name
		Address
		City State Zip
		Surface Coal Noncoal
	(10)	Are there purchasers of record under a real estate contract of the coal to be mined or property to be affected by surface operations and facilities?
		Yes, X No. If "yes," submit Attachment 2.
	(11)	Is the operator identified in item A(2) or any owner, holder, or purchaser listed in items A(8) (a and b), (9), or (10) respectively, a business entity other than a single proprietorship? X Yes, No. If "yes," submit Attachment 3.

OHIO DEPARTMENT OF NATURAL RESOURCES DIVISION OF RECLAMATION

ATTACHMENT 3 (IDENTIFICATION OF OTHER BUSINESS ENTITIES)

splicans's Name	The Ohio Valley Co	al Company	
This actachme cation if the rest is "yes". A sepai	ent is to be completed a conse to item A. (II) in the cate attachment is to be contity Oglebay Norton	and submitted with the Part 1 of the perm submitted for each	business entity.
	David A. Khun		
	1100 Superior		
city	Cleveland	State Ohio	ip 44114
Person's Name	Renold D. Thopson		
44000	1100 Superior		
City	Cleveland	State Ohio	Zip 44114
•	August F. Bradfish		
Address	1100 Superior		
City	Cleveland	State Ohio	
	David A. Khun		
Address	1100 Superior		·
City	Cleveland	State Ohio	210 44114
	Richard J. Kessler	Position 'V.P.	frea. & Finance
1	1100 Superior		an : See
City	Cleveland	State Ohio	sip 44114

OHIO DEPARTMENT OF NATURAL RESOURCES DIVISION OF RECLAMATION

ATTACHMENT 3 (IDENTIFICATION OF OTHER BUSINESS ENTITIES)

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Name of business e	neity consortation	on			,	
Statutory Agent	C.T. Corporati	on				
Address	1578 Union Com	merce Buil	ding			
City	Cleveland	_ State _	Ohio	_ Lip _	44115	
Person's Name	L. S. Cranz	Positi	chai	rman		
	Penn Center P					
C157	Philadelphia	State	PA	2 i j	19104	
Person's Name	R. D. Sanborn					
Address	Penn Center Plaza					
Clty	Philadelphia	State	PA	**	P	
Person's Name	H. W. Brown	Posit	ion Sr.	V.P. F	inance	•
Address	Penn Center Plaza					
Clty	Philadelphia	_ State _	PA	= = = = = = = = = = = = = = = = =	19104	·
Person's Name	B. B. Wilson	Posit	i on ° Sr	. v.P.,	Law	
Address	Penn Center Plaza					
City	Philadelphia	_ State	PA	:	P 19104	- A
-						

OHIO DEPARTMENT OF NATURAL RESOURCES DIVISION OF RECLAMATION

ATTACHMENT 3 (IDENTIFICATION OF OTHER BUSINESS ENTITIES)

Ammlicans's Name	The Ohio Valley Co	al Company		3 Alex 43	-
This attachment of the resistance of the resista	nent is to be complete sponse to item A. (II) arate attachment is to	ed and submitte in Part 1 of be submitted	for each	busine	ss enticy.
Name of business	entity The Ohio V	illey coal com			
Statutory Agent	A. & H. Statutory				- <u></u> »
Address	1100 Huntington Building				
City _	Cleveland	State	Ohio 2	ip 441	15
Person's Name	Robert E. Murray	Position	Presider	nt & C.E	.0.
	56854 Pleasant Ridge				_
City	Alledonia	State	Ohio	_ ^{Zip} _	43902
Person's Name	Stephen C. Ellis	Position	Secreta	ry	
	56854 Pleasant Ridge Road				
City	Alledonia	State _(hio	_ == == =	43902
Address		State			
Person's Name		P031610			
Address					
City _		State		_ \$ip _	Up.

ATTACHMENT 3 (IDENTIFICATION OF OTHER MUSINESS ENTITIES)

Applicant's Na	The Ohio Valley Co	oal Company	
cation if the	chment is to be complet response to item A. (II sparate attachment is t) in Part 1 of the P	ermit application
Name of busines	ss entity Seemay II C	Pal Company	
Statutory Agen	C. T. Corporation S	reke se	•••
Address	925 Bucifd Ave.		
City	Cleveland	State 'Ohio	21p 44236
Person's Name	Jack L. Habaffey	Position Chair	esn of the Board
Address	P. O. Box 2906		
CITY	Houston,	State Texas	Zip <u>77252</u>
Person's Name	W. H. Woods	Position V.P L	hgal
Address	P. O. Box 2906		•
	Houston	State Texas	77252 Zip 77252
Personis Name	D. F. Kesting	Position Tree	surer
Address _	P. O. Box 2906		
cta.	Houston	State Temp	21p 77252
Ferson's Name	J. C. Huth	Position Contro	lier
Address _	538 North Mein St.		
	Cadis,		71p 43907

- A. (12) Is any part of the proposed permit area adjacent to any lands which are not owned by those persons identified in item A(8)(a)?

 Submit Attachment 4.
 - Not Applicable No Permit Area

 (13) Has the applicant or any person listed in item A(7)
 held a coal mining permit in the five year period prior
 to the date of this application?

 X Yes, No. If "yes," submit Attachment 5.
 - (14) Does the applicant or any person listed in item A(7) have any coal mining permit applications pending in the United States? X Yes, No. If "yes," submit Attachment 23.
 - (15) Name of this mine Powhatan No. 6 Mine
 - (16) List below the MSHA identification numbers for the mine and for all mine-associated structures requiring MSHA approval on the proposed permit area.

33-01159

- (17) Does the applicant hold lands, interests in lands, options, or pending bids on interests for lands which are contiguous to the property to be mined?

 X Yes, No. If "yes," submit as an addendum to the permit application, a description of the lands.
- See R-0360-2; Proposed Future Permit Sequencing Map.

 Is it anticipated that individual mining permits will be sought for any of those lands described in item (17) above? X Yes, No. If "yes," identify those lands to include the size, sequence, and timing of future mining permits, utilizing a map pursuant to 1501:13-4-13(J)(29)
- See R-0360-2; Proposed Future Permit Sequencing Map
 (19) List below the person or persons primarily responsible
 for ensuring that the applicant will comply with
 Chapter 1513. of the Revised Code and the rules adopted
 pursuant thereto while mining and reclaiming the area
 for which this permit is requested.

Robert E. Murray

(20) Submit Attachment 22, Certificate of Liability Insurance.

ATTACHMENT 5 PERMIT LISTING

Applicant's Name	The Ohio Valley Coal Company Date	August, 1988	
This attachmen	This attachment is to be completed and submitted with the permit application if the response to item A (13) in Part 1 of the permit application is "yes". See Sheets Attached		
License/Permit #	Name of Regulatory Agency	State	
·			

A LIST OF CURRENT OR PREVIOUS SURFACE COAL MINING PERMITS HELD IN U.S. SINCE 1970 BY APPLICANT AND BY PRINCIPAL SHAREHOLDERS AND AUTHORITY ISSUING THE PERMIT

THE NORTH AMERICAN COAL CORPORATION - EASTERN DIVISION

Mining Permit:

Date Approved:

101857-39A-78BC4-01-1 101857-39A-78BC4-01-2 101857-328-101-04-01-0C 101857-328-00119-01-0C 101857-328-00119-09-1 101857-328-10115-01-0 101857-328-10115-02-0 101851-328-10106-01-0 32813021 32783-62	September 4, 1981 March 26, 1982 December 9, 1981 June 16, 1981 October 16, 1981 August 13, 1982 August 13, 1982 November 1, 1982 April 9, 1984 May 9, 1985 June 27, 1986
32830103	June 27, 1986

Issued by:

The Department of Environmental Resources

Division of Reclamation Harrisburg, Pennsylvania

Eastern Division update 8/10/87

THE NORTH AMERICAN COAL CORPORATION - WESTERN DIVISION INDIAN HEAD MINE

Mining Permit:	Date Approved:
10	December 31, 1969
18	December 8, 1972
• -	August 22, 1973
21	April 19, 1974
25	February 26, 1976
31	April 5, 1977
42	
NAIH 7905	April 16, 1980
NAIH 8001 (Section 35)	April 11, 1980
NAIH 8103	June 1, 1982
	June 1, 1982
NAIH 8201	July 11, 1984
NAIH 8306	February 3, 1987
NAIH 8504	represent 26 1901

Issued by:

The North Dakota Public Service Commission

Reclamation and Siting Division

Bismarck, North Dakota

Mining Permit:	Date Approved:		
NAIH 7905	April 16, 1980		
NATH 1909	September 18, 1980		
	September 19, 1980		
NAIH 8504	May 1, 1987		

Issued by:

The Office of Surface Mining Reclamation and Enforcement U.S. Department of the Interior Region V, Denver, Colorado

THE FALKIRK MINING COMPANY - FALKIRK MINE

Mining Permit:	Date Approved:
40	July 17, 1978
NAFK 8005	October 5, 1981
NAFK 8010	April 28, 1981
NAFK 8104	October 24, 1982
NAFK 8305	May 10, 1984
NAFK 8402	April 10, 1985
NAFK 8405	April 15, 19 86

Issued by:

The North Dakota Public Service Commission

Reclamation and Siting Division

Bismarck, North Dakota

THE COTEAU PROPERTIES COMPANY - FREEDOM MINE

Mining Permit:	Date Approved:
46	April 12, 1978
NACT 8102	October 5, 1981
NACT 8203	July 7, 1983
NACT 8401	July 3, 1984
NACT 8503	August 7, 1986
NACT 8601	July 28, 1987

Issued by:

The North Dakota Public Service Commission

Reclamation and Siting Division

Bismarck, North Dakota

Western Division Update - 8/10/87

THE NORTH AMERICAN COAL CORPORATION - CENTRAL DIVISION THE NACCO MINING COMPANY - POWHATAN NO. 6 MINE

Mining Permit:

Date Approved:
June 20, 1984

Issued by 8

The Chio Department of Natural Resources

Division of Reclamation

Columbus, Ohio

Central Division Update - 8/10/87

THE NORTH AMERICAN COAL CORPORATION - SOUTHWESTERN DIVISION THE SABINE MINING COMPANY - SOUTH HALLSVILLE NO. 1 MINE

Mining Permit:	Date Approved:
13	May 9, 1986
2A (mending)	

Issued by:

Railroad Commission of Texas, Surface

Mining and Reclamation Division

Fortworth, Texas

AND THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPER

ATTACHMENT 23 (PENDING PERMIT APPLICATIONS)

Applicant's Name	The Ohio Valley Coal Company	
This attachment is to be completed and submitted with the permit application if the response to item A.(14) in Part 1 of the permit application is "yes."		
	siness entity for which this listi o Valley Coal Company	ing has been
Application No.	Name of Regulatory Agency	State
D-0360-1	ODNR	Ohio
	,	

ATTACHMENT 23 (PENDING PERMIT APPLICATIONS)

Applicant's Name	The Ohio Valley Coal Company	
permit application in the permit application	is to be completed and submitted of the response to item A. (14) in I on is "yes." Isiness entity for which this listi	Part 1 of
completed Ener	gy Resources, Incorporated	
Application No.	Name of Regulatory Agency	State
24890108	Dept. of Environmental Resources	PA
24900102	Dept. of Environmental Resources	PA
24900103	Dept. of Environmental Resources	PA
24900104	Dept. of Environmental Resources	PA
.,		

ATTACHMENT 23 (PENDING PERMIT APPLICATIONS)

Applicant's Name The Onio Valley Coal Company		
permit application in the permit application indicate the bu	is to be completed and submitted of the response to item A. (14) in on is "yes." Isiness entity for which this list of Valley Resources Company	Part 1 of
Application No.	Name of Regulatory Agency	State
1142	ODNR-DOR	04
		
,		

ATTACHMENT 23 (PENDING PERMIT APPLICATION)

Applicant's Name The Ohio Valley Coal Company

This attachment is to be completed and submitted with the permit application if the response to item A.(14) in Part 1 of the permit application is "yes".

Indicate the business entity for which this listing has been completed The Sabine Mining Co.

Application No.	Name of Regulatory Agency	State
None		
	:	
		·

ATTACHMENT 23 (PENDING PERMIT APPLICATION)

Applicant's Name	The Ohio	Valley Coal	Company		
------------------	----------	-------------	---------	--	--

This attachment is to be completed and submitted with the permit application if the response to item A.(14) in Part 1 of the permit application is "yes".

Indicate the business entity for which this listing has been completed _____ The Falkirk Mining Co.

Application No.	Name of Regulatory Agency	State
None		
·		

ATTACHMENT 23 (PENDING PERMIT APPLICATION)

Applicant's Name The Ohio Valley Coal Company

This attachment is to be completed and submitted with the permit application if the response to item A.(14) in Part 1 of the permit application is "yes".

Indicate the business entity for which this listing has been completed The Coteau Properties Co.

Application No.	Name of Regulatory Agency	State
NACT 9001	North Dakota Public Service Com.	North Dakota
	·	
		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
	·	
- Andrews - Administration - Administrat		
		-
		,

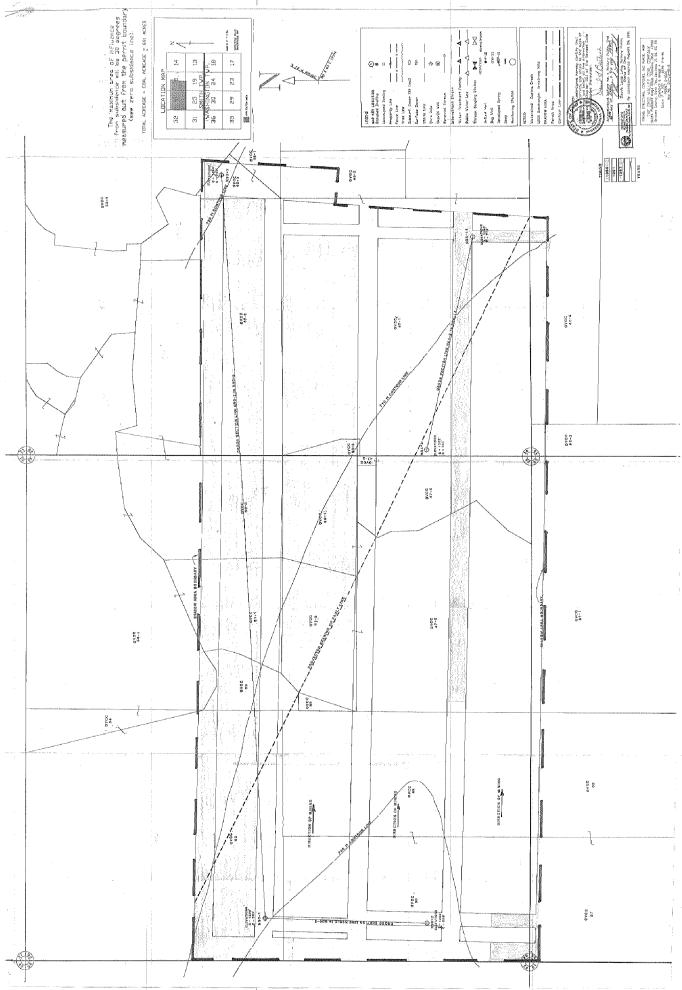
ATTACHMENT 23 (PENDING PERMIT APPLICATION)

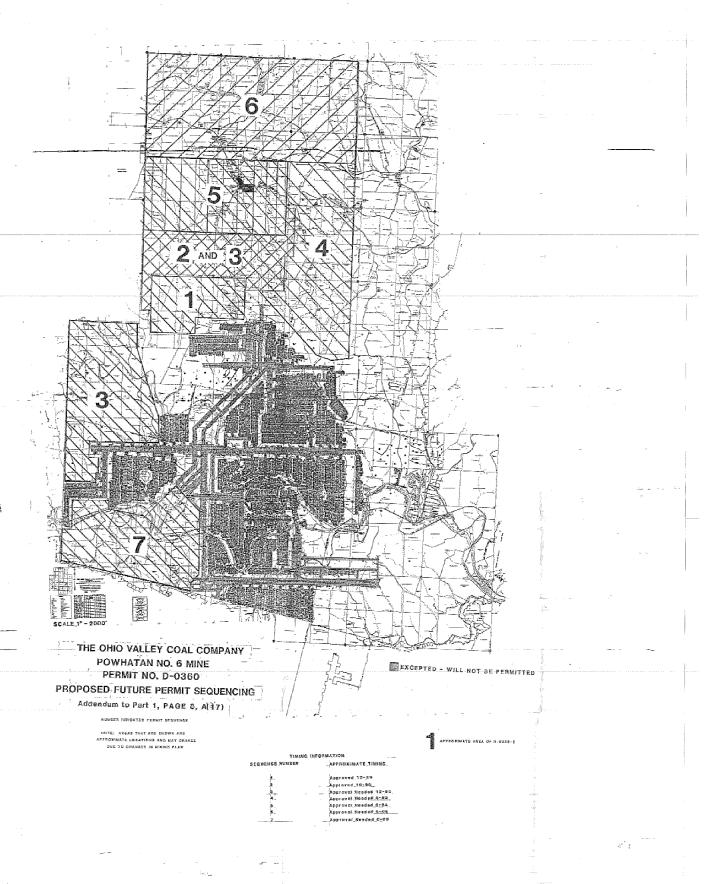
Applicant's Name The Ohio Valley Coal Company

This attachment is to be completed and submitted with the permit application if the response to item A.(14) in Part 1 of the permit application is "yes".

Indicate the business entity for which this listing has been completed The North American Coal Corporation

Application No.	Name of Regulatory Agency	State
None		
		<i>~</i>
		·
÷		





ATTACHMENT 22 (CERTIFICATE OF LIABILITY INSURANCE)

Name	οf	Insured	The Oh	io Valley	Coal	Company	,

This is to certify that the policy of insurance listed below has been issued to the above named insured and is in force at this time. The policy provides bodily injury and property damage insurance for all coal mining and reclamation operations of the insured in the State of Ohio as required by paragraph (B) of rule 1501:13-7-07 of the Administrative Code stated below.

Name of Insurer Federal Insurance Company

Policy Number (91)7317-08-88

Policy Period 5-25-90 to 6-1-91

Name of Underwriting Agent Reschini Agency, Inc.

Address of Underwriting Agent P. O. Box 449, Indiana, PA 15701

Telephone No. of Underwriting Agent 412-349-1300

In the event of cancellation or non-renewal of this policy, including non-payment of policy premiums, the insurer agrees to promptly notify: The Division of Reclamation, Fountain Square, Columbus, Ohio 43224.

4-17-90

Date

Signature of Underwriting Agent

This certificate is issued as a matter of information only and confers no rights upon the Division of Reclamation. This certificate does not amend, extend, or alter the coverage afforded by the policy listed above.

1501:13-7-07(B) THE PUBLIC LIABILITY INSURANCE POLICY SHALL:

- (1) BE IN EFFECT DURING THE TERM OF THE PERMIT OR ANY RENEWAL, INCLUDING THE LENGTH OF ALL RECLAMATION OPERATIONS;
- PROVIDE FOR PERSONAL INJURY AND PROPERTY DAMAGE PROTECTION IN AMOUNTS ADEQUATE TO COMPENSATE ANY PERSONS INJURED OR PROPERTY DAMAGED AS A RESULT OF COAL MINING AND RECLAMATION OPERATIONS, INCLUDING THE USE OF EXPLOSIVES. THE MINIMUM INSURANCE COVERAGE FOR BODILY INJURY AND PROPERTY DAMAGE SHALL BE THREE HUNDRED THOUSAND DOLLARS FOR EACH OCCURRENCE AND FIVE HUNDRED THOUSAND DOLLARS IN THE AGGREGATE; AND
- (3) INCLUDE A RIDER REQUIRING THAT THE INSURER NOTIFY THE CHIEF WHENEVER SUBSTANTIVE CHANGES ARE MADE IN THE POLICY, INCLUDING ANY TERMINATION OR FAILURE TO RENEW.



COPY

B. Compliance Information

- (1) Has the applicant, any subsidiary, affiliate, or persons controlled by or under common control with the applicant, any partner if the applicant is a partnership, any officer, principal shareholder, or director if the applicant is a corporation, or any other person who has a right to control or in fact controls the management of the applicant or the selection of officers, directors, or managers of the applicant:
 - (a) Ever held a federal or state coal mining permit that in the five-year period prior to the date of submission of this application has been suspended or revoked or had a coal mining bond or similar security deposited in lieu of bond forfeited?

 Yes, X No. If "yes," submit Attachment 6.
 - (b) Been an officer, partner, director, principal shareholder, or person having the right to control or has in fact controlled the management of the selection of officers, directors, or managers of a business entity that has had a federal or state mining permit which:
 - i) in the five-year period prior to the date of submission of this application has been suspended or revoked? Yes, X No.
 - ii) ever had a mining bond or similar security deposited in lieu of bond forfeited?

 Yes, X No.

If "yes" to either i) or ii), submit Attachment 6.

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ORIO DEPARTMENT OF NATURAL RESOURCES DIVISION OF RECLAMATION

ATTACHDENT 7 (NOTICES OF VIOLATION)

Applicant's Name The Ohio Valley Coal Company

188 188	Wiolation .	Date of	Issuing	State	Brief Description ac	Abate N.O.V.	of N.O.V. (1)
3-25-85 DDNR Disch. of Water 4.5 pH Drainage Corrected 11-14-85 ODNR OH Insp. Reports not Reporting Initiated 11-12-87 ODNR OH Ground Water Monitoring Won-Remedial 11-12-87 ODNR OH Surf. Water Reports Non-Remedial Non-Remedial OH Wrong Mining Method Submit ARP	Number	Tasuance	Agency		15		
3-25-85 ODNR OH Disch. of Water & 5 pH Drainage Corrected The 12-86 ODNR OH Insp. Reports not available The 12-87 ODNR OH Surf. Water Reports The 12-87 ODNR OH Wrong Mining Wethod Submit ARP							
11-14-85 ODNR OH Disch. of Water 4.5 pH Draimage Corrected 3-12-86 ODNR OH Insp. Reports not Reporting Initiated 11-12-87 ODNR OH Ground Water Monitoring Mon-Remedial 11-12-87 ODNR OH Surf. Water Reports Non-Remedial not received 3-29-90 ODNR OH Wrong Mining Method Submit ARP	60	3-25-85	ODNR	1 0	Improper Bond Anount	,	Vacated
3-12-86 ODNR OH Insp. Reports not Reporting Initiated Tavailable 11-12-87 ODNR OH Ground Water Monitoring Mon-Remedial Report not received Non-Remedial not received not received Surf. Water Reports Non-Remedial Non-Remedial OH Wrong Mining Method Submit ARP		11-14-95	ODNR		Disch. of Water 4.5 pH Drai	nage Corrected	Terninated
11-12-87 ODNR OH Ground Water Monitoring Mon-Remedial Surf. Water Reports Non-Remedial not received 3-29-90 ODNR OH Wrong Mining Wethod Submit ARP	12787	3-12-36	ODNR	ē		orting Initiated	Terminated
11-12-87 ODNR OH Surf. Water Reports Non-Remedial not received 3-29-90 ODNR OH Wrong Mining Method Submit ARP	12990	11-12-87	ODNIK	10	•	1-Renedial	
3-29-90 ODNR OH Wrong Mining Method Submit ARP	12991	11-12-87	ODNR	FO		-Renedial	
	22 22 22	3-29-90	ODNR	НО	Method	mit ARP	Terminated
				· .			
		·		Market Carry			

(NOTICES OF VIOLATION)

Applicant os Name The Ohio Valley Coal Company
This report filed for Energy Resources, Inc.

Violation	Date of	Issuing	State	Brief Description of N.O.V.	Action Taken to Abate N.O.V.	Current Status of N.O.V. (1)
87-K-191S	8/20/87	DER	PA	Failure to maintain adequate erosion and sedimentation controls	Erosion and sedi- mentation controls repaired	Abated
87-K-209S	9/21/87	DER	PA	Discharge of water with mangahese concentration of 6.92 mg/l	Pond being treated to meet discharge requirements	Abated
87-K-233S	10/15/87	DER	ď.	Failure to maintain and construct haul road to prevent erosion and	Haul road repaired and realigned, treat- ment ponds reworked,	Abated
				condition; failure to construct and maintain treatment ponds capable	erosion and sedimentation controls	
				of treating run-off from 10 year, 24 hour precipitation event; failure		
				to remove, segregate and protect topsoil; failure to construct and maintain adequate erosion and sedimentation controls.		
	f administrative or judic		lal proceedings have provide an addendum	been initiated indicating the	concerning any of the wiolations, date, location, type of proceeding	wiolations, of proceeding,

ATTACHMENT 7 (NOTICES OF VIOLATION)

Applicant's Name The Ohio Valley Coal Company This report filed for Energy Resources, Inc.

Violation	Date of	Issuing	State	Brief Description of N.O.V.	Action Taken to Abate N.O.V.	of N.O.V. (1)
NO ED C	1 opnamice	The state of the s				
87-K-234S	10/15/87	DER	ΡĄ	Failure to place topsoil on stable area; conduct-	Topsoil placed on stable area; area	Abated
				ing surface mining within	regraded and stabi-	
				100 feet of stream; failure to construct and	lized; collection ditch regraded;	
				maintain adequate erosion	erosion and sedi-	3.4
				and sedimentation con- trols; failure to con-	mentation pond installed	
				struct erosion and sedimentation pond.		
87-K-055S	4/18/88	DER	ΡΑ	Ponds discharging water with manganese of 16.0	Ponds being treated to meet discharge	Abated
			·	mg/L and 6.5 mg/L	requirements	
88-K-091S	88/8/9	DER	PA	Ponds discharging water	Ponds being treated	Abated
		·	e-minimum v - s	mg/L and 10.3 mg/L.	requirements	
88-K-117S	8/11/88	DER	РА	Failure to backfill	Backfill in satis-	Abated
				concurrent with mining, inadequate backfill	factory progress	
			-0			
88-K-116S	8/11/88	DER	PA	Failure to backfill con-	Backfill in satis-	Abated
				current with mining factory progress	factory progress	

If administrative or judicial proceedings have been initiated concerning any of the violations, identify the violation and provide an addendum indicating the date, location, type of proceeding, and current status.

ATTACHMENT 7 (NOTICES OF VIOLATION)

The Ohio Valley Coal Company Applicant's Name

This report filed for Energy Resources, Inc.

Violation	Date of	Issuing	State	Brief Description of N.O.V.	Action Taken to Abate N.O.V.	Current Status of N.O.V. (1)
89-K-097S	5/26/89	DER	PA	Pond discharge with a pH of 5.10 and Manganese of 19.6 mg/L	Pond water was not allowed to discharge and was treated until discharge limitations were met	Abated
89-K-101S	5/23/89	DER	A	Pond discharge with manganese of 7.5 mg/L	Pond water was not allowed to discharge and was treated until discharge effluent limitations were met	Abated
89-K-143S	7/18/89	DER	РА	Failure to construct proper E & S controls prior to disturbing an area	Proper E & S controls were established	Abated
89-K-178S	68/80/8	DER	A	Discharge of water with iron of 16.6 mg/l and manganese of 17.2 mg/l	Bonded area was extended to encompass natural treatment of non-compliance discharge	Abated
89-K-223S	10/03/89	DER	A A	Discharge of water with iron of 9.9 mg/l	Seep water was pumped to an approved facility	Abated
(1) If ac	f administrative or judicial	or judicial	proceedin	proceedings have been initiated covide an addendum indicating the d	concerning any of the wiolations, date, location, type of proceeding,	violations, of proceeding,

identify the violation and provide and current status.

88/6

OBIG DEPARTMENT OF NATURAL RESOURCES DIVISION OF RECLAMATION

ATTACHMENT 7 (NOTICES OF VIOLATION)

Applicant's Name The Ohio Valley Coal Company This report filed for Energy Resources, Inc.

Violation	Date of	Issuing	State	Brief Description of N.O.V.	Action Taken to Abate N.O.V.	Current Status of N.O.V. (1)
88-K-160S	11/9/88	DER	PA	Failure to properly handle acid and toxic forming material	Pit cleanings properly buried	Abated
88-K-170S	11/22/88	DER.	PA	Failure to barricade and guard public high- ways and all entrances to the operation within 1000' of the blast	Barricade and guarded public highways and all entrances to the operation within 1000' of the blast	Abated
89-K-034S	3/16/89	DER	РА	Failure to maintain adequate erosion and sedimentation control measures	Erosion and sedi- mentation controls repaired	Abated
89-K-050S	3/28/89	DER	d	Failure to maintain adequate treatment	Pond being treated to meet discharge requirements and discharge flow being controlled to meet required dilution ratio	Abated
i (I)	dministrative	or judicial	proceedin ovide an a	If administrative or judicial proceedings have been initiated concerning any of the violations,	oncerning any of the ate, location, type	e violations, of proceeding,

ATTACHMENT 7 (NOTICES OF VIOLATION)

Applicant mame The Ohio Valley Coal Company

This report filed for Energy Resources, Inc.

12 _	Violation	Date of	Issuing	State	Brief Description of N.O.V.	Action Taken to Abate N.O.V.	Current Status of N.O.V. (1)
	90-K-008S	01/18/90	DER	РА	Failure to maintain adequate E & S control	Water was diverted to an approved facility	Abated
	90-K-027S	02/12/90	DER	PA	Failure to pump pit water to an approved facility (Hose broke)	Pump was shut down, hose was repaired, and pumping was resumed to an approved facility	Abated
	90-K-032S	02/15/90	DER	PA	Failure to backfill and regrade concurrent with mining	Backfilling resumed according to recla-mation schedule approved by the Department	Abated
· •	90-K-035S	05/50/90	DER	PA	Allowing water to accumulate in pit area	Water was pumped to an approved facility	Abated
<i></i>	90-K-037S	02/23/90	DER	PA	Cessation Order, failure to comply to compliance order 90-K-035S	Water was pumped to an approved facility	Abated
	90-K-039S	03/01/90	DER	PA	Failure to backfill and regrade concurrent with mining	Backfilling resumed according to reclamation schedule approved by the Dept.	Abated
				22000412	spending have been initiated concerning any of the	oncerning any of the	wiolations.

If administrative or judicial proceedings have been initiated concerning any of the violations, identify the violation and provide an addendum indicating the date, location, type of proceeding, and current status. E

(NOTICES OF VIOLATION) ATTACHMENT 7

The Ohio Valley Coal Company Applicant's Name

This report filed for Energy Resources, Inc.

Violation	Date of Issuance	Issuing Agency	State	Brief Description of N.O.V.	Action Taken to Abate N.O.V.	Current Status of N.O.V. (1)
90-K-054S	04/24/90	DER	PA	Pond discharge in excess of 70 mg/l suspended solids	Treatment was upgraded	Abated
90-K-076S	05/16/90	DER	РА	Pond discharges below effluent standards	Treatment was upgraded	Abated
90-K-084S	05/23/90	DER	PA	Failure to maintain adequate E & S controls	E & S controls were repaired	Abated.
90-K-136S	04/50/50	DER	PA	Pond discharge below effluent standards	Treatment was upgraded	Abated
90-K-138S	07/23/90	DER	PA	Failure to seal drill holes, failure to save topsoil, failure to maintain E & S controls, failure to backfill con-	Drill holes were sealed, topsoil was saved, E & S controls were repaired, backfilling started,	Abated
				currently, encroachment on stream barrier	stream barrier was backfilled and seeded	
90-K-139S	7/23/90	DER	PA	Failure to maintain E & S controls; failure to backfill concurrently	E & S controls were repaired, backfilling started	Abated
	f administrative or judicial	or judicial	proceeding ovide an ac	proceedings have been initiated concerning any of the violations, ovide an addendum indicating the date, location, type of proceeding	oncerning any of the ste, location, type	violations, of proceeding,

If administrative of June 1970 and provide an addendum indicating the date, location, type of proceeding, identify the violation and provide an addendum indicating the date, location, type of proceeding, and current status.

88/6

OHIO DEPARTMENT OF NATURAL RESOURCES DIVISION OF RECLAMATION

ATTACHMENT 7 (NOTICES OF VIOLATION)

Applicant s Name The Ohio Valley Coal Company Report Filed for Energy Resources, Inc.

Violation	Date of	Issuing	State	Brief Description of N.O.V.	Action Taken to Abate N.O.V.	Current Status of N.O.V. (1)
90-K-143S	7/26/90	DER	РА	Failure to maintain E & S controls, failure to mulch regraded area	E & S controls were repaired, mulch was applied	Abated
90-K-145S	8/1/90	DER	РА	Extension for portion of Order No. 90-K-138S	E & S pond was completed, backfilling was started	Abated
<u> </u>						
(1) If a	administrative or judicial proceedings have	or judicial	proceedings have		been initiated concerning any of the violations, indicating the date, location, type of proceeding,	violations, of proceeding,

(NOTICES OF VIOLATION)

The Ohio Valley Coal Company Applicant's Name The Falkirk Mining Company This report field for

 Date of Issuance	lssuing Agency	State	Brief Description of N.O.V.	Action Taken to Abate N.O.V.	Current Status of N.O.V. (1)
06-22-87	NDSDH	North Dakota	Failure to meet Bequired to effluent quaility operate under. standards for dis-charges at two NPDES from 08-10-87 discharge points, through 08-10-88.	Required to operate under. consent agreement from 08-10-87 through 08-10-88,	Terminated
					·
,					

type of proceeding, (1) If administrative or judicial proceedings have been initiated concerning any of the violations, location, date identify the violation and provide an addendum indicating the

and current status.

88/6

OHIO DEPARTMENT OF NATURAL RESOURCES DIVISION OF RECLAMATION

ATTACHMENT 7 (NOTICES OF VIOLATION)

The Ohio Valler Coal Company Applicant's Name The Sabine Mining Company This report field for

Violation Number	Date of Issuance	lssuing Agency	State	Brief Description of N.O.V.	Action Taken to Abate N.O.V.	Current Status of N.O.V. (1)
V1-87-087	02-27-87	USEPA	Texas	Effluent exceedances	Treatment implemented	Terminated
	-					
						4

date, location, trpe of proceeding, If administrative or judicial proceedings have been initiated concerning any of the violations, identify the violation and provide an addendum indicating the

and current status.

ATTACHMENT 7 (NOTICES OF VIOLATION)

Applicant's Name The Ohio Valler Coal Company

	Current Status of N.O.V. (1)	Terminated	Terminated	·
	Action Taken to Abate N.O.V.	Embankment repa:red	Cleaned sump constructed two diversions	
th American Coal Corporation	Brief Description of N.O.V.	Uncontrolled discharge	Failure to retain sediment within disturbed area, contamination at SPGM	-
merican C	State	North Dakotù	North Dakota	
This report field for The North Ame	lssuing Agency	NDPSC	NDPSC	
	Date of Issuance	4-03-87	07-13-88	
nis report f	Violation Number	8703	8801	
This) - - 	ω	ω	

If administrative or judicial proceedings have been initiated concerning any of the violations, identify the violation and provide an addendum indicating the date, location, type of proceeding, and current status.

- C. (1)(a) Provide either of the following to allow for coal mining operations on the permit area.

 - (i) A copy of the documents, or(ii) An affidavit wherein the documents are described.

AFFIDAVIT
State of Ohio, County, ss. being first duly sworn, says that the following described documents convey to the applicant the legal right explained below and is a subject of litigation as show below.
Type of document
Execution Date
Expiration Date
Parties: FromTo
Description of land: No. Acres
County Township
Sections Lots
Parcel #
Explanation of legal rights claimed
Pending litigation Yes, No.
Signature of Affiant Date
Position
Sworn before me and subscribed in my presence this day of
Notary Public

Not Applicable - No Permit Area

- C. (1)(b) Provide either of the following to allow for coal mining operations within the underground workings.
 - (i) A copy of the documents, or(ii) An affidavit wherein the documents are
 - described. For all documents or affidavits provided for the underground workings, the specific parcels are to be identified on the application map.

AFFIDAVIT

David L. State of Ohio, Belmont County, ss. Bartsch bei first duly sworn, says that the following described being documents convey to the applicant the legal right explained below and is a subject of litigation as shown below.

Type of document Warranty Deed
Execution Date December 29, 1970
Expiration Date The North American Parties: From <u>Coal Corporation To The Nacco Mining</u> Company
Description of land: No. Acres
County Belmont Township Smith
Sections 20 Lots
Parcel \$ 48-1,48-2,48-3 Explanation of legal rights claimed See Addendum
to Page 11, Part 1, C(1)(b) 1 tem 9
Pending litigation Yes, X No.

toch 4-27-90

Project Engineer Position

Sworn before me and subscribed in my presence this 27 Hday of ARIL , 19 90

Notary Public

STATE OF OHIO NOTARY PUBLIC

- C. (1)(b) Provide either of the following to allow for coal mining operations within the <u>underground workings</u>.
 - (i) A copy of the documents, or
 (ii) An affidavit wherein the documents are described. For all documents or affidavits provided for the underground workings, the specific parcels are to be identified on the application map.

AFFIDAVIT

David L.
State of Ohio, Belmont County, ss. Bartsch being
first duly sworn, says that the following described
locuments convey to the applicant the legal right
explained below and is a subject of litigation as show
oelow.
Narranty Doed
Type of document Warranty Deed
Execution Date December 29, 1970
Punisahian Daka se
Expiration Date The North American
Parties: From Coal Corporation To The Nacco Mining Company
Parties: From Coar corporation to The masse items
Description of land: No. Acres
Aggription of same more and a same and a same and a same a
County Belmont Township Smith
Sections 26 Lots
Parcel # 90
Explanation of legal rights claimed See Addendum
to Page 11, Part 1, C(1)(b) , Item 10
Pending litigationYes,X No.
Signature of Affiant Date
Project Engineer
Position
Sworn before me and subscribed in my presence this
27 day of ADRIL , 19 90

Notary Public

STATE OF OHIO
NOTARY PUBLIC
CLAUDE LOUIS LUKE
By Commistion Employ Aug. 20, 1991

- C. (1)(b) Provide either of the following to allow for coal mining operations within the underground workings.
 - (i) A copy of the documents, or
 (ii) An affidavit wherein the documents are described. For all documents or affidavits provided for the underground workings, the specific parcels are to be identified on the application map.

AFFIDAVIT David L.
state of Ohio, Belmont County, ss. Bartsch being
first duly sworn, says that the following described
ocuments convey to the applicant the legal right
explained below and is a subject of litigation as shown
pelow.
Type of document Warranty Deed
Execution Date December 29, 1970
Expiration Date The North American
Parties: From Coal Corporation To The Nacco Mining Company
Description of land: No. Acres
-
County Belmont Township Smith
Sections 26 Lots
Parcel # 89
Explanation of legal rights claimed See Addendum
to Page 11, Part 1, C(1)(b), Item 11
Pending litigation Yes, _X No.
David L. Bartock 4-27-90
Signature of Affiant Date
Project Engineer
Position
Sworn before me and subscribed in my presence this
27th day of ADRK, 1990.

Notary Public

-11-

- C. (1) (b) Provide either of the following to allow for coal mining operations within the <u>underground workings</u>.
 - (i) A copy of the documents, or(ii) An affidavit wherein the documents are described. For all documents or affidavits provided for the underground workings, the specific parcels are to be identified on the application map.

AFFIDAVIT David L.
State of Ohio, Belmont County, ss. Bartsch being first duly sworn, says that the following described documents convey to the applicant the legal right explained below and is a subject of litigation as shown below.
Type of document Warranty Deed
Execution Date December 29, 1970
Expiration Date The North American Parties: From Coal Corporation To The Nacco Mining Company
Description of land: No. Acres
County Belmont Township Smith
Sections 25 Lots
Parcel # 86
Explanation of legal rights claimed See Addendum
to Page 11, Part 1, C(1)(b), Item 1
·
Pending litigation X Yes,* No.
*Under the Albert and Mary Ogilbee property.
Signature of Affiant Date
Project Engineer Position
Sworn before me and subscribed in my presence this 27th day of APRIL, 1990. Notary Public
STATE OF OHIO NOTARY PUBLIC CLAUDE LOUIS LUKE

- C. (1)(b) Provide either of the following to allow for coal mining operations within the underground workings.
 - (i) A copy of the documents, or
 - (ii) An affidavit wherein the documents are described. For all documents or affidavits provided for the underground workings, the specific parcels are to be identified on the application map.

AFFIDAVIT

State of Ohio, Belmont County, ss. Bartsch being first duly sworn, says that the following described documents convey to the applicant the legal right explained below and is a subject of litigation as shown below.

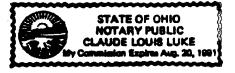
Type of documentWarranty Deed
Execution Date December 29, 1970
Expiration Date The North American Parties: From Coal Corporation To The Nacco Mining Company
Description of land: No. Acres
County Belmont Township Smith
Sections 25 Lots
Parcel # 87
Explanation of legal rights claimed See Addendum
to Page 11, Part 1, C(1)(b) _ Item 2
Pending litigation Yes, _X No.

Signature of Affiant Date

Project Engineer
Position

Sworn before me and subscribed in my presence this 27th day of April 1990.

Notary Public



- C. (1)(b) Provide either of the following to allow for coal mining operations within the underground workings.
 - (i) A copy of the documents, or
 (ii) An affidavit wherein the documents are described. For all documents or affidavits provided for the underground workings, the specific parcels are to be identified on the application map.

AFFIDAVIT

David L. Belmont County, ss. Bartsch being State of Ohio, first duly sworn, says that the following described documents convey to the applicant the legal right explained below and is a subject of litigation as shown below. Type of document ____Warranty Deed Execution Date _____ December 29, 1970 Expiration Date The North American Parties: From Coal Corporation To The Nacco Mining Company Description of land: No. Acres __ Township Smith County Belmont Lots Sections __ 51-1 Parcel #___ Explanation of legal rights claimed See Addendum to Page 11, Part 1, C(1)(b), Item 3 Pending litigation X Yes,* No. *Under the Albert & Mary and Wayne and Barbara Ogilbee properties. Dartick 4-27-90 Date Signature of Affiant Project Engineer Position

Notary Public

0

Sworn, before me and subscribed in my presence this

27th day of ADRIL , 19 90 .

- C. (1) (b) Provide either of the following to allow for coal mining operations within the underground workings.
 - (i) A copy of the documents, or
 (ii) An affidavit wherein the documents are described. For all documents or affidavits provided for the underground workings, the specific parcels are to be identified on the application map.

AFFIDAVIT
David L. State of Ohio, Belmont County, ss. Bartsch being first duly sworn, says that the following described documents convey to the applicant the legal right explained below and is a subject of litigation as shown
Type of document Warranty Deed Execution Date December 29, 1970
Expiration Date The North American Parties: From Coal Corporation To The Nacco Mining Company
Description of land: No. Acres
County Belmont Township Smith Sections 19 Lots
Parcel # 51-2
Explanation of legal rights claimed See Addendum to Page 11, Part 1, C(1)(b), Item 4
Pending litigation X Yes,* No. *Under the Albert and Mary Ogilbee property.
Signature of Affiant Date
Project Engineer Position
Sworn before me and subscribed in my presence this 27 day of APRIL 1990 . Notary Public

STATE OF OHIO
NOTARY PUBLIC
CLAUDE LOUIS LUKE
My Commission Emphres Aug. 20, 1991

- C. (1) (b) Provide either of the following to allow for coal mining operations within the underground workings.
 - (i) A copy of the documents, or
 (ii) An affidavit wherein the documents are described. For all documents or affidavits provided for the underground workings, the specific parcels are to be identified on the application map.

AFFIDAVIT

David L. State of Ohio, Belmont County, ss. Bartsch first duly sworn, says that the following described documents convey to the applicant the legal right explained below and is a subject of litigation as shown below. Type of document ____Warranty Deed Execution Date December 29, 1970 Expiration Date The North American Parties: From Coal Corporation To The Nacco Mining Company Description of land: No. Acres _ County Belmont Township Smith Sections 20 Lots Parcel # 47-1, 47-3 Explanation of legal rights claimed See Addendum to Page 11, Part 1, C(1)(b) . Item 5 Pending litigation X Yes,* No. *47-1 only under the Grant property. Signature of Affiant Project Engineer Position Sworn before me and subscribed in my presence this 27 day of APRIL 19 90.

Notary Public

STATE OF OHIO
NOTARY PUBLIC
CLAUDE LOUIS LUKE
ldy Controlaton Expires Aug. 20, 1991

- C. (1) (b) Provide either of the following to allow for coal mining operations within the underground workings.
 - (i) A copy of the documents, or(ii) An affidavit wherein the documents are described. For all documents or affidavits provided for the underground workings, the specific parcels are to be identified on the

application map.
AFFIDAVIT David L.
State of Ohio, Belmont County, ss. Bartsch being first duly sworn, says that the following described documents convey to the applicant the legal right explained below and is a subject of litigation as shown below.
Type of documentWarranty Deed
Execution Date December 29, 1970
The North American Parties: From Coal Corporation To The Nacco Mining Company
Description of land: No. Acres
County Belmont Township Smith
Sections 26 Lots
Parcel # 47-2
Explanation of legal rights claimed See Addendum
to Page 11, Part 1, C(1)(b) Item 6
Pending litigation X Yes, * No.
Under the Richard and Vernice Otto property.
Signature of Affiant Date
Project Engineer Position
Sworn before me and subscribed in my presence this day of were 19 90.
STATE OF CHIO NOTARY PUBLIC CLAUDE LOUIS LUKE

- C. (1)(b) Provide either of the following to allow for coal mining operations within the underground workings.
 - (i) A copy of the documents, or (ii) An affidavit wherein the documents are described. For all documents or affidavits provided for the underground workings, the specific parcels are to be identified on the application map.

AFFIDAVIT

David L. State of Ohio, Belmont County, ss. Bartsch first duly sworn, says that the following described documents convey to the applicant the legal right explained below and is a subject of litigation as shown below. Type of document _____Warranty Deed Execution Date December 29, 1970 Expiration Date The North American Parties: From <u>Coal Corporation To The Nacco Mining</u> Company Description of land: No. Acres __ County Belmont Township Smith Sections 19 Lots ___ Parcel # 47-4 Explanation of legal rights claimed See Addendum to Page 11, Part 1, C(1)(b) . Item 8__ Pending litigation X Yes,* No. *Under the Richard and Vernice Otto property. nutsch 4-27-98 Signature of Affiant Project Engineer Position Sworn before me and subscribed in my presence this 27th day of ARRIC , 19 90 ;

> STATE OF OHIO NOTARY PUBLIC CLAUDE LOUIS LUKE

Notary Public

- C. (1)(b) Provide either of the following to allow for coal mining operations within the underground workings.
 - (i) A copy of the documents, or
 (ii) An affidavit wherein the documents are described. For all documents or affidavits provided for the underground workings, the specific parcels are to be identified on the application map.

AFFIDAVIT

State of Ohio, Belmont County, ss. Bartsch being first duly sworn, says that the following described documents convey to the applicant the legal right explained below and is a subject of litigation as shown below.

Type of document Warranty Deed

Execution Date December 29, 1970

The North American
Parties: From Coal Corporation To The Nacco Mining Company

County Belmont Township Smith

Sections 26 Lots

Parcel # 47-5, 47-6

Expiration Date

Explanation of legal rights claimed See Addendum to Page 11, Part 1, C(1)(b) , Item 7

Pending litigation X Yes, * No.

Description of land: No. Acres _

*Under the Richard and Vernice Otto property.

Signature of Affiant Date

Project Engineer
Position

Sworn before me and subscribed in my presence this 27 day of APRIC , 19 90.

Cloude

Notary Public

STATE OF OHIO
NOTARY PUBLIC
CLAUDE LOUIS LUKE
LOY Communican Expires Aug. 20, 1891

- C. (1)(b) Provide either of the following to allow for coal mining operations within the underground workings.
 - (i) A copy of the documents, or
 (ii) An affidavit wherein the documents are
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AFFIDAVIT

State of Ohio, Belmont County, ss. Bartsch being first duly sworn, says that the following described documents convey to the applicant the legal right explained below and is a subject of litigation as shown below.

Type of document Warranty Deed

Docombon 20 1070
Execution Date December 29, 1970
Expiration Date The North American
The North American Parties: From Coal Corporation To The Nacco Mining Company
Description of land: No. Acres
County Belmont Township Smith
Sections 26 Lots
Parcel # 91-1, 91-2
Explanation of legal rights claimed See Addendum
to Page 11, Part 1, C(1)(b) , Item 12
Pending litigation Yes, X No.

Signature of Affiant Date

Project Engineer
Position

Sworn before me and subscribed in my presence this 27 day of APRIL , 1990 .

Notary Public

STATE OF OHIO
NOTARY PUBLIC
CLAUDE LOUIS LUKE
thy Commission Expires Are, 20, 1891

- C. (1)(b) Provide either of the following to allow for coal mining operations within the underground workings.
 - (i) A copy of the documents, or
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AFFIDAVIT
David I
State of Ohio, Belmont County, ss. Bartsch being first duly sworn, says that the following described
is an asset assets to the applicant the legal fluis
explained below and is a subject of litigation as shown
below.
Type of document Warranty Deed
Execution Date December 29, 1970
Expiration Date The North American
Parties: From Coal Corporation To The Nacco Mining Company
Description of land: No. Acres
County Belmont Township Smith
Sections 26 Lots
Parcel \$ 50-1,50-3
Explanation of legal rights claimed See Addendum
to Page 11, Part 1, C(1)(b) . Item 13
Pending litigationYes, X No.
David L. Bartset 4-27-90 Signature of Affiant Date
Decise Craineer
Project Engineer Position
Sworn before me and subscribed in my presence this 27 day of 1980.
Charles Suis Suis
Notary Public
STATE OF OHIO

- C. (1) (b) Provide either of the following to allow for coal mining operations within the <u>underground workings</u>.
 - (i) A copy of the documents, or
 (ii) An affidavit wherein the documents are
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application map.

AFFIDAVIT

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Type of document Warranty Deed
Execution Date December 29, 1970
Expiration Date The North American
Parties: From Coal Corporation To The Nacco Mining Company
Description of land: No. Acres
County Belmont Township Smith
Sections 20 Lots
Parcel # 50-2
Explanation of legal rights claimed See Addendum
to Page 11, Part 1, C(1)(b), Item 14
Pending litigation Yes, X No.
Signature of Affiant Date
Project Engineer

Sworn before me and subscribed in my presence this 27 day of APRIL, 19 90.

Notary Public

STATE OF OHIO
NOTARY PUBLIC
CLAUDE LOUIS LUKE
IN Commission Explan Aug. 22, 1931

- C. (1)(b) Provide either of the following to allow for coal mining operations within the underground workings.
 - (i) A copy of the documents, or
 (ii) An affidavit wherein the documents are described. For all documents or affidavits provided for the underground workings, the specific parcels are to be identified on the application map.

AFFIDAVIT

State of Ohio, Belmont County, ss. Bartsch being first duly sworn, says that the following described documents convey to the applicant the legal right explained below and is a subject of litigation as shown below.

Type of document Warranty Deed
Execution Date December 29, 1970
Expiration Date The North American Coal Company The Nacco Mining Company
Parties: From <u>Coal Corporation</u> To <u>The Nacco Mining Company</u> Description of land: No. Acres
County Belmont Township Smith
Sections 26 Lots
Parcel # 92
Explanation of legal rights claimed See Addendum
to Page 11, Part 1, C(1)(b) , Item 15
Pending litigationYes, X No.
Signature of Affiant Date

Project Engineer
Position

Sworn before me and subscribed in my presence this 27 day of MORIC 19 90.

Notary Public

STATE OF OHIO
NOTARY PUBLIC
CLAUDE LOUIS LUKE
My Commission Expires Aug. 30, 1991

- C. (1)(b) Provide either of the following to allow for coal mining operations within the underground workings.

 - (i) A copy of the documents, or(ii) An affidavit wherein the documents are described. For all documents or affidavits provided for the underground workings, the specific parcels are to be identified on the application map.

AFFIDAVIT

David L. State of Ohio, Belmont County, ss. Bartsch bei first duly sworn, says that the following described documents convey to the applicant the legal right explained below and is a subject of litigation as shown

De Low .
Type of document Warranty Deed
Execution Date December 29, 1970
Expiration Date The North American
Parties: From Coal Corporation To The Nacco Mining Company
Description of land: No. Acres
County Belmont Township Smith
Sections 20 Lots
Parcel # 53-1
Explanation of legal rights claimed See Addendum
to Page 11, Part 1, C(1)(b) Item 17
Pending litigation X Yes, No.
*Under the Betty L. Dunfee Property
Signature of Affiant Date
Signature of Affiant Date
Project Engineer Position
. A & & & &

Sworn before me and subscribed in my presence this 320 day of VULY 1950.

Notary Public

STATE OF OHIO **NOTARY PUBLIC** CLAUDE LOUIS LUKE alon Expires August 20, 1981

- C. (1)(b) Provide either of the following to allow for coal mining operations within the underground workings.
 - (i) A copy of the documents, or
 (ii) An affidavit wherein the documents are
 described. For all documents or affidavits
 provided for the underground workings, the
 specific parcels are to be identified on the
 application map.

State of Ohio, Belmont County, ss. Bartsch being first duly sworn, says that the following described documents convey to the applicant the legal right explained below and is a subject of litigation as shown below.

Type of document Warranty Deed

Execution Date December 29, 1970

Expiration Date The North American Coal Corporation To The Nacco Mining Company

Description of land: No. Acres

County Belmont Township Smith

Sections 26 Lots

Parcel # 54 54-1

Explanation of legal rights claimed See Addendum to Page 11, Part 1, C(1)(b) , Item 16

Pending litigation _____ Yes, _X No.

David Sartect 4-27-90
Signature of Affiant Date

Project Engineer
Position

Sworn before me and subscribed in my presence this 27% day of April, 1990.

Notary Public

STATE OF OHIO
NOTARY PUBLIC
CLAUDE LOUIS LUKE
My Commission Expires Aug. 20, 1991

ADDENDUM TO PAGE 11, PART 1, C(1)(b) THE OHIO VALLEY COAL COMPANY POWHATAN NO. 6 MINE PERMIT D-0360

The transfer of the stock of The NACCO Mining Company to The Ohio Valley Coal Company was described and approved in ARP R-0360-3.

ADDENDUM TO PAGE 11, PART 1, C(1)(b) THE OHIO VALLEY COAL COMPANY POWHATAN NO. 6 MINE PERMIT D-0360

Item 1: Deed Rights to Tract 86

Together with the free and uninterrupted right of way into, upon and under said lands at such points and in such manner as may be proper and necessary for the purpose of digging, mining, and carrying away said coal, hereby waiving all damages arising therefrom, or from the removal of said coal; together with the privilege of mining, and removing through said described premises other coal belonging to Grantee, his heirs or assigns, or which may hereafter be acquired.

Item 2: Deed Rights to Tract 87

Together with the free and uninterrupted right of way into, upon and under said lands at such points and in such manner as may be proper and necessary for the purpose of digging, mining, and carrying away said coal, hereby waiving all damages arising therefrom, or from the removal of all of said coal; together with the privilege of mining and removing through said described premises other coal belonging to said Grantee, his heirs or assigns, or which may hereafter be acquired.

Item 3: Deed Rights to Tract 51-1

Together with the free and uninterrupted right of way into, upon and under said lands at such points and in such manner as may be proper and necessary for the purpose of digging, mining, and carrying away said coal, hereby waiving all damages arising therefrom, or from the removal of all of said coal; together with the privilege of mining and removing through said described premises other coal belonging to said Grantee, his heirs or assigns, or which may be acquired.

Item 4: Deed Rights to Tract 51-2

Together with the free and uninterrupted right of way into, upon and under said lands at such points and in such manner as may be proper and necessary for the purpose of digging, mining, and carrying away said coal, hereby waiving all damages arising therefrom, or from the removal of all of said coal; together with the privilege of mining and removing through said described premises other coal belonging to said Grantee, his heirs or assigns, or which may be acquired.

Item 5: Deed Rights to Tracts 47-1 and 47-3

Mining Rights: Party of Second part to have the free and uninterrupted right of way into and under said land, at such points and in such manner as may be proper and necessary for the purpose of digging, mining, draining, and ventilating and carrying away said coal, (hereby waiving all surface damages, or damages of any sort, arising therefrom, or from the removal of all of said coal), together with the privilege of mining and removing through said described premises, other coal belonging to said party of the second part, its successors and assigns, or which may hereafter be acquired.

Item 6: Deed Rights to Tract 47-2

Mining Rights: Party of Second part to have the free and uninterrupted right of way into and under said land, at such points and in such manner as may be proper and necessary for the purpose of digging, mining, draining, and ventilating and carrying away said coal, (hereby waiving all surface damages, or damages of any sort, arising therefrom, or from the removal of all of said coal), together with the privilege of mining and removing through said described premises, other coal belonging to said party of the second part, its successors and assigns, or which may hereafter be acquired.

Item 7: Deed Rights to Tracts 47-5 and 47-6

Mining Rights: Party of Second part to have the free and uninterrupted right of way into and under said land, at such points and in such manner as may be proper and necessary for the purpose of digging, mining, draining, and ventilating and carrying away said coal, (hereby waiving all surface damages, or damages of any sort, arising therefrom, or from the removal of all of said coal), together with the privilege of mining and removing through said described premises, other coal belonging to said party of the second part, its successors and assigns, or which may hereafter be acquired.

Item 8: Deed Rights to Tract 47-4

Mining Rights: Party of Second part to have the free and uninterrupted right of way into and under said land, at such points and in such manner as may be proper and necessary for the purpose of digging, mining, draining, and ventilating and carrying away said coal, (hereby waiving all surface damages, or damages of any sort, arising therefrom, or from the removal of all of said coal), together with the privilege of mining and removing through said described premises, other coal belonging to said party of the second part, its successors and assigns, or which may hereafter be acquired.

ADDENDUM TO PAGE 11, PART 1, C(1)(b) PAGE THREE

Item 9: Deed Rights to Tracts 48-1, 48-2, and 48-3

Mining Rights: Party of Second part to have the free and uninterrupted right of way into and under said land, at such points and in such manner as may be proper and necessary for the purpose of digging, mining, draining, and ventilating and carrying away said coal, (hereby waiving all surface damages, or damages of any sort, arising therefrom, or from the removal of all of said coal), together with the privilege of mining and removing through said described premises, other coal belonging to said party of the second part, its successors and assigns, or which may hereafter be acquired.

Item 10: Deed Rights to Tract 90

Together with the free and uninterrupted right of way into and under said lands at such points and in such manner as may be proper and necessary for the purpose of digging, mining, and carrying away all of said coal, hereby waiving all damages arising therefrom, or from the removal of said coal, together with the privilege of mining and removing through said vein of coal and entries made in mining the same, other coal belonging to said Grantee, his heirs or assigns, or which may hereafter be acquired.

Item 11: Deed Rights to Tract 89

Together with the free and uninterrupted right of way into, upon and under said lands at such points and in such manner as may be proper and necessary for the purpose of digging, mining, and carrying away said coal, hereby waiving all damages arising therefrom, or from the removal of all of said coal; together with the privilege of mining and removing through said described premises other coal belonging to said Grantee, his heirs or assigns, or which may be acquired.

Item 12: Deed Rights to Tracts 91-1 and 91-2

Mining Rights: Party of Second part to have the free and uninterrupted right of way into and under said land, at such points and in such manner as may be proper and necessary for the purpose of digging, mining, draining, and ventilating and carrying away said coal, (hereby waiving all surface damages, or damages of any sort, arising therefrom, or from the removal of all of said coal). It is further agreed that the party of second part shall be liable for any surface damage done through mining the above coal, (the same in option), together with the privilege of mining and removing through said described coal premises, other coal belonging to said party of the second part, its successors and assigns, or which may hereafter be acquired.

ADDENDUM TO PAGE 11, PART 1, C(1)(b) PAGE FOUR

Item 13: Deed Rights to Tracts 50-1 and 50-3

Mining Rights: Party of Second part to have the free and uninterrupted right of way into, upon and under said land, at such points and in such manner as may be proper and necessary for the purpose of digging, mining, draining, and ventilating and carrying away said coal, together with the privilege of mining and removing through said described premises, other coal belonging to said party of the second part, its successors, heirs and assigns, or which may hereafter be acquired.

Item 14: Deed Rights to Tract 50-2

Mining Rights: Party of Second part to have the free and uninterrupted right of way into, upon and under said land, at such points and in such manner as may be proper and necessary for the purpose of digging, mining, draining, and ventilating and carrying away said coal, together with the privilege of mining and removing through said described premises, other coal belonging to said party of the second part, its successors, heirs and assigns, or which may hereafter be acquired.

Item 15: Deed Rights to Tract 92

Mining Rights: Party of Second part to have the free and uninterrupted right of way into and under said land, at such points and in such manner as may be proper and necessary for the purpose of digging, mining, draining, and ventilating and carrying away said coal, (hereby waiving all surface damages, or damages of any sort, arising therefrom, or from the removal of all of said coal), together with the privilege of mining and removing through said coal described premises, other coal belonging to said party of the second part, its successors and assigns, or which may hereafter be acquired.

Item 16: Deed Rights to Tracts 54 and 54-1

Mining Rights: Party of Second part to have the free and uninterrupted right of way under and into said land, at such points and in such manner as may be proper and necessary for the purpose of digging, mining, draining, and ventilating and carrying away said coal, (hereby waiving all surface damages, or damages of any sort, arising therefrom, or from the removal of all of said coal), together with the privilege of mining and removing through under and through said described premises, other coal belonging to said party of the second part, its successors and assigns, or which may hereafter be acquired.

ADDENDUM TO PAGE 11, PART 1, C(1)(b) PAGE FIVE

Item 17: Deed Rights to Tract 53-1

Mining Rights: Party of Second part to have the free and uninterrupted right of way into, and under said land, at such points, and in such manner as may be proper and necessary for the purpose of digging, mining, draining and ventilating, and carrying away said coal, (hereby waiving all surface damages, or damages of any sort, arising therefrom, or from the removal of all of said coal), together with the privilege of mining and removing through said described premises, other coal belonging to said party of the second part, its successors and assigns, or which may hereafter be acquired.

C. (2)(a) List below the following information for each surface owner of land within the proposed <u>permit area</u>.

OWNER NAME	COUNTY	TOWNSHIP	SEC./LOT	T- , R-
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			-	
	NOT APPLI	CABLE - NO PEI	RMIT AREA	

C. (2)(b) List below the following information for each surface owner of land within the proposed <u>underground workings</u>.

OWNER NAME	COUNTY	TOWNSHIP	SEC./LOT	T- ,R-
The Ohio Valley Coal Company	Belmont	Smith	25,26,20	T-6, R-4
Wayne & Barbara Ogilbee Albert & Mary	Belmont	Smith	25	T-6, R-4
Ogilbee Richard &	Belmont	Smith	25. 19	I-6. R-4
Vernice Otto Delmas W. &	<u>Belmont</u>	Smith	19.20.26	<u>I-6, R-4</u>
Mary L. Caretti Stanley &	Relmont	Smith	19.20	T-6. R-4
Bonnie L. Otto Darrell D. &	Belmont	Smith	20	T-6. R-4
Donna M. Grant Chalmer & Ida	Relmont	Smith	20	<u>I-6, R-4</u>
Campbell Graydon & Sharon	Relmont	Smith	20.26	<u>I-6, R-4</u>
Onten Seaway Coal	Relmont	Smith	19.20	T-6. R-4
Company	Belmont	Smith	25	T-6, R-4
Guy Blaney	Belmont	<u>Smith</u>	26	T-6, R-4
Betty L. Dunfe	e Belmont	Smith		T-6, R-4

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D. AREAS WHERE MINING IS PROHIBITED OR LIMITED-Permit Area

(1) Does the permit area included in this permit application include any area dedicated as a nature preserve pursuant to Chapter 1517., Ohio Revised Code?

Yes, No. If "yes," submit proof of valid existing right.

Not Applicable - No Permit Area

(2) Does the permit area included in this permit application include any area within one-thousand feet of the waterlines of any wild, scenic, or recreational river dedicated pursuant to Chapter 1501., Ohio Revised Code?

Yes, No. If "yes," submit proof of valid existing right.

Not Applicable - No Permit Area

(3) Does the permit area included in this permit application include any area within the boundaries of the following systems: national park, national wildlife refuge, national trails, national wilderness preservation, national recreational areas, or wild and scenic rivers or river corridors, including those rivers under study?

Yes,

No. If "yes," submit proof of valid existing right.

Not Applicable - No Permit Area

(4) Does the permit area included in this permit application include any federal lands within the boundaries of any national forest?

Yes, No.

If "yes," submit approval of the U.S. Secretary of Interior of proof of valid existing right.

Not Applicable - No Permit Area

(5) Will operations in the permit area conducted under this permit adversely affected any publicly owned park or places listed on the National Register of Historic Places?

Yes,

No. If "yes," submit joint approval from the chief and the federal, state, or local agency with jurisdication over the park or historic property or proof of valid existing right.

Not Applicable - No Permit Area

(6) Will operations in the permit area conducted under this permit affect land within one hundred feet of the outside right-of-way of a public highway?
Yes, No. If "yes," list the highways in

Yes, No. If "yes," list the highways in the space below and submit Attachment 9 or proof of valid existing right.

Not Applicable - No Permit Area

- D. (7) Will operations in the permit area conducted under this permit affect land within three hundred feet of any occupied dwelling?

 Yes,

 No. If "yes,"
 list the name of the owner(s) in the space below and submit Attachment 10 or proof of valid existing right.
 - Not Applicable No Permit Area
 - (8) Will operations in the permit area conducted under this permit, affect land within three hundred feet of any public building, school, church, community or institutional building, or public park?

 Yes,

 No. If "yes," submit proof of valid existing right.

Not Applicable - No Permit Area

- (9) Will operations in the permit area conducted under this permit, affect land within one hundred feet of a cemetery? Yes, No. If "yes," submit proof of valid existing right or appropriate authorization to relocate the cemetery.
 - Not Applicable No Permit Area
- (10) Will operations conducted during this permit result in the extension of any part of the pit within fifty feet of horizontal distance to any adjacent land or water in which the applicant does not own either the surface or mineral rights?

 Yes,

 No. If "yes," list below the names of the adjacent owners and submit Attachment 11.

Not Applicable - No Permit Area

E. Areas Where Mining is Prohibited or Limited-Permit and Shadow Area

Are there areas within the proposed permit area, shadow area, or adjacent areas designated unsuitable for coal mining operations under rule 1501:13-3-07 of the Administrative Code or under study for designation in an administrative proceeding under this rule?

Yes, ___X_ No.

- (1) If "yes" to the item above, did the applicant make substantial legal and financial commitments in the proposed areas prior to January 4, 1977?

 Yes, _____ No.
- (2) If "yes" to item (1) above, submit as an addendum to the permit application information supporting the assertions that the commitments were made prior to January 4, 1977.

F. PERMIT TERM AND EXTENT-Permit and Underground Workings

- (1) Anticipated/actual date for:

 (a) Starting mining operations 199
 - (a) Starting mining operations 1990 (b) Terminating mining operations 1992
- (2) Does the applicant propose a permit term in excess of five (5) years? Yes, X No. If "yes," submit an addendum with the information required by 1501:13-4-03(E)(3).
- (3) Indicate the following acreage figures:
 - (a) Total Acres (Permit area)
 (b) Total Acres 691 (Underground Workings)
- (4) Horizontal extent of underground workings over life of permit in acres:
 - (a) Full Coal Recovery 691
 (b) Room and Pillar

G. PUBLIC NOTICE-Permit and Shadow Area

(1) In the space below, provide the name and address of the public office where a complete copy of this permit application is to be filed.

Division of Reclamation 70245 Bannock-Uniontown Road St. Clairsville, OH 43950

(2) In the space below, list the name and address of the newspaper and submit an addendum providing the text of the advertisement that is to be published in a newspaper of general circulation in the locality of the proposed operation. Note: The advertisement is to provide the information required by paragraph (A) of rule 1501:13-5-01 of the Administrative Code.

The Times Leader 200 S. 4th Street Martins Ferry, Ohio 43935

PROOF OF PUBLICATION

The State of Ohio County of Belmont, ss:

The undersigned, being sworn, says that he or she is an employee of Eastern Ohio Newspapers, Inc. A Corporation, publisher of the Times Leader a newspaper published in Martins Ferry, Belmont County, Ohio, each day of the week except Saturday and of general circulation in said city and county; that it is a newspaper meeting the requirements of sections 7.12 and 5721.01 Ohio Revised Code as amended effective September 14, 1957; that affiant has custody of the records and files of said newspaper; and that the advertisement of which the annexed is a true copy, was published in said newspaper on each of the days in the month and year stated, as follows:

Subscribed by Affiant and sworn

to before me, this 22 day of

DONNA JEAN LANDERS, Notary Public State of Ohio

My Commission Expires February 7, 1995

Printer's Fees \$. Notary's Fees \$

> THE TIMES LEADER Martins Ferry, Ohio Bellaire, Ohio

using nul coal recovery memors. This application is on file at the Division of Reclamation Office at 70245 Bannock-Uniontown Road, St. Claireville, Ohio 43550, for public viewing. Written comments or requests for an informal conference may be sent to the Division of Reclamation; Fountain Square; Building H-3; Columbus, Ohio 43224 thirty days of the last date of pub of this notice. T-Adv. Aug. 1 - 4 Wed:

PART 2 ENVIRONMENTAL RESOURCES INFORMATION

A. CULTURAL, HISTORIC, AND ARCHEOLOGICAL INFORMATION-Permit and Planned Subsidence Area

(1) Are there any cultural or historic resources or structures listed or eligible for listing on the National Register of Historic Places within the proposed permit or planned subsidence area?

A Yes, No. If "yes," describe the resources and structures including the location. In addition, submit Attachment 27 or 27A as appropriate.

See Attachment 27A. The structures at the Otto farmstead will be undermined during the late third quarter or early fourth quarter of 1991. Prior to undermining or surface subsidence, any additional, necessary information will be submitted to the Division.

- (2) Are there any known archeological sites within the proposed permit or planned subsidence area?

 Yes, X No. If "yes," describe the site including the location. In addition, submit Attachment 27 or 27A as appropriate.
- (3) If applicable, based upon the review of the proposed planned subsidence areas and the completed Attachment 27A for the initial six months of projected mining, have any properties listed or eligible for listing on the National Register of Historic Places been identified?

 Yes, X No. If "yes," list each property identified.
- (4) Submit an addendum indicating the method to be used to identify historic properties on planned subsidence areas as mining progresses.

See Addendum to Page 17, Part 2, A(4)

B. GEOLOGY DESCRIPTION-Permit and Shadow Area

(1) Submit an addendum describing the geology within the proposed permit area and shadow area down to and including the first stratum below the lowest coal seam to be mined or any aquifer below the lowest coal seam to be mined which may be adversely affected by mining. The description shall also include information on the areal and structural geology of the permit and shadow area and any other geologic parameters which may influence the probable hydrologic consequences and protection of the hydrologic balance from material damage outside of the permit area.

See Addendum to Page 17, Part 2, B

CHIO DEPARIMENT OF NATURAL RESCURCES DIVISION OF RECLAMATION Planned Subsidence Areas - Underground Mining Operations

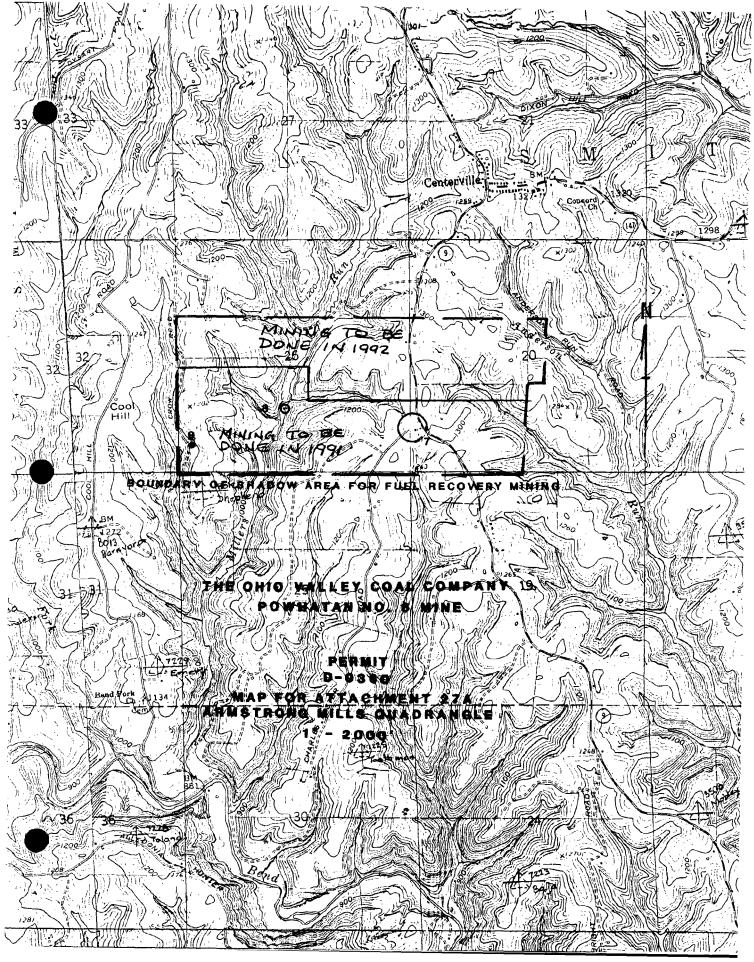
ATTACHMENT 27A (HISTORIC AND PREHISTORIC PROPERTIES)

1.	The Ohio Valley Applicant's Name Coal Company Permit # D-0360
	Address 56854 Pleasant Ridge Road
	City Alledonia State Ohio Zip 43902
2.	Contact Person <u>David L. Bartsch</u> Phone <u>614-926-1351</u>
3.	Location and Acreage Information
	County Belmont Township Smith
	Section(s)/Lots 19, 20, 25, 26 T-6, R-4
	USGS Quadrangle Armstrong Mills Acreage 691 366 ac. first year
4.	Full Coal Recovery Area Map Attached: (USGS Quadrangle with full coal recovery area delineated)
5 .	Historic and Prehistoric Structures:
	<u>Definitions</u>
	A historic or prehistoric structure is a work made up on interdependent and interrelated parts in a definite pattern of organization. Constructed by humans, and 50 years or older, it is usually an engineering project.
	Types
	Historic structures include, but are not limited to dwellings, buildings, barns, farmstead outbuildings, bridges, culverts, churches, schools, halls, iron furnaces (and associated buildings), canals, forts, abandoned coal mine buildings, mine entrances, tipples and related structures, etc.
	Prehistoric structures include, but are not limited to, earthworks and mounds.

List all known historic and prehistoric structures below and locate each one on the map to be sent to the SHPO including corresponding labeled black and white, front and rear photographs of each structure. Attach addendum, if necessary.

Structure Type	Construction Date	Map Reference	Photo# Front	Photo# Rear	
Brick Farm House	1865-1870	7			
Foundation	Pre 1940	8		· .	
Ruins of log Structure	Pre 1940	g			
6. Previous H	istoric and/or Arc on the planned sub	heological Surveys: sidence areas)	describe a	ny surveys known	. to
7. SEPO pleas	e send this form t	:o;	·		
	Di [.] Fount	Jeffrey C. Reichw vision of Reclamati ain Square, Buildin Columbus, Ohio 4322	on ng B-3	, <u>, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,</u>	
FOR USE BY THE		SERVATION OFFICE O	NLY		
A. This coal recover necessary)	ery area based on	ion for an archeolo the following reas	gical survey o ons (attached	f the proposed is addendum, if	iull
			·		

Regis and acthose	ric an ter of	d prehis Historiareas Ficand	storic prope ic Places" a	erties listed and known his	toric and preb	ior listing Sistoric Sit Sincludes, V	pelow of all known; on the "National es on the permit when appropriate, ant in items 5.
Liste	d and	Eligible	e National R	Register Site	s		
Site	Name	(#)	Туре	Propo	sed Area	A	Adjacent Area
		-					
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·						
Known	Histo	oric and	Prehistorie	c Sites			
Site	Name	(#)	Туре	Prope	sed Area	•	Adjacent Area
•		- <u> </u>					
		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·				
		,	-				
	•						
B.	reaso listi coord	ined in nable pand on the ination	this attach	ment finds to f affecting Register of essary with	hat the propos	ed mining d listed or es." There	Tote no rar mer
					•		
	State	Histor	ic Preservat	tion Officer	,		_
				SHPO #			
				Date			·
	•						4 · ·
•			•	•			
			•	ě	•		



TTPWCC 1551339

ADDENDUM TO PAGE 17, PART 2, A(4) THE OHIO VALLEY COAL COMPANY POWHATAN NO. 6 MINE PERMIT D-0360

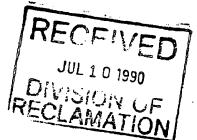
IDENTIFICATION OF HISTORIC PROPERTIES

Included in this permit revision is Attachment 27A which identifies the properties/structures which may be eligible for listing on the National Register for Historic Places. As mining progresses, the required report and photographs of each structure will be submitted no less than 6 months prior to the undermining of the structures with full recovery mining. The identification of these properties/structures will comply with PPD Underground 89-3.



July 9, 1990

Mr. Tim Dieringer, Chief Division of Reclamation Ohio Department of Natural Resources Fountain Square - Building H-3 Columbus, Ohio 43224



Attn: Ms. Vanessa Tolliver

Dear Ms. Tolliver:

The Ohio Valley Coal Company respectfully requests a variance from the requirements of OAC #1501:13-4-13(c)(2)(d)(ii) to (iv) for test holes N84-3 and N86-14. An application for a permit to mine coal using the longwall method of mining will be submitted to ODNR in the near future. I am enclosing the following for your information:

- 1. Chemical analyses of the roof and floor rock and of the coal from test areas within the Powhatan No. 6 Mine. These results are already a part of Permit D-0360. I am also enclosing core logs and Attachment 13's (including analyses) for three adjacent test holes that were drilled recently.
- 2. Map OV-LW-90-2 showing the shadow area, the location of the test holes, and structural contours to be mined. This map will be a part of the permit application to be submitted.
- 3. An addendum that describes the engineering characteristics of the immediate roof, floor, and coal to be mined.
- 4. Geologic and hydrologic cross sections between the test holes.

If you have any questions, please contact me.

Very truly yours,

THE OHIO VALLEY COAL COMPANY

David L. Bartsch, P.E.

Project Engineer

DLB:pm

Enclosures

APPRONED W

District Control

56854 PLEASANT RIDGE ROAD · ALLEDONIA OHIO 43902 · (614) 926-1351

OHIO DEPARTMENT OF NATURAL RESOURCES DIVISION OF RECLAMATION

ATTACHMENT 13 (GEOLOGY REPORT - Underground Workings)

Applicant THE	OHIO VALLEY	COAL COMPANY	Drill Hole # N84-3
*Coordinates:	x.2428500	Y. 718300	Surface Elevation 1262 ft
Lithology	H ₂ 0**	Thickness	Physical Properties
Topsoil		20.0"	
Subsoil	් දක්ලාදක්වර		
Shale		4.0"	CM, EM
Claystone	****	2.4"	CV, EV
Sandstone		4.5°	CS, ES
Shale		1.8'	CM. EM
Shale	·	0.9"	CM, EM
Limestone	- 	11.5'	AK, CS, ES
Shale		8.3'	CM, EM
Shale		9.0"	CM, EM
Limestone		4.6 8	AK, CS, ES
Submit the fo seam, the coa	llowing info l seam, and	rmation for th the stratum be	e stratum above the coal clow the coal seam.

Stratum	Total Sulfur	Pyrite Sulfur	Potential Acidity	Neutral- ization Potential	CaCO ₃ Deficiency
				·	

^{*}If other than State Plane, indicate coordinate system.

**Indicate water bearing stratum with an asterisk (*) under column labelled $\ensuremath{\mathrm{H}_2\mathrm{O}}$

Physical Property Legend AC = Acid Producing

AK = Alkaline Producing

C = Compactible (V=Very, M=Moderate, S=Slight)

E = Erodible (V=Very, M=Moderate, S=Slight)

OHIO DEPARTMENT OF NATURAL RESOURCES DIVISION OF RECLAMATION

ATTACHMENT 13 (GEOLOGY REPORT - Underground Workings)

Applicant THE C	HIO VALLEY	COAL COMPANY	Drill H	ole <u> 184-3</u>
*Coordinates: X	2428500	Y. 718300	_ Surface Eleva	tion <u>1262</u> ft
Lithology	H ₂ 0**	Thickness	Physical Prope	rties
Topsoil				
Subsoil			***************************************	
Claystone	** ***********************************	7.7 1	CV, EV	
Shale		12.3°	CM, EM	
Claystone	*********	12.0°	CV, EV	·
Shale	÷cocycles	4.7°	CM. EM	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Claystone	***************************************	17.0°	CV. EV	
Sandstone	,	6.6	CS, ES	
Shale		11.5	CM, EM	·
Limestone	-	5.2°	AK, CS, ES	
Claystone		6.5°	CV. EV	
seam, the coal	seam, and	the stratum be Potentia		caCO ₃
Stratum Sulf	ur Sullur	ACIGICY	Potential	<u>Delitatency</u>
				
Ase allow then			oordinate eveter	A -
			oordinate system	•
**Indicate wat column labelle	er bearing d H ₂ O	stratum with	an asterisk (*)	dilder
Physical Prope AC = Acid Prod AK = Alkaline C = Compactib E = Erodible	ucing Producing le (V=Very,	M=Moderate, Moderate, S=S	S=Slight) Slight)	

OHIO DEPARTMENT OF NATURAL RESOURCES DIVISION OF RECLAMATION

ATTACHMENT 13 (GEOLOGY REPORT - Underground Workings)

Applicant THE	OHIO VALLEY	COAL COMPANY	Drill Hole #N84-3
*Coordinates:	x. <u>2428500</u>	Y. <u>718300</u>	Surface Elevation 1262 ft
Lithology	H ₂ 0**	Thickness	Physical Properties
Topsoil			
Subsoil	-		
Shale		5.3°	CM, EM
Shale	-	12.9"	CM, EM
Bone		<u>0.2°</u>	
Claystone		5.8'	CV. EV
Sandstone	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	6.0	CS. ES
Claystone		7.5	CV. EV
Bone	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	0.2	
Coal		2.0	AC, ES, ES
Claystone		0.5	CV, EV
Submit the fo seam, the coa	llowing info l seam, and	rmation for th the stratum be	e stratum above the coal low the coal seam.

Stratum	Total Sulfur	Pyrite Sulfur	Potential Acidity	Neutral- ization Potential	CaCO ₃ Deficiency
	411				

^{*}If other than State Plane, indicate coordinate system.

Physical Property Legend

AC = Acid Producing

AK = Alkaline Producing

C = Compactible (V=Very, M=Moderate, S=Slight)

E = Erodible (V=Very, M=Moderate, S=Slight)

^{**}Indicate water bearing stratum with an asterisk (*) under column labelled $\rm H_2O$

OHIO DEPARTMENT OF NATURAL RESOURCES DIVISION OF RECLAMATION

ATTACHMENT 13 (GEOLOGY REPORT - Underground Workings)

Applicant THE OH	IO VALLEY	COAL COMPANY	Drill F	Iole <u>N84-3</u>
*Coordinates: X2	2428500	Y. 718300	Surface Eleva	tion <u>1262</u> ft
Lithology	H ₂ 0**	Thickness	Physical Prope	erties
Topsoil				
Subsoil				
Coal		0.3"	AC, CS, ES	
Shale		4.0 *	CM, EM	
Sandstone		9.8'	CS, ES	
Shale		0.5'	CM. EM	
Claystone		17.5'	CV. EV	
Sandstone		5.5'	CS, ES	
Claystone	**************************************	19.8'	CV EV	
Shale	-	0.8	CM, EM	
Claystone		14.9'	CV. EV	
Submit the following seam, the coal seam. Total Stratum Sulfur	seam, and Pyrite	the stratum be	Neutral al ization	caCO ₃
				
			-	
*If other than				
**Indicate wate column labelled	r bearing H ₂ O	stratum with	an asterisk (*)	under
Physical Proper AC = Acid Produ AK = Alkaline P C = Compactibl	ty Legend cing roducing e (V=Very	, M=Moderate, =Moderate, S=S	S=Slight) Slight)	

OHIO DEPARTMENT OF NATURAL RESOURCES DIVISION OF RECLAMATION

ATTACHMENT 13 (GEOLOGY REPORT - Underground Workings)

Applicant THE OH	IO VALLEY	COAL COMPANY	Drill H	ole # N84-3
*Coordinates: X2	428500	Y. 718300	Surface Eleva	tion 1262 ft
Lithology	H ₂ 0**	Thickness	Physical Prope	rties
Topsoil	-			
Subsoil				
Shale		22.0 °	CM, EM	
Claystone		3.5	CV, EV	
Shale		8.51	CM, EM	
Coal		1.2	AC, CS, ES	
Shale		8.8 °	CM, EM	
Coal	***************************************	0.2 "	AC, CS, ES	
Claystone	*****	14.8°	CV, EV	
Shale	ككية	19.5	CM, EM	
Coal		2.75°	AC, CS, ES	
Submit the following seam, the coal state Total Stratum Sulfur	eam, and Pyrite	the stratum be	elow the coal se Neutral∽ al ization	caCO3 Deficiency

		المنافع المناف		
*If other than S	State Plan	e, indicate c	oordinate system	ii o
**Indicate water column labelled	bearing	stratum with	an asterisk (*)	under
Physical Propert AC = Acid Produc AK = Alkaline Pr C = Compactible E = Erodible (cing roducing e (V=Very,	, M=Moderate, =Moderate, S=S	S=Slight) Slight)	

ONIO DEPARTMENT OF NATURAL RESOURCES DIVISION OF RECLAMATION

ATTACHMENT 13 (GEOLOGY REPORT - Underground Workings)

Applicant 1	THE OHIO VAL	LEY COAL COMPA	ANY D	rill Hole	<u>N84-3</u>
*Coordinate	es: x. <u>2428500</u>	y. 718300	Sur face	Elevation	n <u>1262</u> ft
Lithology	H ₂ 0*	Thickness	Physical	Propertion	es
Topsoil	خفس مجندوسه				
Subsoil					
Claystone		1.75°	CV, EV		
Shale		8.0 °	CM, EM		
Claystone		7.5°	CV. EV		
Sandstone		3.1 ⁸	CS. ES		
Shale		4.6"	CM, EM		·
Limestone		2.8"	AK, CS,	ES	
Claystone		12.6°	CV, EV		
Limestone	·	2.4°	AK, CS,	ES	
Claystone		23.3	CV, EV		
Submit the seam, the	following i	nformation for nd the stratum	the stratum n below the o	above the	e coal
			Neutr ntial izati ity Poter	on Ca	CO3 ficiency
alf other	than State I	Plane, indicat	e coordinate	system.	
**Indicate	water beari	ing stratum wi	th an asteri:	sk (*) und	ler

Physical Property Legend AC = Acid Producing

AK = Alkaline Producing
C = Compactible (V=Very, M=Moderate, S=Slight)
E = Erodible (V=Very, M=Moderate, S=Slight)

column labelled H2O

OHIO DEPARTMENT OF NATURAL RESOURCES DIVISION OF RECLAMATION

ATTACHMENT 13 (GEOLOGY REPORT - Underground Workings)

Applicant THE	OHIO VALLEY	COAL COMPANY	Drill Hole ∮ N84-3
*Coordinates:	x. <u>2428500</u>	Y. 718300	Surface Elevation 1262 fr
Lithology	H ₂ 0**	Thickness	Physical Properties
Topsoil			
Subsoil	***************************************		
Limestone		14.1	AK, CS, ES
Claystone	·	3.9'	CV, EV
Limestone	•	8.0'	AK, CS, ES
Shale		_10.5'	CM. EM
Limestone	•	4.41	AK, CS, ES
Claystone	•	6.1	CV, EV
Coal		3.92	AC, CS, ES
Shale	, ,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	2.88	CM, EM
Shale		21.6	CM, EM

Submit the following information for the stratum above the coal seam, the coal seam, and the stratum below the coal seam.

Stratum	Total Sulfur	Pyrite Sulfur	Potential Acidity	Neutral- ization Potential	CaCO ₃ Deficiency
-					
هر المحادث الم					
	·				-

^{*}If other than State Plane, indicate coordinate system.

**Indicate water bearing stratum with an asterisk (*) under column labelled $\rm H_2O$

Physical Property Legend

AC = Acid Producing

AK = Alkaline Producing

C = Compactible (V=Very, M=Moderate, S=Slight)

E = Erodible (V=Very, M=Moderate, S=Slight)

OHIO DEPARTMENT OF NATURAL RESOURCES DIVISION OF RECLAMATION

ATTACHMENT 13 (GEOLOGY REPORT - Underground Workings)

Applicant	THE OHIO	VALLEY	COAL	COMPANY	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , 	Drill Hole # N84-3
°Coordinat	es: X. <u>24</u> 2	28500	Y7	18300	_ Su	rface Elevation 1262 ft
Lithology	•	H ₂ 0**	Thic	kness	Phy	sical Properties
Topsoil						
Subsoil			-			
Limestone			23.	5 "	AK,	CS, ES
Claystone			<u>3.</u>	7 °	CV,	EV
Limestone	·		2.	2 °	AK,	CS, ES
Claystone			_8.	3 *	CV,	EV
Limestone			14.	0 8	AK,	CS, ES
Claystone			_6.	25 "	CV.	EV
Coal		<u>-</u>	6.	23 '	AC.	CS. ES
<u>Shale</u>		************	1.	02 '	<u>CM.</u>	EM
Limestone			1.	1 "	AK.	CS. ES
Submit the seam, the	followi	ng informand t	matic he st	on for the	e st	ratum above the coal the coal seam.
Stratum	Total Sulfur	Pyrite Sulfur		Potentia Acidity		Neutral- ization CaCO ₃ Potential Deficiency
						
***************************************			-cocca			
		~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		

^{*}If other than State Plane, indicate coordinate system.

Physical Property Legend

AC = Acid Producing

AK = Alkaline Producing

C = Compactible (V=Very, M=Moderate, S=Slight)
E = Erodible (V=Very, M=Moderate, S=Slight)

^{**}Indicate water bearing stratum with an asterisk (*) under column labelled $\rm H_2O$

Applicant	THE OHI	O VALLEY	COAL	COMPANY	Dr	ill Hole	<u>1184−3</u>
*Coordina	tes: X. <u>2</u>	428500	¥7	18300	Sur face	Elevatio	n <u>1262</u> ft
Lithology		H ₂ 0**	Thic	kness	Physical	Properti	es
Topsoil			*********	<u> </u>			
Subsoil		-					
Shale			10	.0 0	CM, EM		
			نىسىدى <u>ى</u>	<u></u>			
							
	اسان شعر مرسوس						
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	*************************************					
		• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •					
				·			·
				الاشتب <u>ور بي بي بي بي بين بين بين بين بين بين بين</u>	اده ده دین هندان ده در در این این است. در این		
Submit th	e follo	wing info	rmati the s	on for th	e stratum low the c	above thoal seam.	ne coal
Stratum	Total Sulfur	Pyrite	•	Potentia Acidity	Neutr	al- on Ca	aCO3 eficiency
•							
		o etalisas anaces Militario	~~~ <u>~~~</u>				
		·					
,					ordinate		
**Indicat	te water abelled	bearing H ₂ O	strat	um with a	n asteris	ik (*) un	der
Physical	Propert	y Legend			-		
AC = Acid AK = Alka C = Com	aline Propagation	oducing (V=Very	, M=Mo	oderate,	S=Slight)		
E = Ero	dible (\	/=Very, M	=Mode	rate, S=S	light)		

DIAMOND DRILL HOLE: M84-3 Geologist: Effeen Hertel Elevation: 1261.56 ft. Coordinates: \$ 22,786.08 M 65,608.51

Driller: Hughes Drilling Co., Dale Jarvis

Surface Owner: Richard Otto Coal Tract: Township: Smith, Section 26, SE& County: Belmont

Date Started: September 20, 1984 Date Completed: September 26, 1984 o Logged by M. J. Siplivy 235'-570'

000031		Chanks
Strata	Depth From	Strata
Thickness (Ft.)	Surface (Ft.)	
20.0 1 ^S	20.0	Non-coring.
20.7	7111	Core loss.
7.0	27.0 31.0	Shale, brown, fronstained, broken.
4.0	33.4	Claustone med GTIV. V. SOTE: 3K3:
2.4	37.9	Sandstone, shale streaks, Tine-med. graines
4.5	31.03	med. gray, sl. ironstained.
9.40	39.7	Shale, med. gray, limey.
1.8	40.6	Shale, black, limey.
0.9	52.1	: tweetone med aray, arades arg.
11.5	60.4	Sandy shale, massive, med. gray, time, occ.
8.3	00.4	eandstone streaks and DEGS.
	69.4	Shale, med. gray, arg., dark near base.
9.0	74.0	timestone med drav. DCC. GT9.
4.6	81.7	Claystone, med. gray w/some red, v. limey.
. 7.7	01.07	v. saft sks.
10.2	94.0	chale green w/some red. Brg.
12.3	106.0	Claystone, med. gray, v. limey, med. soft,
12.0	100.0	acc sks.
4 9	110.7	Shale, sl. sandy, med. gray, sl. limey.
4.7	127.7	Claustone candy limey med. Gray, med. Herv.
17.0	134.3	Sandstone, Shale Streaks, med. yraines, is
6.6	134.9	arav calcite cement, wica.
	145.8	Shale, med. gray, arg., sandy near top.
11.5	151.0	literatore med. Grav. arg.
5.2	157.5	Claystone, med. gray, limey, soft, sks.
6.5	162.8	chale, grav & red &rg.
5.3	175.7	Shale, med. gray, arg. near base.
12.9	175.9	Basa
0.2	181.7	clauseage med grav. V. 1188y. DCC. SKS.
5.8	187.7	Sandstone & shale, interbedded, med. gray,
6.0		-1 14
9.6	195.2	Claystone, dk. gray to black, med. soft, sks.
7.5	195.4	Rane_ DYT128.
0.2	197.4	WASHINGTON COAL (No. 12)
2.0	20.01	Clarain, dull, bright bands
0.5	197.9	Claystone, black, pyritic.
0.3	198.2	c-1 beight
4.0	202.2	Shale, black, abundant coal streaks, arg.
7.0	5	near top.
9.8	212.0	Sandstone, shale and carb. streaks abundant,
3.0	0.000	med. grained, med. gray, mice.
0.5	212.5	Shale, dk. gray.
17.5	230.0	Claystone, med. gray, v. limey, occ. sks.
5.5	235.5	Sandstone. 1. gray, shely.
19.8	255.3	Claystone, green-gray w/red
0.8	256.1	Shale, black, carbonaceous.
14.9	271.0	Claystone, green-gray.
22.0	293.0	Shale, med. gray.
3.5	296.5	Claystone, med. gray, carb. bottom 6".
8.5	305.0	Shale, med. gray.
1.2	306.2	Coal, MAYNESBURG (No. 11)
8.8	315.0	Shale, m. gray w/ occ. sks.
0.2	315.2	Coal. Claystone, gray-green w/occ. calc. nod.
14.8	330.0	Claystone, gray-green with the Shale, m. gray w/occ. ss interbedded.
19.5	349.5	Shale, M. gray W/occ. 32 instruction
2.75	352.25	Coal, UNIONTOWN (No. 10)
		1.88 Coel 0.46 Shale w/coel partings
		0.45 30812 mises because
		0.41 coal 2.75 Total thickness
		Cold (Area ansama

Strata Thickness (Ft.)	Depth From Surface (Ft.)	<u>Strata</u>
1.75 8.0 7.5 3.1 4.6 2.8 12.6 2.4 23.3 14.1 3.9 8.0 10.5 4.4	354.0 362.0 369.5 372.6 377.2 380.0 392.6 395.0 418.3 432.4 436.3 444.3 454.8 459.2	Claystone, med. gray. Shale, med. gray w/occ. \$5. Claystone, med. gray w/LS interbedded. Sandstone, l. gray, Calc. cement. Shale, med. gray. Limestone, l. gray. Claystone, l. gray. Claystone, gray-green w/LS interbedded. Limestone, l. gray, nod. upper 7'. Claystone, gray-green w/LS interbedded. Limestone, l. gray, nod. upper 7'. Claystone, gray-green w/LS interbedded. Limestone, l. gray w/occ. shale partings. Shale, med. gray. Limestone, l. gray. Claystone, dk. gray. Coal, SEWICKLEY (No. 9)
3.92 2.88 21.6 23.5 3.7 2.2 8.3 14.0 6.25 6.23	472.1 493.7 517.2 520.9 523.1 531.4 545.4 551.65 557.88	2.08 Coal .33 Shale, carb. 1.51 Coal 3.92 Total thickness Shale, dk. gray. Shale, med. gray w LS interbedded bot. 5'. Limestone, 1. gray w/claystone partings. Claystone, med. gray. Limestone, l. gray. Claystone, med. gray, clayey, upper 2'. Limestone, l. gray, nod. lower 3'. Claystone, med. gray. PITTSBURGH (No. 8) COAL 0.38 Roof Coal 1.10 Shale, Dk. gray 4.75 Coal, Main Bench 5.23 Total Shale, dk. gray, firm. Limestone, med. gray. Shale, med. gray.

Engineering properties and thicknesses of clays and soft rocks in the stratum immediately above and below the coal seam -- immediately above and below the Pittsburgh Seam are layers of fire-clay. Above the seam, the clay stone (4000 psi compressive strength) is 5 to 10 ft thick. This clay is often slicken-sided and weathers rapidly when exposed. However, when mining occurs, a small layer of roof coal is left in place to protect against weathering. Although this rock forms the immediate roof, above this is the Redstone Limestone -- a 12 to 17 ft thick member that forms the main roof. Generally, this member protects the surface from subsidence damage even when the clay stone members below are removed.

The bottom rock (5000 psi compressive strength) is composed of shales and clays varying in thickness from 1 to 17 ft. Generally, this member is hard and resistant to weathering unless large quantities of water are present. However, this happens rarely. Mining in the proposed permit area has been designed to allow water to drain and not pool.

The coal has a compressive strength of 4000 psi.

ADDENDUM TO ATTACHMENT 13 THE OHIO VALLEY COAL COMPANY PERMIT D-0360

Enclosed are chemical analyses of the roof and bottom rock from selected areas in the mine. Conditions in the application area are not expected to vary.

Water was probably encountered during drilling of core holes N84-3 and N86-14. However, the level encountered was not recorded.

SECTION 2 - AREAS ABOVE THE UNDERGROUND WORKINGS

- (a) Was subsurface water encountered while drilling these areas?

 * Yes, No. If "yes", describe the location of the subsurface water to include stratum and depth below surface of land.
 - * Drilling procedures did not include recording sub-surface water.
- (b) Describe the depth, classification, and the geologic structure of the overburden in these areas.

See Addendum No. 6

(c) **Sample No. 1 Stratum above Coal Stratum below Coal pyritic content 0.891 % 0.738 % -8.05 clay content n/a 31

SECTION 3 - ANALYSIS OF THE COAL SEAM

Name		Total Sulfur %	Pyrite/Marcasite Sulfur %		
Pittsburgh	8.	3.71			
Pittsburgh	8	4.38	47.9		
Pittsburgh	8	4.87	45.5		
Contraction and the contraction of the contraction					

The analyses figures on this page were derived by standard laboratory procedures using samples gathered in the coal mine. Samples were not taken during the drilling of the preceding drill hole. Drawing No. 1-83-5 in Appendix V shows the location of this sample.

Attackment 15 Cont.

SECTION 2 - AREAS ABOVE THE UNDERGROUND WORKINGS

- (a) Was subsurface water encountered while drilling these areas?

 Yes, No. If "yes", describe the location of the subsurface water to include stratum and depth below surface of land.
 - * Drilling procedures did not include recording sub-surface water.
- (b) Describe the depth, classification, and the geologic structure of the overburden in these areas.

See Addendum No. 6

pyritic content

potential alkalinity

clay content

n/a

Stratum below Coal

Stratum below Coal

0.05 %

19

SECTION 3 - ANALYSIS OF THE COAL SEAM

Name	Number	Total Sulfur %	Pyrite/Marcasite Sulfur %
Pittsburgh	8	3.71	38.8
Pittsburgh	8	4.38	47.9
Pittsburgh	8	4.87	45.5

^{**} The analyses figures on this page were derived by standard laboratory procedures using samples gathered in the coal mine. Samples were not taken during the drilling of the preceding drill hole. Drawing No. 1-83-5 in Appendix V shows the location of this sample.

SECTION 2 - AREAS ABOVE THE UNDERGROUND WORKINGS

- (a) Was subsurface water encountered while drilling these areas?

 * Yes, No. If "yes", describe the location of the subsurface water to include stratum and depth below surface of land.

 *Drilling procedures did not include recording sub-surface water.
- (b) Describe the depth, classification, and the geologic structure of the overburden in these areas.

 See Addendum No. 6
- (c) ** Sample No. 3 Stratum above Coal Stratum below Coal

 pyritic content 1.22 % 0.31 %

 potential alkalinity -40.15 215.3

 clay content n/a 20

SECTION 3 - ANALYSIS OF THE COAL SEAM

Name	Number	Total Sulfur %	Pyrite/Marcasite Sulfur %
Pittsburgh	8	3.71	38.8
Pittsburgh	8	4.38	47.9
Pittsburgh	8	4.87	45.5

The analyses figures on this page were derived by standard laboratory procedures using samples gathered in the coal mine. Samples were not taken during the drilling of the preceding drill hole. Drawing No. 1-83-5 in Appendix V shows the location of this sample.

Applicant	THE OHIO	VALLEY	COAL	COMPANY	-بنسوويو	D:	ill A	ole	<u> №6-</u>	-14
*Coordinat	es: X. <u>243</u>	1175	Y. 71	6310	_	rface	Eleva	tion	1246	_ f t
Lithology	<u> </u>	120**	Thic	kness	Phy	sical	Prope	rtie	s	
Topsoil	_									
Subsoil							,			_
Clay			2.0	00	EV					
Sandstone			0.8	30	ES					
Clay	·		3.	50	EV					
Clay				70	EV	<u> ,</u>				
Limestone	-			20	AK,	ES				
Shale			5.	50	EM					
Shale	•		_2.	10	EM			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
Claystone			1.0	00	EV					
Limestone			1.	20	AK, ES				22 0	
Submit the seam, the	e followi coal sea	ng infor m, and t	matic he st	n for t ratum b	he si elow	tratum the c Neutr	oal se	e the	e coal	Ļ
Stratum	Total Sulfur	Pyrite Sulfur	-	Potenti Acidity		izati <u>Poten</u>			CO3 Ficie	ncy
					and the second second				-	
				************						ــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــ
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	***************************************				فديتويس					
olf other										
**Indicat	e water b belled H ₂	earing s	strati	um with	an a	steris	k (*)	und	er	
Physical	- Property	Legend								
AC = Acid AK = Alka	line Prod	lucing		•	a a*					
C = Comp	actible (ible (V=V	(V=Very,	M=Mo Moder	derate, ate, S=	S=SI Sligh	ignt)		÷		

Applicant THE OF	HIO VALLEY	COAL COMPANY	Drill B	lote # <u>NS6-1</u> 4
*Coordinates: X.	2431175	Y. 716310	_ Surface Eleva	tion <u>1246</u> f
Lithology	H ₂ 0**	Thickness	Physical Prope	erties
Topsoil	· ·			-
Subsoil				
Claystone		0.40	EV	
Shale		2.00	EM	
Clay	ماندان الماندان الم	2.50	EV	
Shale		9.00	EM	
Shale		1.80	EM	
Shale		1.50	EM	
Sandstone		2.30	ES	·
Shale		14.20	EM	
Claystone		2.30	EV	
Submit the foll seam, the coal Total Stratum Sulfu	seam, and Pyrite	the stratum b		e the coal eam. CaCO3 Deficiency
#If other than	State Plan	\mathbf{ne}_{θ} indicate (coordinate syste	M .
**Indicate wate	er bearing	stratum with	an asterisk (*)	under
Physical Proper AC = Acid Produ AK = Alkaline I C = Compactib	rty Legend ucing Producing le (V=Very	, M=Moderate, =Moderate, S=	S=Slight) Slight)	

Applicant THE	OHIO VALLEY	COAL COMPANY	Drill Hole #N86-14
*Coordinates:	x. <u>2431175</u>	y. <u>716310</u>	Surface Elevation 1246 ft
Lithology	H20**	Thickness	Physical Properties
Topsoil			
Subsoil	هستونسي		
Limestone	-	0.90	AK, ES
Claystone		7.60	EV
Limestone	-	2.10	AK, ES
Shale	en metanomialistano	0.90	EM
Shale		3.60	EM
Claystone	_	0.60	EV
Shale		2.60	EM
Claystone		0.40	EV
Claystone		19.60	EV
Submit the for seam, the coa	ollowing infor al seam, and t	mation for th he stratum be	e stratum above the coal low the coal
	tal Pyrite lfur Sulfur	Potentia Acidity	Neutral- i zation CaCO ₃ Potential Deficiency
alf other tha	an State Plane	e_{σ} indicate co	ordinate system.
**Indicate w	ater bearing s led H ₂ O	stratum with a	n asterisk (*) under
Physical Pro AC = Acid Pr AK = Alkalin C = Compact E = Erodibl	oducing	M=Moderate, Moderate, S=S	S=Slight) light)

Applicant	THE OHIO	VALLEY	COAL	COMPAN	Υ	Drill B	lole <u>186-1</u> 4
*Coordinat	es: X. <u>24</u>	31175	¥. <u>71</u>	6310	Su	rface Eleva	tion1246 ft.
Lithology		H ₂ 0**	Thic	knes s	Phy	sical Prope	erties
Topsoil							**************************************
Subsoil							
Claystone			10.	40	EV		
Shale			<u>15.</u>	00	****		
Shale			10.	00	EM		*******
Shale			7.	50	EM		
Shale			11.	00	EM		
Claystone	·		5_	40	EV_		
Shale			8.	40	EM		
Claystone	-		<u>17.</u>	80	EV	·	
Sandstone			_1.	50	ES		
Submit the seam, the	e follow: coal sea	ing infor	matic he st	n for	the st	ratum above the coal se	e the coal
Stratum	Total Sulfur	Pyrite Sulfur		Potent Acidit		Neutral- ization Potential	CaCO ₃ Deficiency
					·		
·				·			
	then Oh	ata Diana		licata	coord	inate system	M .
column la	e water belled H	20	Craci	'm APC	. a.s. a.	sterisk (*)	
Physical AC = Acid							
AK = A1ka	line Pro		м=мо	derate,	, S=S1	ight)	•
E = Erod	lible (V=	Very, M=1	Moder	ate, S	=Sligh	t)	

Applicant	THE OHIO	VALLEY	COAL	COMPANY		Dr	ill Ho	le i	<u> 186-14</u>
*Coordina	tes: X. <u>24</u> 3	1175	¥7	16310	Su	rface	Elevat	ion	<u>1246</u> ft
Lithology	<u>.</u>	120**	Thic	knes s	Phy	sical	Proper	ties	<u>.</u>
Topsoil	; -					,	···		
Subsoil	-	arana maka maka a	***********						
Shale	·		15.	00	EM				
Shale			9.	00	EM		,		
Shale			1.	80	EM				
Shale			<u>2.</u>	60	EM		~~		
Shale			2.	30	EM				
Shale			_2.	10	EM		and the state of t		
Shale			_0.	25	EM_				
Coal			1.	45	AC,	ES			
Shale			2.	60	EM				
Submit th seam, the	e followi coal sea	ng infor m, and t	mation he st	n for the	he st elow	ratum the co	oal sea	the am.	coal
Stratum	Total Sulfur	Pyrite Sulfur	فائد رس	Potentia Acidity		izati Poten	on	CaC	O ₃ iciency
	Consumination of the Control of the		-					· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
									
								-	
*If other	than Sta	te Plane	e, inc	licate c	oord	inate	system	•	
**Indicat	e water block to the state of t	earing s	trati	ım with	an a	steris	k (*)	unde	r
AC = Acic $AK = Alka$ $C = Comp$	Property I Producir Iline Productible (V=V	ng lucing (V=Very,	M=Mo Moder	derate, ate, S=S	S=Sl Sligh	ight)			

ATTACHMENT 13 (GEOLOGY REPORT - Underground Workings)

Applicant THE	OHIO VALLEY	COAL COMPANY	DESTI H	OTE \$ 1190-14
*Coordinates:	x. <u>2431175</u>	y. <u>716310</u>	Surface Eleva	tion <u>1246</u> ft
Lithology	H ₂ 0**	Thickness	Physical Prope	rties
Topsoil	•			
Subsoil				
Shale		4.00	EM	
Shale		3.60	EM	·
Coal	•	0.40	AC, ES	
Shale	, 	20.80	EM	
Shale	- Children	10.20	EM	
Shale	•	0.50	EM	مورد السام المراد الم
Coal		3.00	AC, ES	
Claystone	-	4.00	EV	
Sandstone		2.10	ES	
Submit the for seam, the coa	ollowing info	rmation for th the stratum be	e stratum above	the coal
Tot Stratum Sul	al Pyrite lfur Sulfur	Potentia Acidity	Neutral- ization Potential	CaCO ₃ Deficiency

 $^{\rm *} \pm {\rm Indicate}$ water bearing stratum with an asterisk (*) under column labelled ${\rm H}_2{\rm O}$

Physical Property Legend

AC = Acid Producing

AK = Alkaline Producing

C = Compactible (V=Very, M=Moderate, S=Slight)

E = Erodible (V=Very, M=Moderate, S=Slight)

^{*}If other than State Plane, indicate coordinate system.

ATTACEMENT 13 (GEOLOGY REPORT - Underground Workings)

Applicant THE	OHIO VALLEY	COAL COMPANY	Drill Hole 186-14				
*Coordinates:	x.2431175	Y. 716310	Surface Elevation 1246 ft				
Lithology	H ₂ 0**	Thickness	Physical Properties				
Topsoil							
Subsoil							
Shale	•	4.90	EM				
Limestone		0.60	AK, ES				
Shale		5.70	EM				
Limestone		2.50	AK, ES				
Shale	· ····································	5.00	EM				
Limestone	•	10.00	AK. ES				
Shale		28.00	EM				
Limestone	**** ********************************	6.00	AK, ES				
Shale	s (********** **	2.00	EM				
Submit the following information for the stratum above the coal seam, the coal seam, and the stratum below the coal seam.							
Tot	al Pyrite	Potentia	Neutral- 1 ization CaCO3				

Acidity

**Indicate water bearing stratum with an asterisk (*) under column labelled ${\rm H}_2{\rm O}$

Physical Property Legend

Sulfur

Stratum

AC = Acid Producing

AK = Alkaline Producing

C = Compactible (V=Very, M=Moderate, S=Slight)

E = Erodible (V=Very, M=Moderate, S=Slight)

Sulfur

Deficiency

Potential

^{*}If other than State Plane, indicate coordinate system.

ATTACHMENT 13 (GEOLOGY REPORT - Underground Workings)

				•
Applicant THE	OHIO VALLEY	COAL COMPANY	Drill H	lole <u>* N86-1</u> 4
*Coordinates:	x 2431175	y. 716310	_ Surface Eleva	tion 1246 ft
Lithology	H20**	Thickness	Physical Prope	erties
Topsoil	**********			
Subsoil	_{ಆರ} ವ್ಯಾಪರಿಸರಿಗಳು			
Limestone		8.30	AK, ES	
Shale		2.40	EM	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Limestone		2.50	AK, ES	
Limestone		6.10	AK, ES	
Shale		8.40	EM	
Limestone		7.70	AK. ES	
Shale		2.20	EM	
Claystone		2.80	EV	
Shale		0.20	EM	
Submit the fo	ollowing info	rmation for th	ne stratum above	e the coal
	tal Pyrite lfur Sulfur			CaCO ₃ Deficiency
*If other the	an State Plan	e, indicate c	oordinate system	m o

Physical Property Legend

AC = Acid Producing

AK = Alkaline Producing

C = Compactible (V=Very, M=Moderate, S=Slight)

E = Erodible (V=Very, M=Moderate, S=Slight)

^{**}Indicate water bearing stratum with an asterisk (*) under column labelled H2O

ATTACHMENT 13 (GEOLOGY REPORT - Underground Workings)

					a !	. 4 9 PV	- 1 -	ANO6 36
Applicant	THE OHIO	VALLEY	COAL COMPANY		 '			<u> 186−14</u>
*Coordinat	es: X. <u>24</u>	31175	Y. 716310	Su	rface 1	Eleva	tion	<u>1246</u> ft
Lithology		H ₂ 0**	Thickness	Phy:	sical I	rope	rtie	<u>s</u>
Topsoil		~	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·					
Subsoil								
Coal			2.30	AC,	ES			
Shale			0.50	EM		······································		
Shale			1.50	EM				
<u>Shale</u>	200-21-7-0		5.10	EM			 	
Limestone			3.20	AK,	ES			
Shale			9.30	EM				
Limestone			2.60	AK,	ES	***************************************	-	
Claystone			1.50	EV				· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Shale			1.10	EM				
Submit the	followi	ng infor	mation for the	ne st	ratum	above	the	coal
seam, the	coal sea	um, and t	the stratum be				enn º	
	Total	Pyrite	Potentia	al	Neutra izatio	n	CaC	
Stratum	Sulfur	Sulfur	Acidity		Potent	ial	<u>De f</u>	iciency
	-				The second second second second		-	
							-	
								
*If other	than Sta		e, indicate c	oord i	nate s	ystem	l o	
	e water 1	pearing :	stratum with					: E
Physical AC = Acid	Property	Legend						

AK = Alkaline Producing
C = Compactible (V=Very, M=Moderate, S=Slight)
E = Erodible (V=Very, M=Moderate, S=Slight)

Applicant 1	THE OHIO	VALLEY	COAL	COMPAN	Y		Di	ill B	iole	<u>186-1</u> 4
*Coordinate	es: X. <u>24</u>	31175	¥7	<u> 16310</u>		Sur	face	Eleva	tion	<u>1246</u> ft
Lithology		H ₂ 0**	Thic	knes s	F	hys	ical	Prope	rtie	<u>s</u>
Topsoil			<u> </u>		_					
Subsoil					_					
Limestone			20.	10	A	AK,	ES	عمال معاومي		
Claystone			<u>3.</u>	00	E	EV				
Limestone			2.	40	<u> A</u>	λK.	ES			
Claystone			3.	00	F	<u>.v</u>				
Shale			0.	80	E	<u> </u>				
Shale			_1.	00	E	M		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
Shale	/		4.	20	E	M				
Limestone		en e	9.	80	Ā	AK,	ES			
Shale		engujugum	0.	30	F	M				
Submit the seam, the	followi coal sea	ng infor m, and t	matic he st	n for ratum	the belo	sti ow t	atum he c	above oal se	e the	coal
	Total Sulfur	Pyrite Sulfur		Potent Acidit		į	Neutr Zati Poten	on	CaC De f	O3 iciency
	•								-	
*If other	than Sta	te Plane	, ind	licate	COO	rdi	nate	syste	n.	
**Indicate column lab	water leelled H	pearing s	stratu	m with	a n	as	teris	k (*)	unde	er
Physical F AC = Acid AK = Alkal C = Compa E = Erodi	Property Producion ine Production	Legend ng ducing (V=Very,	M=Moder:	ierate, ate, S=	, S= =Sli	Sli Ight	ght)			

ATTACHMENT 13 (GEOLOGY REPORT - Underground Workings)

Applicant <u>T</u>	HE OHIO	VALLEY C	OAL (COMPANY		_ Drill	Hole # <u>N86</u>	<u>-1</u> 4
*Coordinate	s: X. <u>243</u>	1175	Y7]	16310	Sur f	ace Elev	ation <u>124</u>	<u>6</u> _ft
Lithology	<u>H</u>	20**	Thick	ness	Physi	cal Prop	erties	
Topsoil	-	· ·					·	
Subsoil								
Limestone			5.5	50	AK, E	S	 	
Claystone			0.8	30	EV		·	 -
Limestone		···	2.2	20	AK. E	S		
Claystone		no (Prima)	_2.	LO	E V			
Claystone			_0.3	30	EV			
Shale			0.4	40	EM			 -
Claystone			0.9	90	EV			
Shale			0.	<u> 13</u>	EM			
Coal		·	0.0	08	AC. E	\$		
Submit the seam, the o	followin	g inform	ation	n for the	e stra low th	tum abov e coal s	e the coa	1
		Pyrite Sulfur		Potentia Acidity	l iz	eutral- ation etential	CaCO ₃ Deficie	ncy
			- Carrier					
			edito (
							_	
*If other								
**Indicate water bearing stratum with an asterisk (*) under column labelled H ₂ O								
Physical P	roperty I	egend						
AC = Acid $AK = Alkal$	Producing ine Produ ctible (\	icing	M=Mod	larata 9	S=Slio	hr)		
C = Compa	ccipte (-very,	1-1100	icrace, c	1 1	/		

E = Erodible (V=Very, M=Moderate, S=Slight)



LJ HUGHES & SONS, INC.

DIAMOND CORE DRILLING Pressure Grouting, Foundation & Soil Borings 320 Tumpike Road, Summersville, West Virginia 26651 (304) 872-1111

DRILL HOLE NO. N-86-14

DRILLER: JOSEPH MILLER

DRILLING FOR: THE NACCO MINING COMPANY, POWHATAN POINT, OHIO

SURFACE ELEVATION: 1246'

STARTED: JULY 31, 1986 COMPLETED: AUGUST 5, 1986

LOCATION: OHIO, BELMONT COUNTY

SMITH TOWNSHIP SECTION 20 SOUTHWEST 1/4.

FORMATION CASING SOFT GRAY CLAY CORE LOSS BROWN SANDSTONE BROWN CLAY CORE LOSS	STRATA THICKNESS	DEPTH FROM SURFACE
PURMATION	17.60	17.60
CASING CRAY CLAY	2.00	19.60
SOLI CKVI CTVI	9.60	29.20
COKE LUSS	0.80	30.00
BROWN SANDSTONE	3.50	33.50
BROWN CLAY	6.50	40.00
CORE LOSS	0.70	40.70
SOFT GRAI CLAI	0.20	40.90
LIMESTONE	14.10	55.00
CORE LOSS	5.50	60.50
BROWN CLAY SHALE GRAY SHALE	2 10	62.60
GRAY SHALE	1.00	63.60
SOFT GRAY CLAYSTONE	1.00 1.20 0.40 9.80 2.00 2.50 5.50 9.00	64.80
LIMESTONE	0.40	65.20
RED CLAYSTONE	9.80	75.00
CORE LOSS	2.00	77.00
RED CLAYSHALE	2.50	79.50
GRAY CLAY	5.50	85.00
CORE LOSS	9.00	94.00
GRAY LIMY SHALE	y.00	95.80
SOFT RED AND GRAY CLAYS	HALE 1.80	100.00
CORE LOSS	4.20 1.50	101.50
GRAY LIMY SHALE	1.30	103.80
GRAY SANDSTONE WITH SHA	LE 2.30	
STREA	AKS	118.00
GRAY SHALE	14.20	120.30
SOFT GRAY CLAYSTONE	2.30	121.20
LIMESTONE	0.90	128.80
GRAY CLAYSTONE	7.60	130.90
GRAY LIMY SHALE GRAY SANDSTONE WITH SHA STREA GRAY SHALE SOFT GRAY CLAYSTONE LIMESTONE GRAY CLAYSTONE LIMESTONE LIMESTONE	2.10	124004

LJ HUGHES & SONS, INC.

THE NACCO MINING COMPANY
CONTINUATION OF DRILL HOLE NO. N-86-14

•		130.90
FORMATION GRAY SHALE GRAY LIMY SHALE SOFT GRAY CLAYSTONE GRAY LIMY SANDY SHALE SOFT GRAY CLAYSTONE	ETD AT A THICKNESS	DEPTH FROM SURFACE
FORMATION	SIRAIA INICANESS	131.80
GRAY SHALE	2.50	135.40
GRAY LIMY SHALE	0.60	136.00
SOFT GRAY CLAYSTONE	9 6 N	138.60
GRAY LIMY SANDY SHALE	0.40	139.00
SOFT GRAY CLAYSTONE	0.40 6.00	145.00
CORE LOSS	19.60	164.60 175.00
CORE LOSS GRAY CLAYSTONE	10.40	175.00 190.00
NADV CDAY CLAYSIURE		190.00
DAKK GRAI SANDI DUMES		200.00
GRAY SHALE GRAY SANDY SHALE GRAY SHALE RED AND GRAY CLAYSTONE GRAY LIMY SANDY SHALE GRAY LIMY CLAYSTONE GRAY LIMY SANDSTONE GRAY SANDY LIMY SHALE GRAY LIMY SHALE GRAY SANDY SHALE GRAY SANDY SHALE GRAY SHALE	10.00 7.50 11.00	207.50
GKAI SANDI SHADE	11.00	218.50
BED AND CRAY CLAYSTONE	5.40	223.90
CDAY ITMY SANDY SHALE	8.40	232.30
CRAY LIMY CLAYSTONE	17.80	250.10
CRAY LIMY SANDSTONE	1.50	251.60
GRAY SANDY LIMY SHALE	15.00	266.60
GRAY LIMY SHALE	9.00	275.60 277.40
GRAY SANDY SHALE	1.80	280.00
GRAY SHALE	2.60	282.30
CRAY SANDY SHALE	1.50	201 10
GRAY SHALE	2.10	284.65
DARK SHALE WITH PYRITE	0.25	284.40 284.65 285.70
COAL	1.05	RG (No.11) 286.00
BLACK SHALE WITH PYRITE	0.30	286.10
COAL	0.10)	288.70
GRAY SANDY SHALE	4 00	288.70 292.70
GRAY SHALE DARK SHALE WITH PYRITE COAL BLACK SHALE WITH PYRITE COAL GRAY SANDY SHALE GRAY SANDSTONE WITH SHALE STREAKS	4 . 00	
		296.30
GRAY SHALE	0.40	296.70
COAL	0.40 20.80	317.50
GRAY LIMY CLAYSHALE GRAY SANDY SHALE	10.20	327.70
GRAY SANDY SHALE	0.50	328.20 328.60
GRAY SHALE	0.401	328.60
COAL	0.40 1.45 0.15 0.50	330.05
GRAY CLAYSHALE	0.15 UNIONTOW	N (No.10) 330.20
DARK GRAY CLAYSHALE	0.50	330.70
	。 0。50/	331.20
GRAY CLAYSTONE	4.00	335.20
GRAY SANDSTONE	2.10	337.30 342.20
GRAY SHALE	4.90	342.20
LIMESTONE	0.60	342.50
GRAY LIMY SHALE	5.70	351.00
LIMESTONE	2.50	356.00
GRAY LIMY SHALE	5.00	366.00
LIMESTONE	10.00	394.00
GRAY LIMY SHALE	28.00	80 J 4 C
	• .	

LJ HUGHES & SONS, INC.

THE NACCO MINING COMPANY CONTINUATION OF DRILL HOLE NO. N-86-14

		394.00
	STRATA THICKNESS	DEPTH FROM SURFACE
FORMATION	6.00	400.00
LIMESTONE GRAY LIMY SHALE LIMESTONE GREEN LIMY SHALE SANDY LIMESTONE LIMESTONE GRAY LIMY SHALE LIMESTONE	2.00	402.00
GRAY LIMY SHALE	8.30	410.30
<u>l</u> ime stone	2.40	412.70
GREEN LIMY SHALE	2.50	415.20
SANDY LIMESTONE	4.3U	421.30
LIMESTONE	6.10	429.70
GRAY LIMY SHALE	8.40	437.40
LIMESTONE	7.70 2.20	439.60
DARK CRAY LIMI SDALE	3,11	
DARK GRAY CLAYSTONE	2.80	442.40 442.60 444.90
BLACK SHALE	v a v	444.90
	2.30 BEWICKLET (MO.D.	445.40
BLACK SHALE	0.50	446.90
GRAY SHALE	1.50	452.00
GRAY LIMY SHALE	5.10	455.20
LIMESTONE	1.50 5.10 3.20	464.50
GRAY LIMY SHALE	9.30	467.10
LIMESTONE	2.60	468.60
GRAY CLAYSTONE	1.50	469.70
DARK GRAY SHALE	1.10	489.80
LIMESTONE	20.10	492.80
GREEN CLAYSTONE	3.00	495.20
COAL BLACK SHALE GRAY SHALE GRAY LIMY SHALE LIMESTONE GRAY LIMY SHALE LIMESTONE GRAY CLAYSTONE DARK GRAY SHALE LIMESTONE GREEN CLAYSTONE LIMESTONE GREEN CLAYSTONE LIMESTONE GRAY CLAYSTONE DARK LIMY SHALE	2.40	498.20
GRAY CLAYSTONE	3.00	499.00
DARK LIMY SHALE	0.80	500.00
GRAY CLAYSHALE	1.00	504.20
GRAY LIMY SHALE	4.20	514.00
LIMESTONE	. y . ou	514.30
DARK LIMY SHALE	0.30	519.80
THESTONE	5.50	520.60
SOFT GRAY CLAYSTONE	0.80	522.80
LIMESTONE	2.20	524.90
GRAY CLAYSTONE	2.10	525.20
DARK GRAY CLAYSTONE	0.30	525.60
GRAY SHALE	0.40	526.50
SOFT GRAY CLAYSTONE	0.90	526.63
DARK SHALE	U . I a	526.71
COAL	0.08	526.95
DARK SHALB	0.24	527.66
GRAY SHALE	0.71	527.70
BONE	0.04	522.00
	, . 4.30 PITTSBURGH (No	532.10
BONY COAL	0.10	532.20
•	0.10)	532.60
GRAY SHALE	0.40	535.30
GRAY LIMY SHALE	2.70	545.00
GRAY SANDY LIMY SEALE	9.70	

TOTAL DEPTH: 543 FEET 20 BAGS CEMENT PLACED IN HOLE

ATTACHMENT 13 (GEOLOGY REPORT - Underground Workings)

Applicant _	THE OHIO VALLEY	COAL COMPANY	Drill Hole # N-90-1
*Coordinate	s: X. 2423280	Y. 719860	Surface Elevation 1279.5'
Lithology	H ₂ 0**	Thickness	Physical Properties
Topsoil	et processi and	3.00	
Subsoil		6.00	
Shale		2.00	CS, EM
Sandstone		9.00	CS.ES
Med. Sandst	one	2.5	CS ES
Shale		6.5	CS.EN
Shale		4.0	CS, EM
Sandstone		5.0	CS, ES
Shale		2.0	CS, EM
Sandstone	***************************************	2.0	CS.ES
Shale	X	4.0	CS EM

Submit the following information for the stratum above the coal seam, the coal seam, and the stratum below the coal seam.

Stratum	Total Sulfur	Pyrite Marcasite Sulfur	Potential Acidity	Neutral- ization Potential	CaCO ₃ Deficiency
Roof	2.70%	2.80%	84.35	7 <u>3.1 T/100</u> 07	T <u>11.2 T/10</u> 00T
Coal	4.07%	2.70%	127.15	1 <u>0.57 T/10</u> 00	т <u> 117 т/10</u> 00т
Floor	2.80%	2.80%	87.47	21 <u>2.94 T/10</u> 00	OT -127 T/1000T

^{*}If other than State Plane, indicate coordinate system.

Physical Property Legend

AC = Acid Producing

AK = Alkaline Producing

C = Compactible (V=Very, M=Moderate, S=Slight)
E = Erodible (V=Very, M=Moderate, S=Slight)

^{**}Indicate water bearing stratum with an asterisk (*) under column labelled H2O

Applicant	HE OH	O VALLEY	COAI	COMPANY	•	Drill H	ole # <u>N-90-</u> 1
*Coordinates	: X		¥		Surfa	ce Eleva	tion <u>1279</u> ,5'
Lithology	•	H ₂ 0**	Thic	kness	Physic	al Prope	rties
Topsoil	•						
Subsoil				-			
Sandstone		X	4.0		CS,ES		
Sandstone		1/2 to same	6.0		CS,ES		
Shale			18.0		CS,EM		·
Clay		-	2.0		CV, EM		
Shale	٠		4.0		CS.EM		
Shale	<u>.</u>		24.0		CS.EM		·
Shale		**********	18.0		CS.EM		
Siltstone	 -		18.0		CM,EM	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	April
Shale			7.0		CS.EM	The second secon	
Submit the fi	ollowi al sea	ng inform	atio ne st	n for the	e strat low the	um above coal se	the coal am.
	otal ulfur	Pyrite Marcasi Sulfur		Potentia Acidity	l iza	tral= tion ential	CaCO ₃ Deficiency
							Control of the Contro
*If other the	nan Sta	te Plane	 , ind	licate co	ordinat	e system	10
**Indicate v	water l	pearing s	tratı	um with a	n aster	risk (*)	under
Physical Pr AC = Acid P AK = Alkali C = Compac E = Erodib	roduci ne Pro tible	ng ducing (V=Very,				nt)	-

Applicant THE OF				
*Coordinates: X		Y.	Surface Elevat	ion <u>1279</u> .5'
Lithology	H ₂ 0**	Thickness	Physical Proper	ties
Topsoil				-
Subsoil				
Lime		4.0	CS,ES,AK	
Shale	-	10.0	CS.EM	
Shale		5.0	CS.EM	
Shale		1.0	CS.EM	
Sandstone		5.0	CS.ES	
Siltstone		9.0	CM,EM	
Lime		3.0	CS.ES.AK	
Shale		6.0	CS EM	
Shale		2.0	CS, EM	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Submit the followseam, the coal so	wing informand to	rmation for th the stratum be	e stratum above low the coal se	the coal am.
Total Stratum Sulfur		ite Potentia Acidity	Neutral- ization Potential	CaCO ₃ Deficiency
≈If other than S				
**Indicate water column labelled	bearing : H ₂ O	stratum with	an asterisk (*)	under
Physical Propert AC = Acid Product AK = Alkaline Pr C = Compactible E = Erodible (V	cing roducing e (V=Very,	, M=Moderate, =Moderate, S=S	S=Slight) Slight)	

Applicant THE OF	HIO VALLE	Y COAL COMPANY	Drill H	ole # <u>N-90-</u> 1
*Coordinates: X	<u></u>	Y	Surface Eleva	tion <u>1279</u> 5'
Lithology	H ₂ 0**	Thickness	Physical Prope	rties
Topsoil				
Subsoil				
Shale		_3.0	CS,EM	
Shale		1.5	CS,EM	
Coal		1.5	CS.EM.AC	·····
Clay		1.0	CV.EM	
Sandstone	***	2.0	CS.ES	
Shale		4.0	CS,EM	
Sandstone		11.0	CS,ES	
Sandstone		6.0	CS.ES	
Sandstone		12.0	CS.ES	
Submit the follow seam, the coal se	wing information	rmation for th the stratum be	e stratum above low the coal se	e the coal
Stratum Total Sulfur	Pyrite Marcasi Sulfur			CaCO ₃ Deficiency
				-
			<u> </u>	
*If other than S				•
**Indicate water column labelled	bearing H ₂ O	stratum with	an asterisk (*)	under .
Physical Propert	y Legend			
AC = Acid Product AK = Alkaline Pr	oducing		a alimba)	
<pre>C = Compactible E = Erodible (V)</pre>	e (V=Very, /=Very, 11º	, M=Mo derate, =Moderate, S=S	S=Slight)	

Applicant THE OF	IIO VALLEY	COAL COMPANY	Z Drill H	ole # <u>N-90</u> -1
*Coordinates: X		Y	Surface Eleva	tion <u>1279.</u> 5'
Lithology	H ₂ 0**	Thickness	Physical Prope	rties
Topsoil				
Subsoil				
Shale		10.0	CS.EM	
Clay		8.0	CV.EM	
Siltstone		_12.0	CM, EM	
Sandstone	<u> </u>	12.0	CS, ES	
Shale		5.0	CS.EM	
Siltstone		15.0	CM, EM	
Sandstone		6.0	CS ES	
Coal	الشنجي و منابعة الشنبي	1.0	CS, EM, AC	
Siltstone		3.0	CM.EM	
Submit the follow seam, the coal se	ing informand to	mation for the	e stratum above low the coal se	the coal
Stratum Total Sulfur	Pyrite Marcasi Sulfur			CaCO ₃ Deficiency
	~ 			
				
*If other than S				
**Indicate water column labelled	bearing : H ₂ O	stratum with a	in asterisk (*)	under
Physical Propert AC = Acid Produc AK = Alkaline Pr C = Compactible E = Frodible (V	ing oducing (V=Very,	M=Moderate,	S=Slight) Slight)	

Applicant THE O	HIO VALLEY	Y COAL COMPAN	Y Drill	Hole # <u>N-90</u> -1
*Coordinates: X	,	. ү	_ Surface Elev	ation <u>1279.</u> 5'
Lithology	H ₂ 0 **	Thickness	Physical Prop	erties
Topsoil				
Subsoil				
Sandstone		7.0	CS,ES	·
Coal		1.0	CS.EM.AC	
Shale		10.0	CS.EM	
Siltstone		9.0	CM_EM	
Sandstone	***************************************	<u>17.0</u>	CS,ES	
Sandstone	-	8.0	CS.ES	
Silt		3.0	CM EM	
Sandstone	-	5.0	CS, ES	
Shale	***	7.0	CS, EM	
Submit the follow seam, the coal se	ing informand, and t	mation for the	he stratum abov elow the coal s	e the coal eam.
Total Stratum Sulfur	Pyrite Marcasi Sulfur			CaCO ₃ Deficiency
	···			
olf other than St	tate Plane	\mathbf{e}_{θ} indicate \mathbf{c}_{θ}	oordinate syste	m .
**Indicate water column labelled i	bearing s ₁₂ 0	str atum w ith	an asterisk (†)	under
Physical Propert AC = Acid Produc AK = Alkaline Pr C = Compactible E = Erodible (V	ing oducing (V=Very,			

Applicant THE O	HIO VALLEY	Y COAL COMPANY	Drill H	ole # <u>N-90</u> -1
*Coordinates: X		Y	Surface Eleva	tion <u>1279</u> .5'
Lithology	H ₂ 0**	Thickness	Physical Prope	rties
Topsoil				
Subsoil		•		
Shale		8.0	CS,EM	
Lime		10.0	CS.ES.AK	
Lime		55.0	CS.ES.AK	
Shale		3.0	CS.EM	
Lime		5.0	CS.ES.AK	
Lime		6.0	CS.ES.AK	
Sandstone		5.0	CS, ES	
Shale	 	_5.0	CS, FM	
Coal		4.0	CS.EM.AC	
Submit the follo seam, the coal s	wing information eam, and to	rmation for th the stratum be	e stratum above low the coal se	the coal
Total Stratum Sulfur	Pyrite Marcas: Sulfur			CaCO ₃ Deficiency
	- 10-111-11		***	
	- 			
*If other than S	State Plan	e, indicate co	oordinate system	n o
**Indicate water column labelled	bearing	stratum with a	an asterisk (*)	under
Physical Proper AC = Acid Produ AK = Alkaline P C = Compactibl E = Erodible (cing roducing e (V=Very	, M=Moderat e, =Moderate, S=S	S=Slight) Slight)	

Applicant _	THE OH	IO VALLEY	COA	L COMP.	ANY		Drill	Hole	#_N-90-1
*Coordinate	s: X		¥			Sur	face Elev	atio	n <u>1279.5</u>
Lithology		H ₂ 0**	Thic	kness		Phys	sical Prop	erti	es
Topsoil		-			-				
Subsoil		-							
Siltstone			8	.0	-	CM.	EM		
Lime		the law year	_29	0		CS.	ES, AK		
Lime	or or other controls	-	3	. 0	•	CS,	ES, AK		
Lime			5	. 0		cs.	ES,AK		
Lime		د تسریر مید	6	.0		cs.	ES.AK		·
Lime		******	8	.0		CS,	ES,AK		
Lime		منبيد.	5	.0	,	CS,	ES,AK		
Clay			4.	.0		CV.	<u>em</u>		
Coal			6.	.0		CS.	EM.AC		
Submit the seam, the c	follow	ing infor	mation	n for ratum	the bel	st: .ow	ratum abov the coal s	re th seam.	e coal
	otal Sulfur	Pyrite Marcasi Sulfur	te	Potent Acidit		L	Neutral- ization Potential	Ca <u>De</u>	CO ₃
			-			- •			
*If other	than St	ate Plane	, in	dicate	cod	orđi	nate syste	em .	
**Indicate	water elled H	bearing s	trat	um wit	h ar	n as	terisk (*) und	ler
Physical P AC = Acid AK = Alkal C = Compa	Produc: ine Pro ctible	ing oducing (V=Very,	M=Mode:	oderate	e, S	S=Sl Iigh	ight)		

Applicant T	HE OHIO	VALLEY	COAI	COMPAN	IY.	Dr	ill Ho	le # <u>N-90</u> -1
*Coordinates	: X		Y	 _	_	Surface	Elevat	ion <u>1279.</u> 5'
Lithology	<u>H</u>	20**	Thic	kness	P	hysical	Proper	ties
Topsoil	_				_	·		
Subsoil							···	
Clay		 .	1	.0		CV,EM		

					_			
					-			
					_			
								·
					-			
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	_							
Submit the f	ollowir al seam	ng informant in a second response to the seco	nation	n for t	he elc	stratum ow the c	above oal sea	the coal
	otal ulfur	Pyrite Marcasi Sulfur		Potenti Acidity		Neutr izati Poten	on	CaCO ₃ Deficiency
			_					· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
								
				· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·				
#If other th	han Sta	te Plane	, in	dicate o	200	rdinate	system	•
**Indicate v column labe	water b	earing s						
Physical Pr AC = Acid P AK = Alkali C = Compac E = Erodib	roducir ne Prod tible (ng iucing (V=Very,	M=Ho Modei	oderate, rate, S=	, S: =S1:	=Slight) ight)	ı	·

TEST HOLE NO. N-90-1 SURFACE ELEVATION 1279.5°

0 3 9 Brown clay 9 11 Gray shale 11 18 Gray sandstone 18 20.5 Med gray sandstone 20.5 27 Gray & brown shale 27 31 Gray sandstone 36 38 Dark gray shale/lack 38 40 Gray sandstone/fine 40 46 Gray sandstone/fine 50 56 Brown sandstone/fine 60 104 Gray sandstone/water 60 104 Gray sandstone/water 61 80 Gray sandstone/water 62 80 Gray sandstone 63 80 Gray sandstone 64 80 Gray sandstone 65 74 Gray shale 65 75 Gray sandstone 66 104 Gray shale 67 Gray shale 68 Gray sandstone 68 Gray sandstone 69 Gray shale 60 Gray shale 60 Gray shale 60 Gray shale 60 Gray shale 61 Gray shale 62 Gray shale 63 Gray shale 64 Gray shale 65 Gray sandstone 65 Gray sandstone 66 Gray shale 67 Gray shale 68 Gray shale 69 Gray shale 60 Gray shale 60 Gray shale 61 Gray shale 61 Gray shale 62 Gray shale 63 Gray shale 64 Gray shale 65 Gray sandstone/medium shale 66 Gray sandstone/medium 67 Gray shale 68 Gray shale 69 Gray sandstone/medium 68 Gray shale 69 Gray shale 60 Gray shale 60 Gray shale 60 Gray shale 61 Gray shale 62 Gray shale 63 Gray shale 64 Gray shale 65 Gray sandstone/medium 65 Gray shale 66 Gray shale 67 Gray shale 68 Gray shale 69 Gray shale 60 Gray shale 60 Gray shale 60 Gray shale 61 Gray shale 62 Gray shale 63 Gray shale 64 Gray shale 65 Gray shale 66 Gray shale 66 Gray shale 67 Gray shale 68 Gray shale 69 Gray shale 69 Gray shale 60	FROM	TO	TYPE OF FORMATION
3 9 Brown clay 11 Gray shale 12 18 20.5 Med gray sandstone 18 20.5 27 Gray town shale 27 31 Gray sandy shale 31 36 Gray sandstone 36 38 Dark gray shale/black 38 Dark gray shale/damp 46 Gray sandy shale/damp 46 Gray sandy shale/damp 46 Gray sandy shale Gray sandy shale/damp 46 Gray sandstone/water 50 Gray sandstone/water 50 Gray sandstone Gray shale Gray sandstone Gray sandstone Gray shale Gray shale	n	3	Topsoil
9 11 18 Gray shale 11 18 20.5 Med gray sandstone 20.5 27 Gray & brown shale 20.5 27 Gray & brown shale 31 36 Gray sandstone 36 38 Dark gray shale/black 38 40 Gray sandstone/fine 40 46 Gray sandstone/fine 40 46 Gray sandstone/water 50 Gray sandstone 66 74 Gray shale 74 76 Red clay 76 80 Gray sandy shale 80 104 Gray shale 104 122 Gray sandy shale 104 122 Gray sandy shale 1140 Gray shale 1212 140 Gray shale 122 140 Gray shale 147 151 Lime 151 161 Gray medium shale 165 Gray sandy shale 166 171 Gray sandy shale 166 171 Gray sandstone/medium 171 180 Dark gray shale 183 189 Gray shale 189 191 Dark gray shale 194 195.5 Black sandy shale 194 195.5 Black sandy shale 195.5 197 Coal (No. 12) 197 198 Gray sandstone 200 Gray sandstone 201 202 Gray sandstone 202 Gray sandstone 203 204 Dark gray sandy shale 205 Gray sandstone 206 Gray sandstone 215 221 Gray sandstone 221 233 Dark gray sandstone 222 233 Dark gray sandstone 223 243 Dark gray shale 244 255 Dark gray sandstone 251 263 Gray siltstone 263 271 Gray sandstone/medium water 276 291 Gray silt stone 297 298 Coal (No. 11)			
11			
18			Grav sandstone
20.5 27 31 31 36 38 38 Dark gray shale/black 38 40 Gray sandy shale 40 46 Gray sandy shale/damp 46 50 56 Brown sandstone/fine 50 56 Brown sandstone/fine 67 68 67 80 Gray sandstone/water 80 80 104 Gray sandstone 68 60 104 Gray sandy shale 67 68 68 Gray sandy shale 68 60 104 Gray sandy shale 68 60 104 Gray sandy shale 68 60 104 Gray sandy shale 68 60 105 Gray sandy shale 60 60 60 60 60 60 60 60 60 60 60 60 60			
27			
31 36 Gray sandstone 38 Dark gray shale/black 38 40 Gray sandstone/fine 40 46 Gray sandy shale/damp 46 50 Gray sandstone/water 50 56 Brown sandstone 56 74 Gray shale 76 80 Gray sandy shale 80 104 Gray sandy shale 104 122 Gray sandy shale 104 122 Gray sandy shale 104 122 Gray sandy shale 122 140 Gray shale 147 151 Lime 151 161 Gray medium shale 165 Gray sandy shale 166 171 Gray sandy shale 166 171 Gray sandy shale 180 183 Lime 180 183 Lime 189 Gray shale 191 Dark gray sandy shale 191 194 Dark gray shale 191 194 Dark gray shale 194 195.5 Black sandy shale 195.5 197 Coal (No. 12) 197 198 Gray clay 198 200 Gray sandstone 200 204 Dark gray sandstone 200 204 Dark gray sandstone 201 204 215 Dark gray sandstone 202 204 215 Dark gray sandstone 203 221 233 Dark sandstone 223 233 243 Dark gray shale 243 251 Clay 251 263 Gray sandstone/medium water 271 276 Gray sandstone 276 291 Gray sandstone/fine 277 297 298 Coal (No. 11)			
38			
38			
40			
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80	76	80	Gray sandy shale
122			Gray shale
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147	122	140	Gray silt stone
151	140		Dark gray shale
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276 291 Gray silt stone 291 297 Gray sandstone/fine 297 298 Coal (No. 11)			
291 297 Gray sandstone/fine 297 298 Coal (No. 11)			
297 298 Coal (No. 11)			
			Coal (No. 11)
	298	301	Gray silt stone
301 308 Gray sandstone		308	
308 309 Coal (No. 10)	308	309	Coal (No. 10)

TEST HOLE NO. N-90-1 (CONTINUED) SURFACE ELEVATION 1279.5

FROM	TO	TYPE OF FORMATION
309	319	Dark gray sandy shale
319	328	Gray silt stone
328	345	Gray sandstone/fine
345	353	Gray sandstone/fine
353	356	Gray silt - trace of coal
356	361	Gray sandstone
361	368	Gray sandy shale
363	371	Dark gray sandy shale
371	381	Lime
381	436	Lime w/shale bands
436	439	Green shale
439	444	Lime
444	458	Darker lime w/shale bands
458	463	Hard sandstone
463	468	Medium gray shale w/trace of coal
468	472	Coal (No. 9)
472	480	Gray/light/siltstone
480	519	Lime/hard
519	522	Lime/softer
522	527	Hard broken lime
527	533	Soft lime
533	5 4 5	Broken lime
545	550	4° 10" lime
550	5 54	4°5" clay
554	5 6 0	5' 2" coal 62" (No. 8)
560	5 61	l'4" clay
561	5 6 3	2º loss

Set 21'5" of 6" Casing

ATTACHMENT 13 (GEOLOGY REPORT - Underground Workings)

Applicant THE OF	HIO VALLE	COAL COMPANY	Y Drill Hole #_N-90-2
*Coordinates: X	2431550	Y. 720290	Surface Elevation 1251.5 '
Lithology	H ₂ 0**	Thickness	Physical Properties
Topsoil		2.0	
Subsoil		5.0	
Clay		3.0	CV.EM
Shale	دننسیجی	3.0	CS,EM
Lime	and the second second	6.0	CS.ES.AK
Shale	<u> X</u>	13.0	CS.EM
Clay		4.0	CY, EM
Shale		9.0	CS,EM
Claystone		17.0	CV.EM
Shale		13.0	CS.EM
Lime		7.0	CS, ES, AK

Submit the following information for the stratum above the coal seam, the coal seam, and the stratum below the coal seam.

Stratum	Total Sulfur	Pyrite Marcasite Sulfur	Potential Acidity	Neutral- ization Potential	CaCO ₃ Deficiency
Roof	7.31%	5.70%	228.36	4 <u>.45 T/100</u> 0T	224 T/1000T
Coal	5.66%	4.18%	176.82	7 <u>.17 T/100</u> 0T	170 T/1000T
Floor_	1.42%	1.37%	44.36	658 T/1000T	-613 T/1000T

*If other than State Plane, indicate coordinate system.

**Indicate water bearing stratum with an asterisk (*) under column labelled H20

Physical Property Legend AC = Acid Producing

AK = Alkaline Producing

C = Compactible (V=Very, M=Moderate, S=Slight) E = Erodible (V=Very, M=Moderate, S=Slight)

TOVCC 15184

Applicant THE OH	IO VALLEY	COAL COMPANY	y Drill He	ole # <u>N-90-</u> 2
*Coordinates: X		¥	Surface Eleva	tion <u>1251.</u> 5'
Lithology	H ₂ 0**	Thickness	Physical Prope	rties
Topsoil				
Subsoil				
Silt		13.0	CM.EM	
Shale		7.0	CS,EM	
Shale		13.0	CS,EM	
Lime		8.0	CS, ES, AK	
Shale		40.0	CS,EM	
Shale		4.5	CS,EM	
Coal		2.5	CS, EM, AC	
Clay		14.0	CV, EM	
Siltstone	<u>x</u>	19.0	CM.EM	
Submit the follow seam, the coal se	ing infor	mation for the	ne stratum above low the coal se	the coal
Total Stratum Sulfur	Pyrite Marcasi Sulfur			CaCO ₃ Deficiency
				-
*If other than St				
**Indicate water column labelled !	bearing : 1 ₂ 0	stratum with	an asterisk (*)	under
Physical Propert	y Legend			
AC = Acid Produc AK = Alkaline Pr	oducing	10-10-3	0-01 i ab + 1	
C = Compactible E = Erodible (V	, v=very) =Very, كا=	_ m=moderate, =Moderate, S=1	Slight)	

ATTACHMENT 13 (GEOLOGY REPORT - Underground Workings)

Applicant THE OHI	O VALLEY	COAL COMPANY	Drill Ho	ole # <u>N-90</u> -2
*Coordinates: X		Υ	Surface Elevat	ion <u>1251</u> .5'
Lithology	H ₂ 0**	Thickness	Physical Proper	ties
Topsoil				
Subsoil				
Shale		25.0	CS,EM	
Shale		3.0	CS,EM	
Siltstone		26.0	CM.EM	
Silt		21.0	CM EM	
Coal		2.0	CS.EM.AC	
Silt		4.0	CM, EM	
Sandstone		4.0	CS,ES	
Siltstone		6.0	CM, EM	
Siltstone		26.0	CM,EM	
Submit the follows seam, the coal sea	ing infor	mation for the	e stratum above Low the coal se	the coal am.
Total Stratum Sulfur	Pyrite Marcasi Sulfur		Neutral∽ l ization Potential	CaCO ₃ Deficiency
		`		
				<u> </u>
	Company of the Compan			
*If other than St				
**Indicate water column labelled H	bearing s	stratum with a	n asterisk (*)	under
Physical Property AC = Acid Product AK = Alkaline Pro C = Compactible E = Erodible (V	ing oducing (V=Very,	M=Moderate, -Noderate S=S	S=Slight) light)	

ATTACHMENT 13 (GEOLOGY REPORT - Underground Workings)

Applicant	THE OH	O VALLEY	COAL COMPAN	Y Drill	Hole # <u>N-90-</u> 2
*Coordinates	: Х		Υ	Surface Elev	ation <u>1251.</u> 5'
Lithology	,	H ₂ 0**	Thickness	Physical Prope	erties
Topsoil		: :			
Subsoil					
Siltstone	_		6.0	CM, EM	
Coal			2.0	CS,EM,AC	
Siltstone		olir times	10.0	CM,EM	~
Siltstone			2.0	CM, EM	
Silt	_	X	21.0	СМ.ЕМ	 -
Silt			80.0	CM, EM	
Shale			3.0	CS.EM	
Coal			3.0	CS, EM, AC	
Siltstone			8.0	CM, EM	
Submit the fi	followi oal sea	ng informand t	mation for the	ne stratum abovelow the coal s	e the coal eam.
	otal ulfur		te Potentia Acidity		
-		<u> </u>			
olf other th	han St	ate Plane	e, indicate co	oordinate syste	em .
andicate column labe	water 11ed H	bearing s	stratum with	an asterisk (*)	under
	roduci ne Pro tible	ng ducing (V=Very,	M=Moderate, Moderate, S=S		

ATTACHMENT 13 (GEOLOGY REPORT - Underground Workings)

Applicant	THE OH	IO VALLEY	COAL COMPANY	Drill H	ole # <u>N-90-</u> 2	
*Coordinat	es: X	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Υ	Surface Eleva	tion <u>1251</u> .5'	
Lithology		H ₂ 0**	Thickness	Physical Prope	rties	
Topsoil						
Subsoil			-			
Clay			1.0	CV, EM		
Clay			4.0	CV.EM	-	
Shale			6.0	CS_EM		
Coal	· 		2.0	CS.EM.AC	~	
Lime			26.0	CS,ES,AK		
Silt			3.0	CM, EM		
Lime			4.0	CS.ES.AK		
Sandstone			6.0	CS.ES		
Sandstone	·····		15.0	CS.ES		
Submit the seam, the	e follow coal se	ing infor am, and t	mation for th the stratum be	e stratum above low the coal se	the coal am.	
Stratum	Total Sulfur	Pyrite Marcasi Sulfur			CaCO ₃ Deficiency	

		 :				
				oordinate system		
**Indicate	e water belled F	bearing :	stratum with a	n asterisk (*)	under	
Physical	Propert	y Legend				
AC = Acid $AK = Alka$	line Pr	oducing	N-Modorato	S=Slight)		
C = Comp $E = Erod$	actible (V	(v=very, =Very, ਖ਼=	M=Moderate, Moderate, S=S	Slight)		

ATTACHMENT 13 (GEOLOGY REPORT - Underground Workings)

Applicant	THE OH	IO VALLE	Y COA	L COMP.	ANY	Drill H	lole # <u>N-90-</u> 2
[‡] Coordinat	es: X		Y		s	urface Eleva	tion <u>1251</u> .5'
Lithology		H ₂ 0**	Thic	kness	Ph	ysical Prope	erties
Topsoil							
Subsoil				**************************************	-		
Clay			4.	0	CY	, EM	
Coal			1.	0	CS	S,EM,AC	-
Clay			1.	0	CV	, EM	
Coal			3.	0	CS	S,EM,AC	
Slate			1.	.0	CS	S,ES	
Clay			7.	.0	<u>C1</u>	7,EM	
							
	····						
Submit the	e follow coal se	ing info	rmation the s	on for tratum	the s	stratum above w the coal s	e the coal eam.
Stratum	Total Sulfur	Pyrite Marcas Sulfur	ite	Poten Acidi		Neutral- ization Potential	CaCO ₃ Deficiency
				The same of the sa	<u>(</u>		
*If other	than St	ate Plan	e, in	dicate	coor	dinate syste	em .
	e water	bearing				asterisk (*)	
Physical AC = Acid AK = Alka C = Comp	l Produc aline Pro actible	ing oducing (V=Very	, м=м	oderat	e, S= S=S1i	Slight)	

TEST HOLE NO. N-90-2 SURFACE ELEVATION 1251.5°

FROM	TO	TYPE OF FORMATION
0	2	Top soil - brown clay
2	7	Brown sandstone
7	10	Brown clay
10	13	Brown sandy shale
13	19	Lime w/shale bands
19	32	Gray/brown sandy shale
19	32	water at 21'
32	36	Brown clay
3 <i>2</i> 36	45	Gray sandy shale
	. 62	Gray clay stone
45	75	
62 75	82	Gray sandy shale
		Lime sandstone/fine
82	95	Gray silt
95	. 102	Red sandy shale
102	115	Gray sandy shale
115	123	Lime
123	163	Gray sandy shale
163	167.5	Black shale
167.5	170	Coal (No. 12)
170	184	Clay dark gray
184	203	Gray siltstone damp
203	228	Gray sandy shale
228	231	Red sandy shale
231	257	Gray siltstone
257	278	Dark gray silt/hard
278	280	Coal (No. 11)
280	284	Gray silt
284	288	Gray sandstone/fine
288	294	Dark gray siltstone
294	320	Gray siltstone
320	326	Dark gray siltstone
326	328	Coal (No. 10)
328	338	Gray siltstone
338	340	Dark gray siltstone
340	361	Gray silt w/lime bands/damp
361	441	Light gray silt w/shale bands
441	444	Gray shale
444	447	Coal (No. 9)
447	455	Gray siltstone
455	456	Gray clay
456	460	Light clay
460	466	Dark gray shale
466	468	Coal (No. 9A)
468	494	Lime w/shale bands
494	497	Dark gray silt
497	501	Lime
501	507	Dark gray sandstone
507	· 522	Light sandstone w/shale bands

TEST HOLE NO. N-90-2 (CONTINUED) SURFACE ELEVATION 1251.5

FROM	TO	TYPE OF FORMATION				
522	526	3'8-1/2" clay				
526	527	12" coal				
527	528	12 ^m binder				
528	533	$4'10-1/2^m$ coal (No. 8)				
533	534)	8 ^m slate				
	534)	2™ coal				
534	541	7°9" clay				

Set 33' of 6" Casing

ATTACHMENT 13 (GEOLOGY REPORT - Underground Workings)

Applicant _	THE OHIO VALLE	Y COAL COMPAN	y Drill Hole # <u>N-90</u> -3
*Coordinate	s: X. 2423210	Y. 717730	Surface Elevation 1104.5'
Lithology	H ₂ 0**	Thickness	Physical Properties
Topsoil		4.0	
Subsoil	-	1.0	
Siltstone		13.0	CM, EM
Clay		3.0	CV,EM
Shale	<u> </u>	20.0	CS,EM
Siltstone	<u> </u>	29.0	CM, EM
Clay		3.0	CV,EM
Siltstone	X	9.0	CM, EM
Limestone		1.0	CS.ES.AK
Shale		13.0	CS.EM
Limestone		2.0	CS.ES.AK

Submit the following information for the stratum above the coal seam, the coal seam, and the stratum below the coal seam.

Stratum	Total Sulfur	Pyrite Marcasite Sulfur	Potential Acidity	Neutral- ization Potential	CaCO ₃ Deficiency
Roof	1.84%	1.83%	57.48	13.1 T/10007	45.3T/1000T
Coal	4.26%	2.10%	133.08	5 <u>.02 T/100</u> 07	T <u>129 T/100</u> 0T
Floor	2.05%	1.85%	89.03	4 <u>13 T/1000</u> T	-324 T/1000T

^{*}If other than State Plane, indicate coordinate system.

Physical Property Legend

AC = Acid Producing

AK = Alkaline Producing

C = Compactible (V=Very, M=Moderate, S=Slight) E = Erodible (V=Very, M=Moderate, S=Slight)

^{**}Indicate water bearing stratum with an asterisk (*) under column labelled H2O

GEOLOGY REPORT - Underground Workings)

Applicant	THE OHIO	VALLEY	COAL COMPANY	Drill Ho	ole # N-90-3	
*Coordinates	: X		¥	Surface Elevat	ion <u>1104.</u> 5'	
Lithology	<u> </u>	20**	Thickness	Physical Proper	ties	
Topsoil	-	~ ~~~				
Subsoil	·					
Siltstone			5.0	CM, EM		
Clay			3.0	CV,EM		
Sandstone			2.0	CS,ES		
Siltstone			6.0	CM, EM		
Limestone			1.0	CS,ES,AK		
Shale			4.0	CS, EM		
Silt	<u> </u>		9.0	CN.EM		
Coal			2.5	CS, EM, AC		
Siltstone			7.5	CM, EM		
Submit the seam, the co	Following al sear	ng informant and the	mation for th he stratum be	e stratum above low the coal se	the coal am.	
	otal ulfu <u>r</u>	Pyrite Marcasi Sulfur	te Potentia Acidity	Neutral- ization Potential	CaCO ₃ Deficiency	
			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			
	· · · · · ·					
*If other t	han Sta	te Plane	e_{σ} indicate co	oordinate system	l o	
**Indicate column labe	water b lled H ₂	earing s O	tratum with	an asterisk (*)	under	
Physical Pr AC = Acid F AK = Alkali C = Compac E = Erodik	Producia ne Prod tible	ng iucing (V=Very,	M=Moderate, Moderate, S=8	S=Slight) Slight)		

ATTACHMENT 13 (GEOLOGY REPORT - Underground Workings)

				Drill Ho	
*Coordinates	: X		Y	Surface Elevat	ion <u>1104.</u> 5'
Lithology	<u>H</u>	20**	Thickness	Physical Proper	ties
Topsoil		,			
Subsoil					
Siltstone			39.0	CM, EM	
Coal	<u> </u>		2.0	CS.EM.AC	
Silt			8.0	CM, EM	
Limestone			8.0	CS,ES,AK	
Siltstone	·		5.0	CM.EM	
Limestone	<u> </u>	 ,	11.0	CS.ES.AK	
Silt			12.0	CM EM	
Limestone			7.0	CS, ES, AK	
Shale		سیندی	2.0	CS.EM	
Submit the f	ollowin al seam	inform , and the	mation for the	e stratum above low the coal sea	the coal am.
	otal ulfur	Pyrite Marcasi Sulfur	te Potentia Acidity	Neutral- l ization Potential	CaCO ₃ Deficiency
					
⇔If other ti	han Stai	te Plane	, indicate co	ordinate system	•
	water be	earing s		n asterisk (*)	
	roducin ne Prod tible (g lucing V=Very,	M=Moderate,		

ATTACHMENT 13 (GEOLOGY REPORT - Underground Workings)

Applicant TH	E OHIO VALLE	Y COAL COMPA	NY Drill	Hole # N-90-3	
*Coordinates:	Х	Y	Surface Elev	ation <u>1104.</u> 5'	
Lithology	H ₂ 0**	Thickness	Physical Prop	erties	
Topsoil	*				
Subsoil					
Limestone		5.0	CS, ES, AK		
Siltstone		4.0	CM, EM		
Siltstone	*****	8.0	CM, EM		
Limestone		4.0	CS, ES, AK		
Shale		1.0	CS,EM		
Limestone		1.0	CS, ES, AK		
Siltstone	***************************************	2.0	CM, EM		
Limestone		23.0	CS.ES.AK		
Coal		4.0	CS.EM.AC		
Submit the for seam, the coar	l seam, and	the stratum	the stratum above below the coal s	ve the coal seam.	
Stratum Sul		ite Potent		CaCO ₃ Deficiency	
*If other tha	n State Plan	ne, indicate	coordinate syste	em.	
**Indicate wa column labell	ter bearing ed H ₂ O	stratum with	an asterisk (*) under	
Physical Prop AC = Acid Prop AK = Alkaline C = Compacti E = Erodible	oducing e Producing ible (V=Very		, S=Slight) =Slight)		

GEOLOGY REPORT - Underground Workings)

Applicant	THE OH	10 VALLEY	COAL	COMPANY	7	Drill He	ole # <u>N-90-</u> 3
*Coordinat	es: X		Y		Sur	face Eleva	tion <u>1104.</u> 5'
Lithology		H ₂ 0*°	Thick	ness	Phys	ical Prope	rties
Topsoil							
Subsoil							
Claystone			9.	00	CV.	BM	
Limestone		-	2.	00	CS.J	ES, AK	
Lime			7.	0	CS,	ES, AK	
Siltstone			7.	0	CM,	<u>em</u>	
Limestone			<u>27.</u>	0	CS.	ES, AK	
Shale			3.	0	CS,	em	_
Limestone			4.	<u>o</u>	CS.	ES.AK	
Clay	 		6.	0	CV.	RM, AC	
Limestone		-	_11_	0	CS,	ES, AK	
Submit the seam, the	e follow coal se	ing infor	mation he st	n for the	e str low t	atum above he coal se	the coal am.
Stratum	Total Sulfur	Pyrite Marcasi Sulfur		Potentia Acidity	1 3	leutral- ization Potential	CaCO ₃ Deficiency
		<u> </u>			- -		
<u> </u>		<				<u>-</u>	
						nate system	
°≈Indicat column la	e water belled i	bearing s ₁₂ 0	tr at u	m with a	ın as	terisk (*)	unaer
Physical AC = Acid AK = Alka C = Comp	l Produc Lline Pr pactible	ing oducing (V=Very,	M=Mo: Moder:	derate, ate. S=S	S=Sl:	ight)	

ATTACHMENT 13 (GEOLOGY REPORT - Underground Workings)

Applicant	THE OF	IIO VALLE	Y COA	L COMPAN	1 X	Drill H	ole \$ <u>N-90-</u> 3
¢Coordina	tes: X	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	¥		_ St	rface Eleva	tion <u>1104.</u> 5'
Lithology		H20 & &	Thic	kness	Phy	sical Prope	rties
Topsoil							
Subsoil							
Siltstone			11.	.0	CM.	EM	
Coal			1.	.0	CS.	EM, AC	
Silt			1,	.0	CM	EM	
Coal			5_	.0	CS	EM, AC	
Clay			6.	.0	CV.	EM	
					•		
	·		•		· · ·	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
	· 					<u>,</u>	
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·				· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Submit the	ne follow coal se	ving information and	rmatiche s	on for t tratum b	he s	tratum above the coal se	e the coal eam.
Stratum	Total Sulfur			Potenti Acidity		Neutral- ization Potential	CaCO ₃ Deficiency
							
							
		 			 -		
of other	than S	tate Plan	e, in	dicate o	coord	inate system	.
e Indica column la	te water abelled 1	bearing	strat	um with	an a	sterisk (*)	under
AC = Aci $AK = Alk$ $C = Com$	d Produc aline Pr pactible	y Legend ing oducing (V=Very	, N=M	oderate, rate. S=	S=S :Slig	light) ht)	

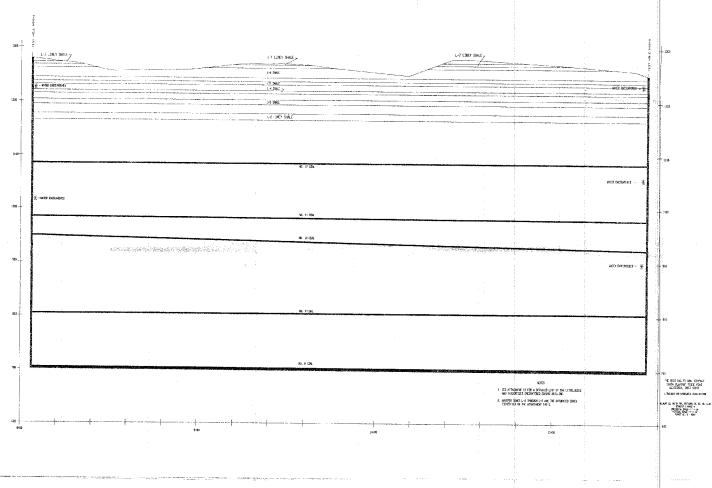
TEST HOLE NO. N-90-3 SURFACE ELEVATION 1104.5'

FROM	TO	TYPE OF FORMATION
0	4	Topsoil
4	5	Limestone
5	18	Gray siltstone
18	21	Gray clay
21	41	Black sandy shale/damp at 21'
41	72	Gray siltstone/damp at 68'
72	75	Clay
72 75	84	Gray siltstone/water at 81'
84	85	Limestone
85	98	Dark gray shale
		Limestone
98	100	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
100	105	Gray siltstone
105	108	Gray shaley clay
108	110	Gray sandstone
110	116	Gray siltstone
116	117	Limestone
117	121	Gray shale w/clay streaks
121	130	Gray silt
130	132.5	Coal 2-1/2' (No. 11)
132.5	140	Gray siltstone
140	179	Dark siltstone
179	181	Coal 2' (No. 10)
181	189	Gray silt
189	197	Limestone
197	202	Gray siltstone
202	213	Limestone w/siltstone bands
213	225	Dark gray silt w/lime bands
225	232	Limestone w/shale bands
232	234	Gray shale
234	239	Limestone
239	243	Dark gray siltstone
243	251	Light gray siltstone
251	255	Limestone
	255 256	Dark gray shale
255		
256	257	Limestone
257	259	Gray siltstone
259	282	Limestone
282	286	Coal (No. 9)
286	295	Claystone
295	297	Limestone
297	304	Limey shale
304	311	Siltstone
311	338	Limestone/shale bands
338	341	Dark gray shale
341	345	Limestone
345	351	Trace of coal/clay (Redstone)
351	362	Limestone
362	373	Siltstone w/limestone
373		

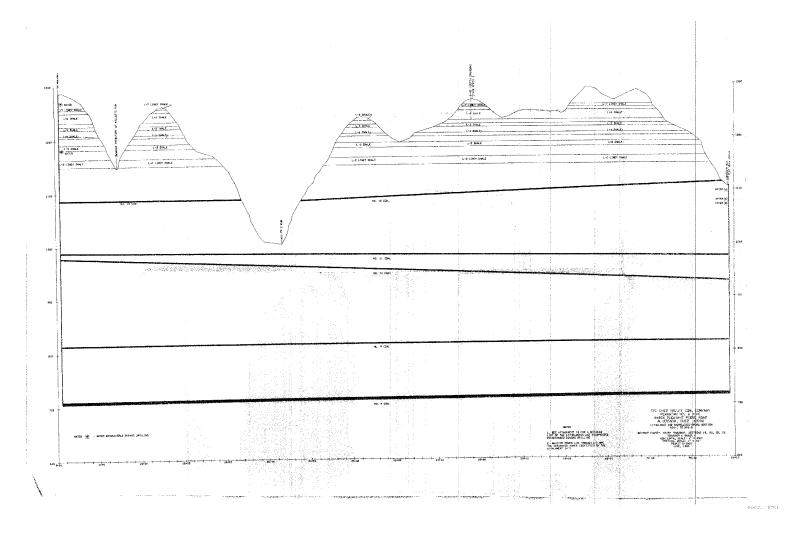
TEST HOLE NO. N-90-3 (CONTINUED) SURFACE ELEVATION 1104.5

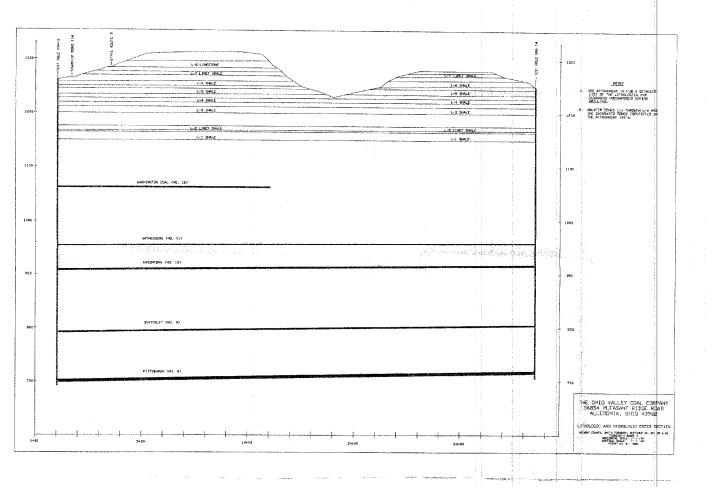
FROM	TO	TYPE OF FORMATION
374	375	Gray clay silt
378	383	Coal (No. 8)
383	389	Clay
	,	•

Set 22° of 6° Casing



TOVEC 165





W0900 1850

ADDENDUM TO PART 2, PAGE 17, B THE OHIO VALLEY COAL COMPANY POWHATAN NO. 6 MINE PERMIT D-0360

GEOLOGY DESCRIPTION

Stratigraphy of the proposed permit area is formed by the Monongahela formation of the Pennsylvania period, and the Dunkard group of Permian time. The primary strata of both sections consists of an alternating sequence of limestone, sandstone, siltstone, shale, claystone, and coal.

The Monongahela formation is approximately 245 feet thick. In ascending order, it occupies the interval from the Pittsburgh No. 8 to the Waynesburg No. 11 Coalbed. Approximately 50 to 70 percent of this formation is made up of limestone.

The Dunkard group is 250 to 300 feet thick, occupying the interval from the Waynesburg No. 11 Coalbed to the surface. Primary rock units here include shale, siltstone, and sandstone. Limestone forms about 10 percent of the maximum total thickness.

Structurally, the Pittsburgh No. 8 Coalbed rises west to northwest at grades under one percent.

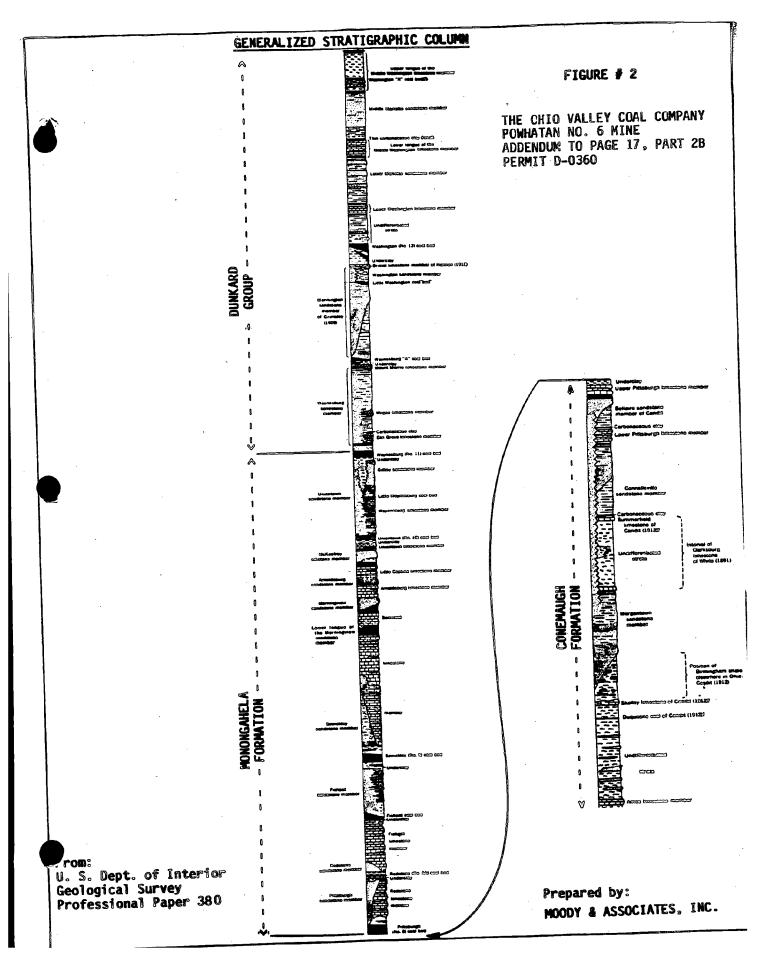
Please refer to Figure 2.

Geology and Coal Resources of Belmont County, Ohio, Geological Survey Professional Paper 380, reports that a small dome-shaped anticline lies in the eastern part of Belmont County within the eastern Smith Township near Jacobsburg. However, since this structure is located over 3 miles east of the application area, it has no impact on the ground water movement within the general area of the application. There is evidence of this structure in the Powhatan No. 3 Mine (closed in 1983), but it does not extend into the No. 6 mine reserve.

The report also indicates a graben fault extends into Smith Township, Belmont County. This structure was discovered in the Powhatan No. 3 Mine. Core drilling in the eastern part of the No. 6 Mine reserve has detected the fault. Recently, a minor gravity-type fault was intersected in the Main North entries near the southeast corner of the application area (see enclosed report). In this location, the coal seam is displaced approximately five feet. The faulted zone averages approximately 90 feet measured perpendicular to the strike of the fault. It appears that the fault displacement is decreasing to the west. At the No. 3 Mine, and in locations east of the application area, the displacement is over 40 feet. As mining encounters the fault, the mining unit will simply ramp down to the lowered part of the coal seam, and only the

normal mining height will be taken. Because the fault displacement appears to be decreasing, no differential settlement is expected. There are no structures located over the fault. No impact upon ground water movement is expected. Actually, core holes further west of the main entries indicate that the fault may not exist in that area. (See Map OV-LW-90-2 Timing, Structural Contours, and Parcel Map)

Given the general character of the formations above the Pittsburgh (No. 8) coal seam, our experience has been that most ground water has been developed directly above the tight formations such as shales or clays. These units tend to act as aquicludes and prevent downward migration of ground water. Instead, when ground water encounters these tight formations, it begins to flow horizontally along joints and bedding planes above the shale or clay. Periodically and predominantly at the head of small streams in the area, the ground water surfaces as springs that feed the streams.



INTER-OFFICE CORRESPONDENCE

The Ohio Valley Coal Company

ALLEDONIA, OHIO 43902

DATE: November 9, 1990

TO:

Robert E. Murray

SUBJECT: North Mains Fault

FROM:

William J. Siplivy W/S

At your request, an investigation was made to determine the nature and extent of the fault recently encountered in the north mains. The study included mine inspections on November 1 and 8, made in the company of Maynard St. John, a study of mine maps, and a review of the N86 Core Drilling Report.

Type and Location of Fault

The north mains fault is a normal or gravity-type fault. The principal stress causing the fault is vertical. The trend is N60 to 66° W.

The fault was encountered in the north mains directly east of the 8 West longwall headgate (see attached map). The north side of the fault is down-thrown with a displacement of 5 feet. In the belt entry, the coal had been rising about 5 percent prior to intersecting the fault at 43 + 36. A 5 foot vertical displacement then occurred over a lineal distance of about 30 feet. North of this fault, in the belt entry, the coal remained in a structural trough for about 100 feet before noticeably rising again. Where the seam made this elevation rise there was no evidence of shear or displacement. The seam then appeared to be rather flat-lying to gently rising toward the north main faces at 49 + 00, over 450 feet away from the sharp rise.

Based on this limited observation it is possible that the north mains are now through the fault. If so, the calculated true width of the fault is approximately 90 feet.

In the #1 entry of the north mains, at 44 + 10, the fault had a displacement of two feet. Within this zone, at least six low angle fault planes were observed in the immediate roof.

Coal Thickness

The main bench of coal generally ranged from 56 to 58 inches on both sides of the fault. Thickness discontinuities were observed only along the fault planes. About 100 feet north of the fault, the main bench reached 60 to 61 inches, then toward the current faces, thinned to 51 to 53 inches.

Roof coal is thin or completely absent throughout the fault area and to the north. These trends conform to the N86 report.

Projected Conditions

The north mains fault appears to show a relationship to the fault zone identified in the N86 report. In that report, the fault was shown to extend southwesterly from the No. 3 Mine into the No. 6 Mine reserve, then change to a northwest bearing directly north of the 3 East Submain.

Mining conditions are projected to be very severe where the bearing changes. Drilling confirms the Pittsburgh Seam has been down-thrown 40 to 50 feet in a graben-type fault, that was 800 to 900 feet wide in the No. 3 Mine.

The severity of the fault appears to lessen considerably as it trends from this point to the north mains. Conditions in the north mains are troublesome but still manageable.

Predicting the extent of the fault is difficult to assess at this point in time. In the worst case, it will continue along its current bearing, pass through the 9 West longwall panel, then intersect 9 West headgate somewhere between 15 + 00 and 20 + 00. We will only know this after the 9 West headgate has been driven. On the other hand, since the fault appears to be lessening in severity northwestward, it may very well dissipate somewhere in the #9 longwall panel, possibly within 500 feet.

In my opinion, near term exploration for the fault, in the study area, should be limited to data collected from mine development. Our best predictive tool continues to be the on-going monitoring of coal elevations, main bench thickness, and the occurrence of roof coal.

Please let me know if there are any questions.

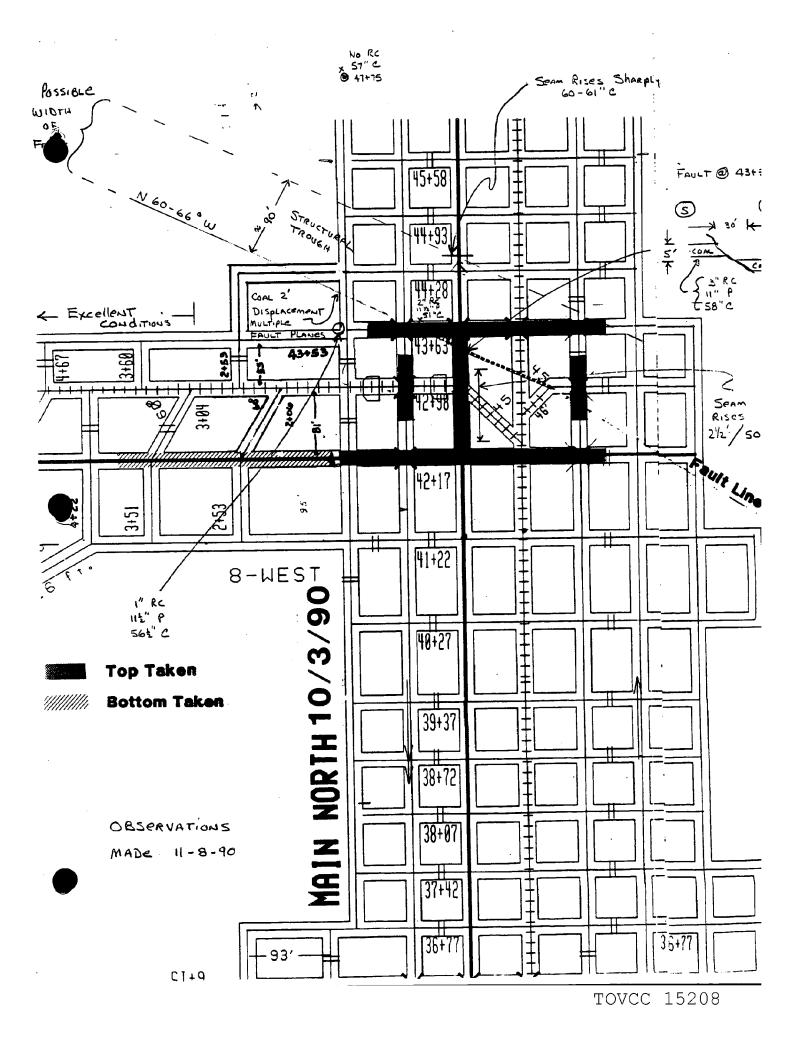
cc: M. R. St. John

J. R. Forrelli

C. H. Daub

C. R. Kaluger

F: No.6 / FAULT



- B. (2) Submit an addendum describing how the areal and structural geology may affect the occurrence, availability, movement, quantity, and quality of potentially affected surface and ground waters per paragraph (C) of rule 1501:13-4-13 of the Administrative Code.
 - See Addendum to Page 17, Part 2, B

 (3) For those areas to be affected by underground mining surface operations where removal of the overburden down to the level of the coal seam will occur, submit Attachment 12(s) as required by paragraphs (C)(2)(a) and (c) of rule 1501:13-4-13 of the Administrative Code.
 - (4) For those areas within the shadow area where the stratum above the coal seam to be mined will not be removed, submit Attachment 13(s) as required by paragraphs (C)(2)(d) and (e) of rule 1501:13-4-13 of the Administrative Code.

See Attachment 13 C. GROUND WATER INFORMATION-Permit, Shadow Area, and Adjacent Area

- (1) Submit an Attachment 14B which describes the ground water hydrology of the proposed permit area, shadow area, and adjacent area. The Attachment 14B is to include information on each waterbearing stratum or zone as required by paragraph (D) of rule 1501:13-4-13 of the Administrative Code, including the first waterbearing stratum below the coal to be mined.

 See Attachment 14B
- (2) Are there any wells on the proposed permit area, shadow area, and adjacent area? X Yes, No. If "yes," submit Attachment 14C.

 See Attachment 14C
- See Attachment 14C
 (3) Are there any springs on the proposed permit area, or developed springs on the shadow area and adjacent area? X Yes, No. If "yes," submit Attachment 14C.
- See Attachment 14C

 (4) Are there any public water supply sources on the proposed permit area, shadow area, and adjacent area?

 Yes, X No. If "yes," submit Attachment 14A, Attachment 14D, and show location on the hydrology map.
- See Attachment 14D and Hydrology Map

 (5) Submit Attachment 14A for representative wells and developed springs as required by paragraph (D) (4) of rule 1501:13-4-13. Based on this data identify the seasonal variations of ground water quality and quantity.

See Attachment 14A



Addendum to Page 18, C The Ohio Valley Coal Company Powhatan No. 6 Mine Permit D-0360

April 20, 1990

Ohio Department of Natural Resources Division of Water Fountain Square Columbus, Ohio 43224

Dear Sirs:

Enclosed is a map depicting an area of Smith Township, Belmont County, Ohio, that is planned to be mined using longwall mining techniques. Please provide us with a ground water inventory report for this area. The map is a part of the USGS 7½ minute Armstrong Mills Quadrangle.

As this is an essential part of our permitting for the longwall, your prompt consideration in this matter would be greatly appreciated. If you have any questions, please contact me.

Very truly yours,

THE OHIO VALLEY COAL COMPANY

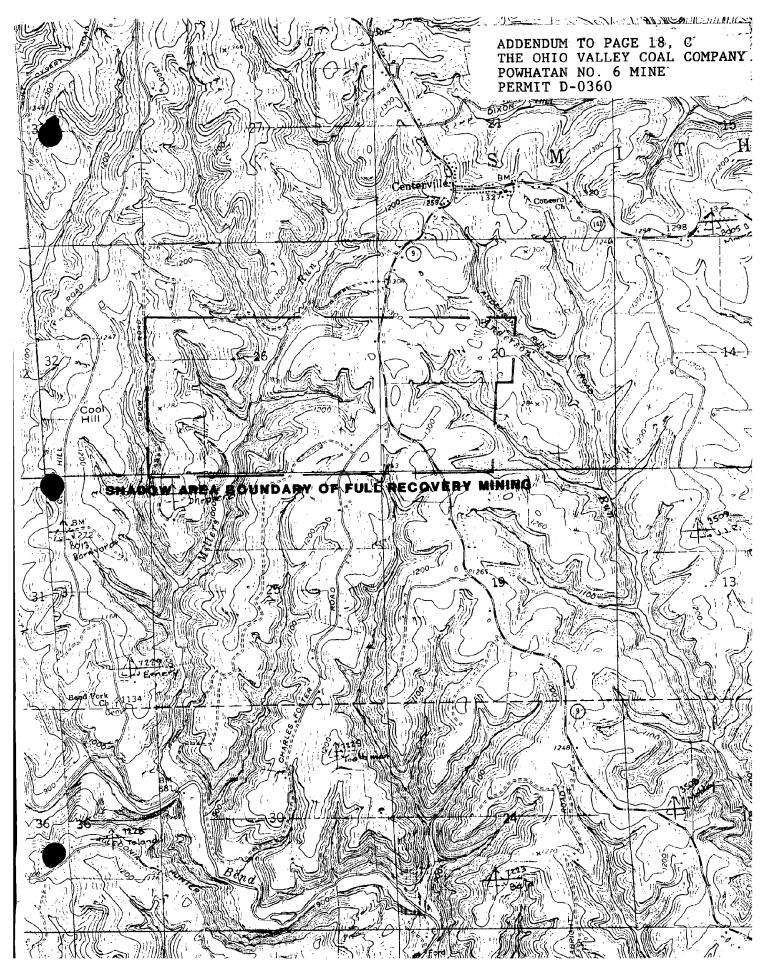
David L. Bartsch, P.E.

Project Engineer

DLB: jlr

Enclosure

Copies to: J. R. Forrelli File



TOVCC 15211

ADDENDUM TO PAGE 18, C THE OHIO VALLEY COAL COMPANY POWHATAN NO. 6 MINE PERMIT D-0360

185234 185234 402959 686567

OHIO DEPARTMENT OF NATURAL RESOURCES

Date May 30, 1990

Fountain Square Columbus, Ohio 43224

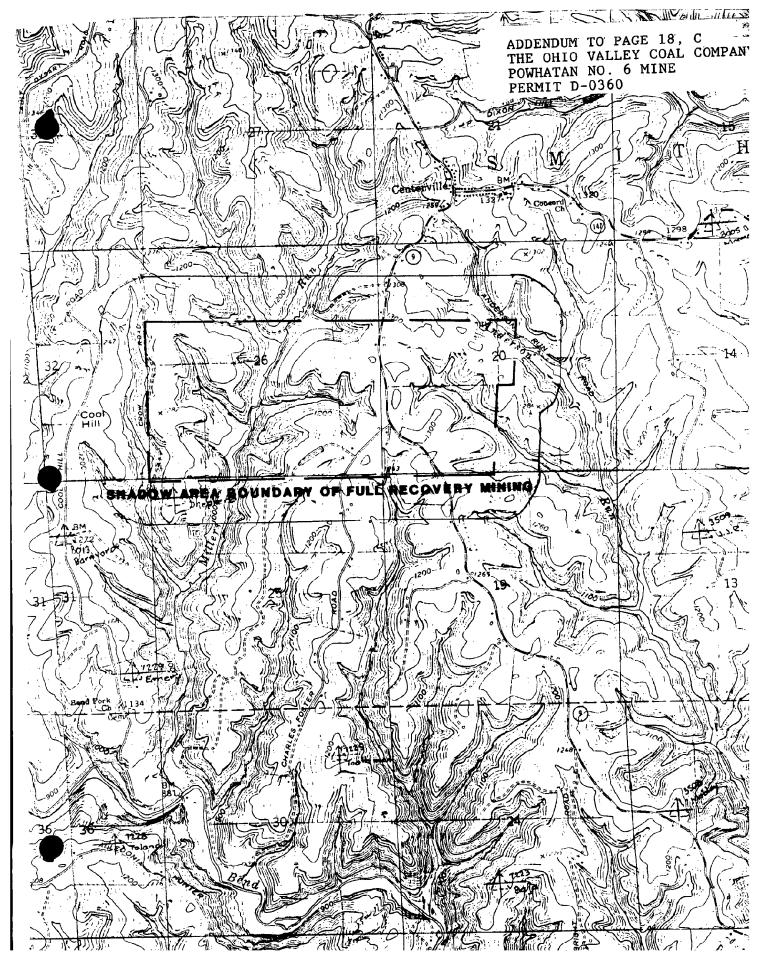
ANALYSIS OF EXISTING GROUND WATER FILE DATA

Prepared by:	Carrie Frederick	, hydrogeologist
Operator:		Permit No
County:	Belmont	
Township:	Smith	
Section:	19, 20, 25, 26, 31, 32	
(copies attac	er well logs within 1,000 hed) 4 Field loc	ated
	is obtained from alternating s	
shale bedroo	_	andscond, 22mscond, and
Long-term yi approximates	Lelds are generally less than 3 s 80 feet.	gpm. The average well depth

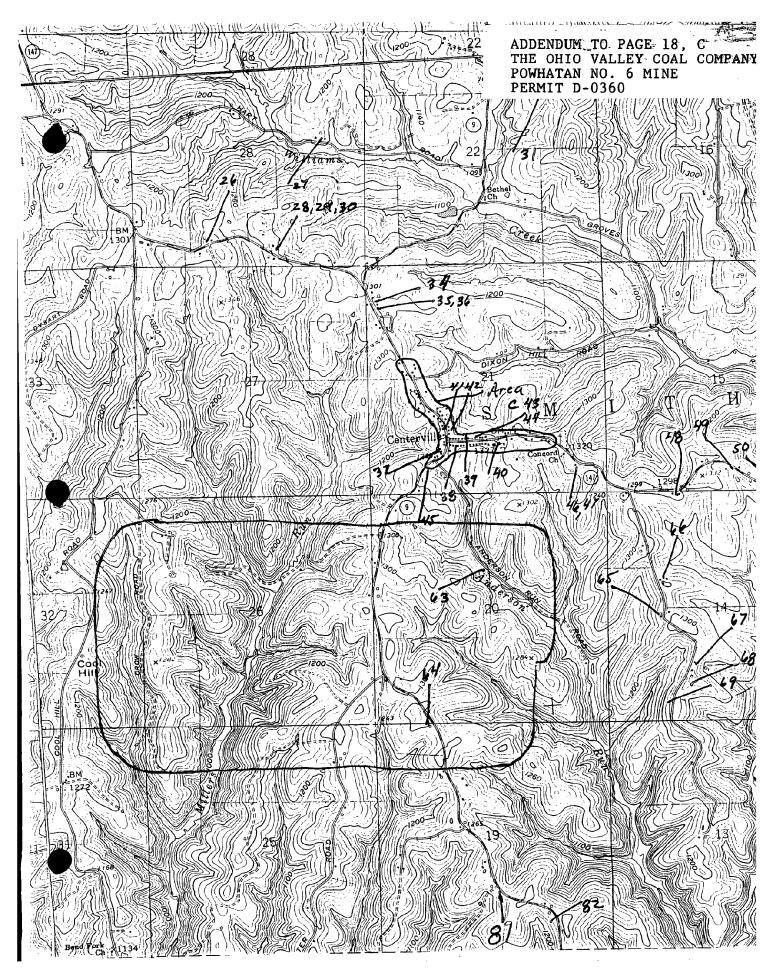
Areas of particular concern:

Because the #8 coal seam lies at elevations approximately 300 to 600 feet below surface elevations, dewatering is not likely. However, as a precautionary measure, pre-mining water levels and pumpage data should be collected from allexisting wells within 1000 feet of the site.

Richard F. Celeste, Governor



TOVCC 15213



TOVCC 15214

WELL LOG AND DRILLING REPORT ADDENDUM TO PAGE 18, C

State of Ohio

THE OHIO VALLEY COAL COMPANY

PLEASE USE PENCIL

DEPARTMENT OF NATURAL RESOURCES POWHATAN NO. 6 MINE Division of Water

PERMIT D-0360

OR TYPEWRITER. DO NOT USE INK. No. 233514 1562 W. First Avenue Columbus, Ohio Township / MITH Section of Township..... BAILING OR PUMPING TEST CONSTRUCTION DETAILS Length of casing 20 Pumping rate _____ G.P.M. Duration of test _____hrs. Casing diameter Drawdown ft. Date Type of screen...... Developed capacity..... Static level-depth to water..... Capacity of pump 450 CTP H. Pump installed by JHIWIP! WILLIAM Depth of pump setting...... Date of completion JULY 20 SKETCH SHOWING LOCATION WELL LOG **Formations** Locate in reference to numbered To From Sandstone, shale, limestone, State Highways, St. Intersections, County roads, etc. gravel and clay N. 0 Feet /5 Ft. SURFACE 15 17 SAWD STINE 18 17 SCATE 19. 18 19 5420371 NE 23 40 SHARE 23 SANDSTONE SLATE W. 5HACE 71 2 84 A 75 3 4 4 4 5 5 See reverse side for instructions

IPS DRILLING CO. Drilling Firm

Address

Date

Signed

63

TELL LOG AND DRILLING REFORT

State of Ohio

ADDENDUM TO PAGE 18 °C THE OHIO VALLEY COAL COMPANY

DEPARTMENT OF NATURAL RESOURCESPOWHATAN NO. 6 MINE Division of Water

PERMIT PA 360 185234

1500 Dublin Road Columbus, Ohio

ELMONT Township.Section of Township..... BAILING OR PUMPING TEST CONSTRUCTION DETAILS Pumping rate / C.P.M. Duration of test hrs. Length of casing.... Casing diameter Drawdown ft. DateLength of screen. Type of screen... Type of pump MYENS ETECTO Developed capacity..... Static level—depth to water 45 Capacity of pump...... Pump installed by THICLIPS Depth of pump setting. Date of completion.... SKETCH SHOWING LOCATION WELL LOG **Formations** Locate in reference to numbered То Sandstone, shale, limestone, From State Highways, St. Intersections, County roads, etc. gravel and clay 60 Ft. 0 Feet OLDWELL CENTE NJ. W. S. 2 147 65 60 >CATE -SANDSTONE SCATE ሬ & 65 71 68 80 71 SN#9 91 80 W. E. S. See reverse side for instructions Date Drilling Firm

lou

WELL LOG AND DRILLING REPORT THE OHIO VALLEY COAL COMPANY State of Ohio POWHATAN NO. 6 MINE

NO CARBON PAPER NECESSARY-

DEPARTMENT OF NATURAL RESOURCES PERMIT 0,0360,959 Division of Water

Phone (614) 469-2646

SELF-TRANSCRIBING

65 S. Front St., Rm. 815 Columbus, Ohio 43215

CONSTRUCTION :	DETAILS		BAILING OR PUMPING TEST (Specify one by circling)	
Casing diameter 10" Length of casing 21' Type of screen Length of screen Type of pump Capacity of pump Depth of pump setting Date of completion 9-7-71			Test Rate	
WELL LOG*			SKETCH SHOWING LOCATION	
Formations Sandstone, shale, limestone, gravel and clay	From	То	Locate in reference to numbered State Highways, St. Intersections, County roads, etc.	
SHALE	0 Feet	5 Ft.	N _o	
SANDSTON E	5	30	TWP. RD. CENTERVILLE	
GREYSHALE	30	45	C & C E M I Pri	
SANDSTONE	115	50	TWP.KU	
GREYSHALE	5,0	65	I A L	
WATERAT 28'			W.	
a			S. BELLMIKE	

WELL LOG AND DRILLING REPORT THE OHIO VALLEY COAL CI

State of Ohio
DEPARTMENT OF NATURAL RESOURCES Division of Water 1939 Fountain Square Drive

ADDENDUM TO PAGE 18,C POPWHATAN NO. 6 MINE 686567

TYPE OR USE PEN SELF-TRANSCRIBING PRESS HARD!

Columbus, Ohio 43224

PERMIT D-0360 Permit Number __/6

COUNTY BELMONT	_ TOWNSHIP.	5M1	TH SECTION OF TOWNSHIP 2/
OWNER PAUL WILSON	PI	ROPERTY AD	DRESS 60987 CENTERVILLE
LOCATION OF PROPERTY 1/4 M. S.	of CE	UTERVIS	E ON ROUTE 9
CONSTRUCTION DETA	AILS		BAILING OR PUMPING TEST (specify one by circling)
1)50.	Other Other Material	in.	WELL TEST Test rate gpm
WELL LOG*			SKETCH SHOWING LOCATION
Show color, texture, hardness, and formation: sandstone, shale, limestone, gravel, clay, sand	From	- То	Show distances well lies from numbered state highways, street intersections, county roads, etc.
CLAY SOIL BROWN SHALE SAND STONE LINME STONE LIME STONE LIME STONE SAND STONE LIME STONE LIME STONE	0ft 2 6.5 12 22 22 30 36 40	2 ft 6.5 12 22 30 36 40 93	N CENTERVILLE 147 W LS'->0 S
* If additional space is needed to complete well log, use next		,	SIGNED DNR 7802.88
ADDRESS 429 3 44/N			
CITY, STATE, ZIP BETHESON. OH			ODH REGISTRATION NUMBER

Completion of this form is required by 1521.05, Ohio Revised Code - file within 30 days after completion of drilling.

ORIGINAL COPY - ODNR, DIVISION OF WATER, 1939 FOUNTAIN SQ. DRIVE, COLS., OHIO 43224 **** Blue - Customer's Copy Pink - Driller's Copy Green - Local Health Dept Copy

ADDENDUM TO PAGE 18, C THE OHIO VALLEY COAL COMPANY POWHATAN NO. 6 MINE PERMIT D-0360

GROUNDWATER INFORMATION

Naturally occurring groundwater in this area resides primarily in consolidated (rock) aquifers that are partially or wholly confined and lie within the geologic interval above the Pittsburgh No. 8 Coal.

The rock aquifers are primarily sandstones, limestones and coals, but may also include shales and siltstones. All units transmit water primarily by secondary permeability or hydraulic conductivity (joints and other fractures, bedding partings). In general, primary permeabilities are low to very low for these materials. These aquifers are recharged through infiltration and percolation at outcrop zones and in some cases, by vertical flows through discontinuities and locally permeable overlying strata. The stratigraphy identified in the Addendum to Page 17, Part 2, B, Geology Description, shows numerous lithologic units that are probably capable of transmitting water. However, confining pressures tend to keep lower strata rock discontinuities closed or "tight" so that useful aquifers tend to lie close to the ground surface. Wells penetrating near surface rock aquifers typically exhibit yields of less than one half gallon per minute.

Numerous aquicludes comprised of claystones, mudstones, underclays, limestones with clay lenses, and some shales and siltstones are interbedded with the more permeable water bearing units. These less permeable strata strongly influence horizontal and vertical water movements. A portion of the springs flowing from valley walls below the ridgelines probably derive from rock aquifers and many can probably be identified as adjacent to the less permeable strata.

Groundwater quality data obtained from these rock aquifer springs and the wells generally indicate pH ranges from 6.48 to 9.40, alkalinities in excess of acidities, high hardness, and low metals concentrations.

Wells and springs located on the permit area are identified on the Attachment 14 forms included with this application.

ADDENDUM TO PAGE 18, THE OHIO VALLEY COAL COMPANY POWHATAN NO. 6 MINE PERMIT D-0360

EXCERPT FROM R-0360-1

Page 12, C(1)

THE OHIO VALLEY COAL COMPANY

POWHATAN NO. 6 MINE

GROUNDWATER INFORMATION

Naturally occurring groundwater in the permit area resides primarily in consolidated (rock) aquifers that are partially or wholly confined and lie within the geologic interval above the pittsburgh No. 8 Coal.

The rock aquifers are primarily sandstones, limestones and coals, but may also include shales and siltstones. All units transmit water primarily by secondary permeability or hydraulic conductivity (joints and other fractures, bedding partings). In general, primary permeabilities are low to very low for these materials. These aquifers are recharged through infiltration and percolation at outcrop zones and in some cases, by vertical flows through discontinuities and locally permeable overlying strata. The stratigraphy identified on page 12, B(1) Geology Description, shows numerous lithologic units that are probably capable of transmitting water. However, confining pressures tend to keep lower strata rock discontinuities closed or 'tight' so that useful aquifers tend to lie no more than 150 to 200 feet below the ground surface. The Division of Water relates that water below 250 feet below the surface tends to be brackish. Wells penetrating near-surface rock aquifers typically exhibit yields of less than one-half gallon per minute.

Numerous aquicludes comprised of claystones, mudstones, underclays, limestones with clay lenses, and some shales and siltstones are interbedded with the more permeable water bearing units. These less permeable strata strongly influence horizontal and vertical water movement. A portion of the springs flowing from valley walls below the ridgelines probably derive from rock aquifers and many can probably be identified as adjacent to the less permeable strata. The water bearing units and aquicludes occur at various elevations throughout the adjacent area.

MITACINENT 14A (HYDROLOGIC MEASUREMENTS AND ANALYSES)

plicant's Name THE OHIO VALLEY COAL COMPANY Identification No. of Sampling 1. W - 43W - 43SP-29 SP-30 W-46 W-46 Station from Hydrology Map Lab Identification Number 2. 10/31/89900216\$ 900971\$ 9009717 8910391 High (H)/Low (L) 3. Η Н Designation (if applicable) Surface Elevation for 4. 1286 1286 1263 1263 1265 1266 Sampling Station (msl) Depth of Well below 5. Note 1 Note 1 Note 1 Note 1 Land Surface (feet) Static Water Level of Well 6. Note 1 Note 1 Note 1 below Land Surface (feet) Flow for Spring/Stream 7. 1.25gpm | 1.0gpm (gpm or cfs) Date Above Measurements 8. 10/31/892/6/90 9/10/90 9/10/90 10/31/891 Made Aquifer/Zone Identification 9. Note 3 Note 1 L-2L-2 Note for Well/Spring pH (Standard Units) 10. 7.12 6.74 7.16 6.40 7.51 Total Acidity 11. 23.2 36.4 61.4 18.1 13.1 (mg/1 CaCO₃)Total Alkalinity 12. 100.5 89.7 205 170 161 $(mg/1 Caco_3)$ Specific Conductivity 13. 855 864 740 675 790 (umhos/cm at 25°C) Total Dissolved Solids 14. 422 234 370 (mg/l)Total Manganese 15. 0.15 0.18 0.08 0.14 <0.02 (mg/1)16. Total Sulfates 97.0 42.4 71.0 92.0 62.7 (mg/1)17. Total Iron 0.85 8.90 1.30 13.0 0.01 (mg/1)Total Suspended 18. 35.1 18 12 44.5 <1.0 Solids (mg/l) 19. Total Hardness 224 217 331 280 303 $(mg/l as CaCO_2)$ Date Sampled 20. 2/6/909/10/90 9/10/90 0/31/89 0/31/89 for Analysis Date Last Precipitation 21. 0/31/892/4/9019/9/90 19/9/90 .0/31/89 Event Occurred 3.29 1.98 2.70 2.24 3.89 Nitrates
Laboratory Name Tradet, Inc. 22. City Wheeling 26003

Address P.O. Box 2019 State West Virginia

NOTE: If information required by items 5, 6, and 9 is unobtainable, submit as an addendum to Attachment 14A a statement giving the reasons why the information is unobtainable.

NOTE: For each sample provide data for either item 13 or item 14.

MTTACHMENT 14A (HYDROLOGIC MEASUREMENTS AND ANALYSES)

oplicant's Name THE OHIO VALLEY COAL COMPANY

	1.	Identification No. of Sampling	T ,	D 1	ъ 1	D 7		D 1
	_	Station from Hydrology Map	P-1	P-1	P-1	P-1	P-1	P-1
	2.	Lab Identification Number	8902286	8903407	8 9 04256	8905400	8906375	8907078
	3.	High (H)/Low (L)						
		Designation (if applicable)			_	_	_	
	⋪.	Surface Elevation for	1					
	_	Sampling Station (msl)	1190	1190	1190	1190	1190	1190
3	5.	Depth of Well below						
2	6.	Land Surface (feet) Static Water Level of Well	-	_			_	
•	0.	below Land Surface (feet)	_	_	_	_	_	_
	7.	Flow for Spring/Stream						
		(com or cfs)	12.1gpm	13.7gpm	14.9gpm	13.3gpm	10.1gpm	8.6gpm
	8。	Date Above Measurements						
		Made	2/22/89	3/28/89	4/20/89	<u>5/24/89</u>	6/19/89	<u>7/6/89</u>
2P	9.	Aquifer/Zone Identification			ļ			
		for Well/Spring		-	<u> </u>	-		
	10.	pH (Standard Units)	7.37	7.29	7.45	7.26	7.46	7.13
	11.	Total Acidity		,				
	_	(mg/1 CaCO ₃)	3.4	3.07	3.4	1.8	0.0	3.4
	12.	Total Alkalinity (mg/l CaCO ₃)	28.0	4.40	55.0	53.0	107	64.0
)	13.	Specific Conductivity						
		(umhos/cm at 25°C)	180	210	162	221	270	237
**	14.	Total Dissolved Solids (mg/l)	99.0	84.0	73.0	88.0	121 -	116.
	15.	Total Manganese						
		(ma/1)	0.06	0.04	0.06	0.13	0.13	0.13
•	16.	Total Sulfates						
		(mg/1)	43.0	50.0	46.4	44.0	37.9	40.00
	17.	Total Iron	0.27	0.14	0.35	0.72	0.23	0.26
	10	(mg/l) Total Suspended	0.27	V. 14	0.33	0.72	0.23	0.20
	18.	Solids (mg/l)	3.6	2.0	9.0	<1.0	<1.0	8.4
	19.	Total Hardness	1	1	†	†	' ' ' ' '	
	△	(mg/l as CaCO ₂)	76.0	45.0	10.0	34.0	11.3	52.5
	20.	Date Sampled				L		
		for Analysis	2/22/89	3/28/89	#/20/89	5/24/89	6/19/89	7/6/89
	21.		2/20/89	3/28/89	W/18/89	5/23/89	6/19/89	7/4/80
	2	Event Occurred	E/20/0	77/24/03	7 10/03	7/23/03	J/ 1 // U J	1,,,7,0,
	LL.	Nitrates Laboratory Name Tradet. Inc.	<u> </u>					
		Address P.O. Box 2019			City	Wheeli	ng	
		State West Virginia			Zip	26003		

NOTE: If information required by items 5, 6, and 9 is unobtainable, submit as an addendum to Attachment 14A a statement giving the reasons why the information is unobtainable.

AD NOTE: For each sample provide data for either item 13 or item 14.

MITACIMENT 14A (HYDROLOGIC MEASUREMENTS AND ANALYSES)

oplicant's Name THE OHIO VALLEY COAL COMPANY

Total M (mg/l) Total S (mg/l) Total I (mg/l) Total S Solids Total E (mg/l a Date Sa for Ana Date La Event C Nitra Laboral	Suspended (mg/l) Sardness as CaCO ₂) ampled alysis ast Precipitation Occurred		1	2/4/90 3.29		3.06	12/3/89
Total M (mg/l) Total S (mg/l) Total I (mg/l) Total S Solids Total E (mg/l a Date Sa for Ana Nitra	Sulfates From Suspended (mg/l) Fardness As CaCO ₃) Impled Alysis Ast Precipitation Occurred	49.6 1.09 29.9 107 2/7/90 2/4/90	30.4 1.57 83.7 201 12/5/89	96.0 0.09 3.5 192 2/7/90 2/4/90	73.3 0.11 4.5 250 12/5/89	100 0.26 7.5 438 2/7/90 2/4/90	181 0.12 4.1 404 12/5/89
Total M (mg/l) Total S (mg/l) Total I (mg/l) Total S Solids Total E (mg/l a Date Sa for Ana L Date La	Sulfates From Suspended (mg/l) Hardness as CaCO ₂) Ampled alysis ast Precipitation	49.6 1.09 29.9 107 2/7/90	30.4 1.57 83.7 201 12/5/89	96.0 0.09 3.5 192 2/7/90	73.3 0.11 4.5 250 12/5/89	100 0.26 7.5 438 2/7/90 2/4/90	181 0.12 4.1 404 12/5/89
Total M (mg/l) Total S (mg/l) Total I (mg/l) Total S Solids Total S (mg/l a 0 Date Sa for Ana	Sulfates From Suspended (mg/1) Sardness as CaCO ₃) ampled	49.6 1.09 29.9 107	30.4 1.57 83.7 201	96.0 0.09 3.5 192	73.3 0.11 4.5 250	100 0.26 7.5 438	181 0.12 4.1 404
Total M (mg/l) Total S (mg/l) Total I (mg/l) Total S Solids Total S (mg/l)	Sulfates From Suspended (mg/1) Hardness As CaCO ₃)	49.6 1.09 29.9	30.4 1.57 83.7	96.0 0.09 3.5	73.3 0.11 4.5	100 0.26 7.5	181 0.12 4.1
Total M (mg/l) Total S (mg/l) Total I (mg/l) Total S Solids	iulfates ron Suspended (mg/1)	49.6	30.4	96.0	73.3	100	181
Total M (mg/l) Total S (mg/l) Total I (mg/l)	oulfates From	49.6	30.4	96.0	73.3	100	181
Total M (mg/1) Total S (mg/1)	bulfates	49.6	30.4	96.0	73.3	100	181
Total M (mg/l) Total S	•						
o. Total M	langanese	0.08	0.08	0.06	0.05	0.06	0.04
				1	1	1	1 .
(mq/l)	issolved Solids	224	316	396	429	657	711
(umhos/	cm at 25°C)	340	540	630	750	1010	1410
(mg/l C	acO ₃) c Conductivity	101	144	62.4	123	168	205
2. Total A	lkalinity				100	160	
		16.3	15.5	26.1	20.0	24.3	16.3
		6.95	7.39	6.61	7.05	6.80	7.03
for Wel	1/Spring	L-5	L-5	L-3	L-3	L-3	L-3
	/Zone Identification	2///90	12/5/89	2/1/90	1 <i>4)</i> / 89	2///90	
Date Ab							-
		.88gpm	.53gpm	2.9gpm	1.0gpm	.88gpm	.53gpm
below L	and Surface (feet)	_	_	_		_	
Land Su	rface (feet)		-				_
Sampling Depth o	g Station (msl) f Well below	1230	1230	1200	1200	1200	1200
Surface	Elevation for						
High (H))/Low (L)	н	т.	Н	L	Н	L
Lab Ide	ntification Number	9002184	8912108	9002182	8912105	9002183	8912106
Station	from Hydrology Map	SP-26	SP-26	SP-27	SP-27	SP-28	SP-28
	Identification Lab Identification Lab Identification Lab Identification High (H Designan Surface Samplin Depth o Land Su Static below L Flow fo (gpm or Date Ab Made Aquifer for Wel pH (Station Company of the company	Station from Hydrology Map Lab Identification Number High (H)/Low (L) Designation (if applicable) Surface Elevation for Sampling Station (msl) Depth of Well below Land Surface (feet) Static Water Level of Well below Land Surface (feet) Flow for Spring/Stream (gpm or cfs) Date Above Measurements Made Aquifer/Zone Identification for Well/Spring pH (Standard Units) Total Acidity (mg/1 CaCO ₃) Specific Conductivity	Station from Hydrology Map Lab Identification Number High (H)/Low (L) Designation (if applicable) Surface Elevation for Sampling Station (msl) Depth of Well below Land Surface (feet) Static Water Level of Well below Land Surface (feet) Flow for Spring/Stream (gpm or cfs) Date Above Measurements Made Aquifer/Zone Identification for Well/Spring DH (Standard Units) Total Acidity (mg/1 Cacco ₃) Total Alkalinity (mg/1 Cacco ₃) Specific Conductivity	Station from Hydrology Map Lab Identification Number High (H)/Low (L) Designation (if applicable) Surface Elevation for Sampling Station (msl) Depth of Well below Land Surface (feet) Static Water Level of Well below Land Surface (feet) Flow for Spring/Stream (gpm or cfs) Date Above Measurements Made Aquifer/Zone Identification for Well/Spring DH (Standard Units) Total Acidity (mg/1 Cacco ₃) Total Alkalinity (mg/1 Cacco ₃) Specific Conductivity Surface Elevation Number 90021848912108 H L L SP-26 SP-	Station from Hydrology Map SP-26 SP-26 SP-27	Station from Hydrology Map SP-26 SP-27 SP-27 Lab Identification Number 9002184891210890021828912105 High (H)/Low (L)	Station from Hydrology Map SP-26 SP-26 SP-27 SP-27 SP-28 Lab Identification Number 90021848912108 90021828912105 9002183

NOTE: If information required by items 5, 6, and 9 is unobtainable, submit as an addendum to Attachment 14A a statement giving the reasons why the information is unobtainable.

ha NOTE: For each sample provide data for either item 13 or item 14.

MTTACEMENT 14A (HYDROLOGIC MEASUREMENTS AND ANALYSES)

1.	Identification No. of Sampling						
	Station from Hydrology Map	W-44	W-44				
2.	Lab Identification Number						
		8910393	9002167				
3.	High (H)/Low (L)						
	Designation (if applicable)	L	H				
4.							
	Sampling Station (msl)	1297	1297				
5.	Depth of Well below				,		
	Land Surface (feet)	Note 1	Note 1				
6.							l
	below Land Surface (feet)	Note 1	Note 1		<u> </u>		
7.	Flow for Spring/Stream		1				
	(gpm or cfs)						<u> </u>
8.	Date Above Measurements	_	1				
	Made	10/31/89	2/6/90		<u> </u>		
9.			_		1	-	ł
	for Well/Spring	Note 1	Note 1				
10). pH (Standard Units)		1				
		7.31	7.18				
13	L. Total Acidity	ļ			1		ĺ
	(mg/1 CaCO ₃)	24.9	21.7	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			
12	2. Total Alkalinity	ļ			1	!	
	(mg/1 CaCO ₃) 3. Specific Conductivity	364	364				
13	3. Specific Conductivity		1		1		
	(umhos/cm at 25°C)	740	675				├
14	4. Total Dissolved Solids		1			1	1
	(mg/1)	363	410				ļ
15	5. Total Manganese		1		i i		
	(mg/1)	<0.02	0.04				
10	6. Total Sulfates					ı	1
	(mg/1)	101	33.6				
1,	7. Total Iron						1
	(mg/1)	0.07	0.07				 _
13	8. Total Suspended				1 1		
	Solids (mg/l)	1.7	<1.0				
1	9. Total Hardness						ł
	$(mg/1 as CaCO_3)$	337	353				-
2	0. Date Sampled					ļ	1
	for Analysis	1.0/31/8	9 2/6/90	1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 -			+
2	1. Date Last Precipitation	10/21/2	امور بزره		1		
	Event Occurred		9 2/4/90	1,020 - 100,000 - N/ 6			
2	2. Nitrates	0.35	0.54				
	Laboratory Name Tradet . Inc.				Wheeli		

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NOTE: For each sample provide data for either item 13 or item 14.

MITACHERT 14A (HYDROLOGIC MEASUREMENTS AND ANALYSES)

Applicant's Name THE OHIO VALLEY COAL COMPANY

		Laboratory Name Tradet. Inc. Address P.O. Box 2019 State West Virginia			City Zip	Wheeli 26003	ng	
	22.	Nitrates		-	<u> </u>	<u> </u>		<u> </u>
	21.	Date Last Precipitation Event Occurred	10/10/89	7/4/89	7/4/89	10/12/89	7/4/89	10/10/89
	20.	Date Sampled for Analysis	10/12/89	7/6/89	7/6/89	10/ I 2789	7/6/89	10/12/89
	19.	Total Hardness (mg/l as CaCO ₃)	121	145	295	356	140	240
	18.	Total Suspended Solids (mg/l)	2.5	5.1	19.8	3.7	4.4	<1.0
	17.	(mg/1)	<0.02	<0.02	0.41	0.14	0.06	0.03
	16.	(mg/l) Total Iron	141	148	80.0	101	50.0	72.0
		(mg/l) Total Sulfates	<0.02	<0.02	0.06	0.07	0.04	0.04
	15.	(mg/1) Total Manganese	294	448	681	615	447	477
ជំន	14.	(umhos/cm at 25°C) Total Dissolved Solids	570	713	1230	1190	811	920
	13.	(mg/1 CaCO ₃) Specific Conductivity	64.6	115	92.0	103	95.0	115
	12.	(mg/l CaCO ₂) Total Alkalinity	0.0	0.0		28.6	97.0	20.3
	11.	Total Acidity	9.4	8.35		6.69	6.48	6.71
	10.	for Well/Spring pH (Standard Units)	1					L-6
Û	9.	Aquifer/Zone Identification	L-7	L-7		L-6	L-6	
	8.	Date Above Measurements Made	10/12/89	7/6/89				10/12/89
	7.	Flow for Spring/Stream (gpm or cfs)	_	- ,	2gpm	1.5gpm	2gpm	1.5gpm
☆	6.	Static Water Level of Well below Land Surface (feet)	11'	Note 1	-	-	· <u>-</u>	_
☆	5.	Depth of Well below Land Surface (feet)	26'	Note 1	_	-	-	
	4. -	Sampling Station (msl)	1272	1272	1251	1251	1257	1257
	3.	High (H)/Low (L) Designation (if applicable) Surface Elevation for	L	Н	Н	L	H	L
			8910159	8907064	8907062	8910157	8907663	8910158
	2.	Station from Hydrology Map Lab Identification Number	W-34	W-34	SP-23	SP-23	SP-24	SP-24
	1.	Identification No. of Sampling	T			*		7

ROTE: If information required by items 5, 6, and 9 is unobtainable, submit as an addendum to Attachment 14A a statement giving the reasons why the information is unobtainable.

NOTE: For each sample provide data for either item 13 or item 14.

DIVISION OF RECLARATION

ATTACEMENT 14A (HYDROLOGIC MEASUREMENTS AND ANALYSES)

Applicant's Name THE OHIO VALLEY COAL COMPANY

		S Name THE UNITO VALLET COAL						
	1.	Identification No. of Sampling	, _	, _		•• / 0	07.05	07 0F
	_	Station from Hydrology Map	W-45	W-45	W-48	W-48	SP-25	SP-25
	2.	Lab Identification Number	900021.70	8 9 12104	8912103	9002169	9002181	8912107
	3.	High (H)/Low (L) Designation (if applicable)	Н	L	L	Н,	H	L
	Ą.	Surface Elevation for Sampling Station (msl)	1273	1273	1270	1270	1240	1240
₽.	5.	Depth of Well below Land Surface (feet)	Note 1	Note 1	35'	35'	_	-
Ω	6.	Static Water Level of Well below Land Surface (feet)	Note 1	Note 1	8'	10'	1	_
	7.	Flow for Spring/Stream (gpm or cfs)	-	-	-	-	1 25gpm	.89gpm
	8.	Date Above Measurements		12/5/89	12/5/89			
ជំ	9.	Aquifer/Zone Identification for Well/Spring		Note 1		L-5	L-6	L-6
	10.	pH (Standard Units)	7.04	7.07		6.98	6.87	7.71
	11.	Total Acidity (mg/l CaCO ₃)	14.7	5.3	11.1	23.5	26.7	0.0
	12.	Total Alkalinity (mg/1 CaCO ₃)	198	198	189	118	103	146
	13.	Specific Conductivity (umhos/cm at 25°C)	1040	970	1410	1040	390	570
位金	14.	Total Dissolved Solids	560	571	866	668	273	321
	15.	Total Manganese (mg/l)	0.08	0.08	0.08	0.11	0.06	0.05
	16.	Total Sulfates (mg/l)	45.6	61.3	240	133	48.0	41.6
	17.	Total Iron (mg/1)	0.05	0.22	1.29	1.74	0.04	0.11
	18.	Total Suspended Solids (mg/l)	8.7	18.1	31.7	35.9	<1.0	6.1
	19.	Total Hardness (mg/l as CaCO ₃)	461	445	282	271	166	225
	20.	Date Sampled for Analysis	2/6/90	12/5/89	12/5/89	2/6/90	2/7/90	12/5/89
	21.	Date Last Precipitation Event Occurred	2/4/90	12/3/89	12/3/89	2/4/90	2/4/90	12/3/89
	22.	The state of the s	1.35	0.43	3.41	4.25	3.71	2.30
		Address P.O. Box 2019 State West Virginia			City Zip	Wheeli 26003	ng	

NOTE: If information required by items 5, 6, and 9 is unobtainable, submit as an addendum to Attachment 14A a statement giving the reasons why the information is unobtainable.

NOTE: For each sample provide data for either item 13 or item 14.

ATTACEMENT 14A (HYDROLOGIC MEASUREMENTS AND ANALYSES)

The Ohio Valley Coal Company Applicant's Name Identification No. of Sampling W-27 W-27 W-27 W-27 W-27 W-27 Station from Hydrology Map. 2. Lab Identification Number 8902369 |8903416 |8904374 |8905415 |8906423 |8907195 High (H)/Low (L) 3. --Designation (if applicable) --Surface Elevation for 4. 1283 1263 1283 1283 1283 1283 Sampling Station (msl) 5。 Depth of Well below 90 90 90 -90 90 90 Land Surface (feet) Static Water Level of Well 6. 30 32 32 31 31 30 below Land Surface (feet) 7. Flow for Spring/Stream (gpm or cfs) Date Above Measurements 8. 2/27/89 3/29/89 4/21/89 5/17/89 6/20/89 7/6/89 Made Aguifer/Zone Identification 9。 L**-**6 L-6 L-6 L-6 for Well/Spring L-6 -6 pH (Standard Units) 10. 7.39 7.53 7.46 7.42 8.10 7.37 ll. Total Acidity 22.2 10.0 22.3 10.8 8.76 11.4 (mg/1 CaCO₃)Total Alkalinity 12. 170 165 167 162 169 160 $(mg/1 CaCO_2)$ Specific Conductivity 13. 740 740 984 828 1160 900 (umhos/cm at 25°C) Total Dissolved Solids 14. 608 644 490 383 471 705 (mg/1)Total Manganese 15. < 0.02 0.14 0.05 0.02 0.04 0.03 (mg/1)16. Total Sulfates 40.8 35.0 42.0 52.0 41.6 44.8 (mg/1)17. Total Iron 0.07 0.12 0.08 0.12 0.05 0.07 (mg/1)Total Suspended 18. <1.0 <1.0 6.3 <1.0 <1.0 Solids (mg/l) Total Hardness 19. 442 345 422 391 317 $(mg/1 as Caco_3)$ 368 20。 Date Sampled 2/27/89 | 3/29/89 | 4/21/89 | 5/17/89 | 6/20/89 | 7/6/89 for Analysis 21. Date Last Precipitation 2/26/89 3/29/89 4/18/89 5/13/89 6/20/89 7/4/89 Event Occurred

Laboratory NameTra-Det, Inc.AddressP.O. Box 2019CityWheelingStateWest VirginiaZip26003

^{**} NOTE: If information required by items 5, 6, and 9 is unobtainable, submit as an addendum to Attachment 14A a statement giving the reasons why the information is unobtainable.

NOTE: For each sample provide data for either item 13 or item 14.

MITACEMENT 14A (HYDROLOGIC MEASUREMENTS AND ANALYSES)

1.	Identification No. of Sampling Station from Hydrology Map	W-28	W-28	W-28	W-28	W-28	W-28
2.	Lab Identification Number	8902370	8903415	8905126	8905445	8906373	<u></u>
3.	High (H)/Low (L) Designation (if applicable)						
4.	Surface Elevation for Sampling Station (msl)	1299	1299	1299	1299	1299	1299
5。	Depth of Well below Land Surface (feet)	Note 1	Note 1	Note 1	Note 1	Note 1	Note 1
6.	Static Water Level of Well below Land Surface (feet)	Note 1	Note 1	Note 1	Note 1	Note 1	Note 1
7.	Flow for Spring/Stream (gpm or cfs)						
8.	Date Above Measurements Made Aquifer/Zone Identification	2/27/89	3/29/89	4/20/89	5/24/89	6/19/89	
9. 10.	for Well/Spring pH (Standard Units)	Note 1			Note 1	Note 1	Note 1
10.	Total Acidity	7.45	7.36		7.08	7.27	Note:
12.	(mg/l CaCO ₂) Total Alkalinity	28.8	13.4	24.2	17.2	27.2	
13.	(mg/1 CaCO ₃)	266	267	257	272	275	
14.	(umhos/cm at 25°C)	720	770	740	840	790	<u> </u>
15.	(mg/1)	432	464	441	<10	462	
16.	(mg/1)	<0.02	<0.02	92.0	70.4	66.7	
17.	(mg/l) Total Iron	74.0 0.08	76.0 0.11	0.26	0.27	0.10	
18.	(mg/1) Total Suspended	<1.0	2.0	<1.0	4.8	2.1	
19.	Solids (mg/l) Total Hardness	376	432	345	336	395	
20.	(mg/l as CaCO ₃) Date Sampled for Analysis		3/29/89				
21.				4	1	6/19/89	ı

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NOTE 1: See Addendum to Attachment 14.

MITACHMENT 14A (HYDROLOGIC MEASUREMENTS AND ANALYSES)

2. Lab Identification Number 8902257 8903406 8904258 8905401 8906379 8907075 3. High (H)/Low (L) Designation (if applicable) 4. Surface Elevation for Sampling Station (ms1) 5. Depth of Well below Land Surface (feet) 77 77 77 77 77 77 77 77 6. Static Water Level of Well below Land Surface (feet) 8. Date Above Measurements Made 9. Aquifer/Zone Identification for Well/Spring 10. PH (Standard Units) 7. O4 7.26 7.10 6.87 7.46 7.45 11. Total Akidinty (mg/1 CaOq) 12. Total Akidinity (mg/1 CaOq) 13. Specific Conductivity (mg/1 CaOq) 14. Total Akidinity (mg/1 CaOq) 15. Total Alkalinity (mg/1 CaOq) 16. Total Manganese (mg/1) 17. Total Sulfates (mg/1) 18. Total Sulfates (mg/1) 19. Total Suspended Solids (mg/1) 10. 15 0.09 0.29 0.10 <0.02 <0.02 10. 18. Solids (mg/1) 10. 19. Total Barchess (mg/1) 10. 10. 10. 1.30 1.8 10. 10. 10. 10. 1.30 1.8 10. 10. 10. 10. 10. 1.30 1.8 10. 10. 10. 10. 10. 10. 10. 10. 10. 10.	1.	Identification No. of Sampling Station from Hydrology Map	W-24	W-24	W-24	W-24	W-24	W-24
Designation (if applicable) Surface Elevation for Sampling Station (msl) Depth of Well below Land Surface (feet) Static Water Level of Well below Land Surface (feet) 77 77 77 77 77 77 77 6. Static Water Level of Well below Land Surface (feet) Flow for Spring/Stream (ggm or cfs) Bate Above Measurements Made 2/21/89 3/28/89 4/20/89 5/24/89 6/19/89 7/6/89 9. Aquifer/Zone Identification for Well/Spring PH (Standard Units) 7.04 7.26 7.10 6.87 7.46 7.45 11. Total Acidity (mg/1 CaO3) 10.4 7.88 12.6 18.6 10.4 6.8 12. Total Alkalinity (mg/1 CaO3) Total Alkalinity (mg/1 CaO3) Total Dissolved Solids (mg/1) Total Dissolved Solids (mg/1) Total Sulfates (mg/1) Total Sulfates (mg/1) Total Sulfates (mg/1) Total Sulfates (mg/1) Total Suspended Solids (mg/1) Total Bardness (mg/1) Total Bardne		Lab Identification Number	8902257	8903406	8904258	8905401	8906379	8907075
8. Surface Elevation for Sampling Station (ms1) 1266 1266 1266 1266 1266 1266 1266 12	3.	Designation (if applicable)						
Depth of Well below 177 77 77 77 77 77 77	4.	Surface Elevation for Sampling Station (msl)	1266	1266	1266	1266	1266	1266
below Land Surface (feet) 48 47 47 46 45 46 46 46 46 46 46	5。	Depth of Well below Land Surface (feet)		.77	77	77	77	77
Second color Seco	6.	below Land Surface (feet)	L	47	47	46	46	46
9. Aquifer/Zone Identification for Well/Spring	7.	(gom or cfs)						
for Well/Spring		Made	2/21/89	3/28/89	4/20/89	5/24/89	6/19/89	7/6/89
Total Acidity		for Well/Spring	L-4	1-4	1-4	L-4	L-4	1-4
(mg/1 CaOO ₃)			7.04	7.26	7.10	6.87	7.46	7,45
(mg/1 CaOO ₃) 76.0 80.9 109 102 148 150 13. Specific Conductivity (umhos/cm at 25°C) 340 350 279 368 430 147 14. Total Dissolved Solids (mg/1) 166 157 169 213 219 202 15. Total Manganese (mg/1) 0.04 0.02 0.01 0.03 <0.02		(mg/1 CaCO ₂)	10.4	7.88	12.6	18.6	10.4	6.8
14. Total Dissolved Solids (mg/l) 166 157 169 213 219 202 15. Total Manganese (mg/l) 0.04 0.02 0.01 0.03 <0.02		(mg/1 CaCO ₂)	76.0	80.9	109	102	148	150
(mg/1)		(umbos/cm at 25°C)	340	350	279	368	430	147
(mg/1) 0.04 0.02 0.01 0.03 0.04 Total Sulfates (mg/1) 64.0 77.0 74.4 78.4 38.4 28.0 17. Total Iron (mg/1) 0.15 0.09 0.29 0.10 <0.02		(mg/1)						
(mg/l) Total Iron (mg/l) 18. Total Suspended Solids (mg/l) 19. Total Hardness (mg/l as CaCO ₂) Date Sampled for Analysis 10.15 0.09 0.29 0.10 0.02 0.02 0.02 1.30 1.8 1.8 1.0 1.30 1.8 1.8 1.9 1.0 1.30 1.8 1.8 1.9 1.0 1.30 1.8 1.8 1.9 1.0 1.30 1.8 1.8 1.0 1.30 1.8 1.8 1.0 1.30 1.8 1.8 1.0 1.30 1.8 1.8 1.8 1.9 1.0 1.30 1.8 1.8 1.0 1.30 1.8 1.8 1.8 1.8 1.8 1.8 1.8 1.		(mg/1)						
(mg/l) Total Suspended Solids (mg/l) 3.6 <1.0 9.0 <1.0 1.30 1.8 19. Total Hardness (mg/l as CaCO ₂) Date Sampled for Analysis Date Last Precipitation 3.6 <1.0 9.0 <1.0 1.30 1.8 2/21/89 3/28/89 4/20/89 5/24/89 6/19/89 7/6/89		(mg/1)				The second secon	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	
Solids (mg/l) 19. Total Hardness (mg/l as CaO ₂) 20. Date Sampled (for Analysis) 21. Date Last Precipitation 2.03 (90 3.08 1.0 9.0 1.0 1.0 1.0 1.0 1.0 1.0 1.0 1.0 1.0 1		(mg/1) Total Suspended						
20. Date Sampled 6 2/21/89 3/28/89 4/20/89 5/24/89 6/19/89 7/6/89 21. Date Last Precipitation 2/21/89 3/28/89 4/20/89 5/23/89 6/13/89 7/4/89		Solids (mg/l) Total Hardness			-			
21. Date Last Precipitation 2/23/29/29/4/19/29/5/23/89/5/13/89/7/4/89	.20.	Date Sampled			 			
	21.	for Analysis Date Last Precipitation Event Occurred			7			1
Laboratory Name Tra-Det, Inc.		Address P.O. Box 20 State West Virgin			City Zip		119	

NOTE: If information required by items 5, 6, and 9 is unobtainable, submit as an addendum to Attachment 14A a statement giving the reasons why the information is unobtainable.

on NOTE: For each sample provide data for either item 13 or item 14.

MITACIMENT 14A (HYDROLOGIC MEASUREMENTS AND ANALYSES)

1.	Identification No. of Sampling Station from Hydrology Map	W-25	W-25	W-25	W-25	W-25	W-25
2.	Lab Identification Number	8902252	8903409	8904254	8905398	8906374	8 90 7077
3.	High (H)/Low (L) Designation (if applicable)						
4.	Surface Elevation for Sampling Station (msl)	1272	1272	1272	1272	1272	1272
5.	Depth of Well below Land Surface (feet)	Note 1					
б.	Static Water Level of Well below Land Surface (feet)	Note 1					
7.	Flow for Spring/Stream (gpm or cfs)						
8.	Date Above Measurements	2/21/89	3/28/89	4/20/89	5/24/89	6/19/89	7/6/89
9.	Aquifer/Zone Identification for Well/Spring	Note 1					
10.	pH (Standard Units)	7.48	7.45	7.55	7.19	7.30	7.27
11.	Total Acidity (mg/1 CaCO ₂)	13.2	5.84	7.60	9.2	12	16.0
12.	Total Alkalinity (mg/l CaCO ₂)	158	140	177	155	108	106
13.	Specific Conductivity (umhos/cm at 25°C)	380	340	256	399	410	396
14.	Total Dissolved Solids (mg/l)	233	146	151	184	236	217
15.	Total Manganese (mg/l)	0.02	<0.02	<0.02	<0.02	0.03	0.05
16.	Total Sulfates (mg/l)	31.0	35.0	36.8	32.0	74.4	67.0
17.	Total Iron (mg/l)	0.04	0.03	0.04	0.45	0.38	0.06
18.		<1.0	<1.0	5.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0
19.		188	124	79.0	58.0	85	75.0
20.	Date Sampled for Analysis	2/21/89	3/28/89	4/20/89	5/24/89	6/19/89	7/6/89
21.		2/21/89	3/28/89	4/18/89	5/23/89	6/19/89	7/4/89
	Laboratory Name Tra-Det. Inc. Address P.O. Box 201				Wheeli	ng	
,	State West Virgini			zip	26003		

NOTE: If information required by items 5, 6, and 9 is unobtainable, submit as an addendum to Attachment 14A a statement giving the reasons why the information is unobtainable.

** NOTE: For each sample provide data for either item 13 or item 14.

NOTE 1: See Addendum to Attachment 14.

ATTACHMENT 14A (HYDROLOGIC MEASUREMENTS AND ANALYSES)

l.	Identification No. of Sampling Station from Hydrology Map	W-26	W-26	W-26	W-26	W-26	W-26
2.	Lab Identification Number	8902254	8903417	8904255	8905397	8906378	8907079
3.	High (H)/Low (L) Designation (if applicable)						
4.	Surface Elevation for Sampling Station (msl)	1297	1297	1297	1297	1297	1297
5.	Depth of Well below Land Surface (feet)	80	80	80	80	80	80
6.	Static Water Level of Well below Land Surface (feet)	Note 2	41	45	42	44	43
7.	Flow for Spring/Stream (com or cfs)						
8.	Date Above Measurements	2/21/89	3/29/89	4/20/89	5/24/89	6/19/89	7/6/89
9.	Aquifer/Zone Identification for Well/Spring	L-6	L-6	L-6	L-6	L-6	<u>L-6</u>
10		7,25	7.26	7.32	6.98	7.22	7.13
11	(mg/1 CaCO ₂)	12.4	12.1	15.0	24.2	24.4	23.0
12	/mg/1 CaCOa)	167	177	216	205	204	195
13	(umhos/cm at 25°C)	500	530	434	654	650	615
14	1 (mcr/1)	312	255	274	328	317	343
15	(mg/1)	0.02	<0.02	<0.02	0.02	<0.02	0.02
16	(mg/1)	69.0	75.0	68.8	74.4	65.3	82.0
17	(mg/1)	0.20	0.07	0.08	0.71		0.03
18	Solids (mg/l)	4.0	<1.ù	2.0	<1.0	3.3	3.8
	(mg/l as CaCO ₃)	280	263	193	211	220	255
	for Analysis		3/29/89			· I	1
2.	. Date Last Precipitation Event Occurred	2/21/89	3/29/89	4/18/89	5/23/89	6/19/89	17/4/89
	·						

NOTE: If information required by items 5, 6, and 9 is unobtainable, submit as an addendum to Attachment 14A a statement giving the reasons why the information is unobtainable.

NOTE: For each sample provide data for either item 13 or item 14.

NOTE 2: See Addendum to Attachment 14.

ATTACEMENT 14A (HYDROLOGIC MEASUREMENTS AND ANALYSES)

-		Identification No. of Sampling	SP-21	SP-21	SP-21	SP-21	SP-21	SP-21
٠ -		Station from Hydrology Map	35-21	31-21	31 - 21	J, L1	- 31 -1	JI
٥	2.	Lab Identification Number	8902238	8903398	8904248	8905405	8906385	8907068
3	3.	High (H)/Low (L)						
		Designation (if applicable)						
4	4.	Surface Elevation for	1164	1164	1164	1164	1164	1164
		Sampling Station (msl)	1104	1104	1104	1104	1104	1104
	5。	Depth of Well below						
		Land Surface (feet)						
(6。	Static Water Level of Well	ł				į į	
		below Land Surface (feet)						
•	7.	Flow for Spring/Stream	1_	1				
		(gom or cfs)	2	2	2	2	2	2
ſ	8.	Date Above Measurements						=
	~ •	Made	2/20/89	3/28/89	4/20/89	5/24/89	6/19/89	7/6/89
1	9.	Aquifer/Zone Identification				_	(
		for Well/Spring	L-2	L-2	L-2	L-2	L-2	L-2
	10.	pH (Standard Units)					1	İ
	200		7.34	7.36	7.28	7.12	7.10	6.79
	11.	Total Acidity						1
		(mg/1 CaCO ₃)	12.8	16.8	14.0	24.8	33.0	40.0
	12.	Total Alkalinity						,
	740	(mg/1 CacO ₃)	172	157	142	171	162	174
	13.	Specific Conductivity						
	790	(umhos/cm at 25°C)	400	325	256	378	420	452
	14.	Total Dissolved Solids	+					
	7.480		199	157	190	197	207	245
	9.69	(mg/l) Total Manganese	1	1	 			
	15.		<0.02	<0.02	<0.02	<0.02	<0.02	<0.02
	9.0	(mg/1)	10.02	10.02	\ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \	- 	1	
	16.	Total Sulfates	34.0	37.6	36.8	34.4	38.4	36.0
		(mg/1)	7-7-0	 	 		1	
	17.	Total Iron	0.04	0.05	0.09	0.08	0.03	0.08
		(mg/1)	- P.03	10.00	7.07	 	 	
	18.	Total Suspended	2.7	2.8	6.0	<1.0	4.5	4.4
		Solids (mg/l)	- 	 	+		†	
	19 。	Total Hardness	212	174	69.0	72.0	90	145
		(mg/l as CaCO ₃)		 	 		+	
	20 。	Date Sampled	2/20/90	3/28/89	4/20/89	5/24/89	6/19/89	7/6/89
		for Analysis	2/20/09	3,20,09	17, 20,03	3, 2 1, 03	+-,,	+
	21.	Date Last Precipitation	0 (00 (0)	مر روز در	14/10/00	E /22 /00	6/10/00	7///00
		Event Occurred	12/20/89	3/28/89	14/18/89	12/23/85	10/12/02	1//4/09
			1					
		Raboratory Name Tra-Det, Inc. Address P.O. Box 201			City	Wheeli		

NOTE: If information required by items 5, 6, and 9 is unobtainable, submit as an addendum to Attachment 14A a statement giving the reasons why the information is unobtainable.

NOTE: For each sample provide data for either item 13 or item 14.

MITACIMENT 14A (HYDROLOGIC MEASUREMENTS AND ANALYSES)

plicant's Name THE OHIO VALLEY COAL COMPANY

•	1.	Identification No. of Sampling	U21-E	U21-E	1121-Е	U21-F	U21-G	U21-G
		Station from Hydrology Map Lab Identification Number	OZI Z	021 2				
	2.		8911024	9006401	8 <u>911</u> 025	9006402	8911031	9002179
	3。	High (H)/Low (L)	L	Н	L	Н	L	н
		Designation (if applicable) Surface Elevation for	<u> </u>	n				
	Ą.	Sampling Station (msl)	1028	1028	1045	1045	1095	1095
	5.	Depth of Well below	1020					
	٥.	Land Surface (feet)	_	-	-	-	-	-
	6.	Static Water Level of Well						
		below Land Surface (feet)		-	_			
	7.	Flow for Spring/Stream					0.0	7 5
		(gom or cfs)	2.1gpm	.90cfs	4.8gpm	.21cfs	3.Ugpm	7.5gpm
	8.	Date Above Measurements	10/21/90	6/26/90	10/31/89	'6 /26 /00	 0/31/89	2/6/90
	_	Made	10/31/09	0/20/30	10,0407	0/20/30		
	9.	Aquifer/Zone Identification for Well/Spring	<u> </u>	_	_	- '	_	-
	10.	pH (Standard Units)	 					
	TO.	ph (Standard onics)	8.42	7.9	8.57	8.00	8.58	7.73
	lì.	Total Acidity			,	ī		
		(mg/1 CaCO ₂)	0.0	5.1	0.0		0.0	3.0
	12.	Total Alkalinity	1.00		130	25.5	133	103
		(mg/1 CaCO ₃)	130	46.1	130	23.3	133	105
	13.	Specific Conductivity	270	820	270	263	280	245
	9.4	(umhos/cm at 25°C) Total Dissolved Solids	470		270			
- 	14.	(mg/1)	226	_	212	_	219	175
	15.	Total Manganese						
·	. 200	(mg/1)	<0.02	0.03	<0.02	0.04	<0.02	0.05
	16.	Total Sulfates				1.00	000	40.0
		(mg/1)	88.0	191	85.3	163	88.0	40.0
	17.	Total Iron	0.00	0.20	0.05	1.03	0.07	0.07
	9.6	(mg/1) Total Suspended	1 0.22	10.40	10.05	2.00	0.07	<u> </u>
	18.	Solids (mg/l)	27.6	8.0	4.1	4.0	1.7	3.1_
	19.		1 27.0			T		26.6
	130	$(mg/1 \text{ as } CaCO_2)$	144	139	138	203	135	86.6
	20.				10/21/2	de 126 100	10/21/0	0 2 5/01
		for Analysis	10/31/8	6/26/90	ITCA 21/8	70/20/90	170,270	72/0/31
	21.	Date Last Precipitation	10/21/0	96/24/90	10/21/9	de /24/an	10/31/8	2/4/90
		Event Occurred	TO 3 1/8	11.46	< 0.1	11 80	<0.1	<0.10
	22.	Nitrates	<0.1	11.40	1 (0.1	11.00	1 (0.1	1
		Laboratory Name Tradet. Inc.			City	Wheel	ng	
		Address P.O. Box 2019 State West Virginia			210	26003		

NOTE: If information required by items 5, 6, and 9 is unobtainable, submit as an addendum to Attachment 14A a statement giving the reasons why the information is unobtainable.

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MITACHMENT 14A (HYDROLOGIC MEASUREMENTS AND ANALYSES)

policant's Name THE OHIO VALLEY COAL COMPANY

	1.	Identification No. of Sampling	U21-B	1121_R	U21-C	U21-C	U21-D	U21-D
	_	Station from Hydrology Map						
	2.	Lab Identification Number	8911021	9009712	8911022	9006411	8911023	9006400
	3.	High (H)/Low (L)	L	Ħ	L	н	L	H
	4.	Designation (if applicable) Surface Elevation for						7.007
	- ¥ o	Sampling Station (msl)	1190	1190	1155	1155	1034	1034
	5。	Depth of Well below		_	_	-	-	-
	6.	Land Surface (feet) Static Water Level of Well						
	٠.	below Land Surface (feet)	-	-			-	
	7.	Flow for Spring/Stream	1 9 gnn	10 2cfs	2.6 gpm	45cfs	3.0 gpm	3.17cfs
	8.	(gpm or cfs) Date Above Measurements						1
	•	Made	10/31/89	9/21/90	10/31/89	6/26/90	10/31/89	6/15/90
	9.	Aquifer/Zone Identification	_	_	_	-	_	-
	10.	for Well/Spring pH (Standard Units)	 		<u> </u>			
	700		8.57	8.60	8.56	7.09	8.57	7.9
	ll.	Total Acidity	0.0	0.0	0.0	5.0	0.0	18.1
	12.	(mg/l CaCO ₃) Total Alkalinity	10.0	0.0			·	
	160	(mg/1 CaCO ₂)	133	157	126	46.2	132	131
) .	13.	Specific Conductivity	260	312	260	818	260	198
*	14.	(umhos/cm at 25°C) Total Dissolved Solids	200_	112		1020		<u> </u>
	7-20	(ma/1)	215	<u> </u>	214		215	 -
	15.	Total Manganese	<0.02	<0.02	<0.02	0.03	<0.02	0.02
	1 6 .	(mg/l) Total Sulfates						
	70.	(mg/1)	81.3	20.0	96.0	199	89.3	40.1
	17.	Total Iron	0.07	2 0	0.06	0.20	0.07_	0.53
	18.	(mg/l) Total Suspended	0.07	1				
	760	Solids (mg/l)	2.1	27.0	2.5	10.1	1.3	20.9
	19.	Total Hardness	135	222	131	144	133	151
	20.	(mg/l as CaCO ₃) Date Sampled					10/21/2	
	& ♥o	for Analysis	10/31/8	9/21/90	TO+31/8	96/26/90	10/31/8	96/15/90
	21.	Date Last Precipitation	10/31/8	99/19/90	10/31/8	95/26/91	10/31/8	96/14/9
	22.	Event Occurred Nitrates	<0.1	1.67	<0.1	<u> </u>	<0.1	1.51
	LL.	Laboratory Name Tradet. Inc.				Wheel	ing	
		Address P.O. Box 2019		3	crea	26003	ı uğ	

NOTE: If information required by items 5, 6, and 9 is unobtainable, submit as an addendum to Attachment 14A a statement giving the reasons why the information is unobtainable.

NOTE: For each sample provide data for either item 13 or item 14.

MITACHENT 14A (HYDEOLOGIC MEASUREMENTS AND ANALYSES)

policant's Name THE OHIO VALLEY COAL COMPANY

1.	Identification No. of Sampling Station from Hydrology Map	W-33	W-33	- 1		W-47	
2.	Lab Identification Number	8907197				Note3	
3.	High (H)/Low (L) Designation (if applicable)	н	L				
4.	Surface Elevation for Sampling Station (msl)	1252	1252			1278	
5.	Depth of Well below Land Surface (feet)	50	50			_	
6.	Static Water Level of Well below Land Surface (feet)	16	16			_	
7.	Flow for Spring/Stream (qpm or cfs)	_	_			L	
8.	Date Above Measurements	7/12/89	10/12/89)			
9.	Aquifer/Zone Identification for Well/Spring	L-5	L-5				
10.		7.36	7.39				
11.	(mg/1 CaCO ₂)	13.2	10.4			/	 -
12.	Total Alkalinity	189	168				
13	. Specific Conductivity (umbos/cm at 25°C)	500	520				
14	. Total Dissolved Solids	281	270				
15	. Total Manganese (mg/l)	<0.02	<0.02				
16	. Total Sulfates (mg/l)	40.0	37.6				
17	Total Iron (mg/l)	0.05	0.08	·			
18	. Total Suspended Solids (mg/l)	3.8	1.3				
19	(mg/l as CaCO ₂)	158	188				ļ
	Date Sampled for Analysis	7/12/89	10/12/89				
21	Date Last Precipitation Event Occurred		10/10/89	<u> </u>	<u> </u>		
22	Nitrates Laboratory Name Tradet. Inc.				Whee		<u> </u>

NOTE: If information required by items 5, 6, and 9 is unobtainable, submit as an addendum to Attachment 14A a statement giving the reasons why the information is unobtainable.

NOTE: For each sample provide data for either item 13 or item 14.

ATTACHMENT 14A (HYDROLOGIC MEASUREMENTS AND ANALYSES)

Pli	i ca nt'	s Name THE OHIO VALLEY COAL	COMPANY	?				
	1.	Identification No. of Sampling Station from Hydrology Map	D-21	D-21	U22-A	U22-A	U22-B	U22-B
	2.	Lab Identification Number	8911019	9006415	8911026	9002176	8911027	9002177
	3.	High (H)/Low (L) Designation (if applicable)	L	Н	L	Н	L	Н
	4.	Surface Elevation for Sampling Station (msl)	950	950	1135	1135	1109	1109
☆	5.	Depth of Well below Land Surface (feet)	_	_	-	_	_	
ជ	6.	Static Water Level of Well below Land Surface (feet)	_	-	-	-	-	
	7.	Flow for Spring/Stream (gpm or cfs) Date Above Measurements	20.0gpm	3.58cfs	6.0gpm	4.9gpm	8.7gpm	6.2gpm
· ☆	8.	Made Aquifer/Zone Identification	10/31/89	6/20/90	LO/31/89	2/6/90	10/31/89	2/6/90
· u	9. 10.	for Well/Spring pH (Standard Units)	-	-	_	-		-
	10.	Total Acidity	8.56	8.30	8.57	7.70	8.57	7.74
	12.	(mg/1 CaCO ₂) Total Alkalinity	0.0	1.36	0.0	1.8	0.0	3.6
	13.	(mg/l CaCO ₁) Specific Conductivity	129	141	127	82.8	131	90.5
會会	14.	(umhos/cm at 25°C) Total Dissolved Solids	290	357	270	235	300	235
	15.	(mg/l) Total Manganese	226	0.30	212	163	<0.02	0.05
+	16.	(mg/1) Total Sulfates	<0.02		92.0	0.05 42.4	93.3	46.4
	17.	(mg/1) Total Iron	84.0 <0.02	0.28	0.07	0.21	0.05	0.11
	18.	(mg/1) Total Suspended Solids (mg/1)	2.5	4.0	9.3	12.7	2.1	7.1
-	19.		138	187	138	68.4	135	775.2
	20.	Date Sampled for Analysis		6/20/90	10/31/89	2/6/90	10/31/89	2/6/90
	21.		10/31/89	6/17/90	10/31/89	2/4/90	10/31/8	2/4/90
•	22.	Laboratory Name Tradet Inc.	<0.1	0.12	<0.1	0.73	<0.1	0.33
		Address P.O. Box 2019 State West Virginia			City Zip _	Wheeli 26003	.ug	

NOTE: If information required by items 5, 6, and 9 is unobtainable, submit as an addendum to Attachment 14A a statement giving the reasons why the information is unobtainable.

NOTE: For each sample provide data for either item 13 or item 14.

MITACEMENT 14A (HYDROLOGIC MEASUREMENTS AND ANALYSES)

plicant's Name THE OHIO VALLEY COAL COMPANY Identification No. of Sampling 1. D22-R D22-R P2 P2 U22-0 U22-0 Station from Hydrology Map Lab Identification Number 2. 8911176|9002163|8911177|9002164|9006198|8707241 High (H)/Low (L) 3. L Η H L Н L Designation (if applicable) Surface Elevation for 4. 1215 1045 1215 1045 1175 1175 Sampling Station (msl) Depth of Well below 5。 Land Surface (feet) Static Water Level of Well ů б. below Land Surface (feet) Flow for Spring/Stream 7. .7 gpm5.9pgm 10.9gpm21.7gmp .016cfs 2 gpm (gpm or cfs) Date Above Measurements 8. 1/10/892/6/90 11/10/892/6/90 9/20/9017/8/87 Made Aquifer/Zone Identification 9. for Well/Spring pH (Standard Units) 10. 7.13 7.99 7.82 7.83 7.82 7.87 Total Acidity 11. 4.40 3.0 0.4 38.5 $(mg/1 CaCO_3)$ Total Alkalinity 12. 96.5 164 85.4 158 84.8 156 (mg/1 CaCO₃)Specific Conductivity 13. 684 436 460 265 (umhos/cm at 25°C) 440 265 Total Dissolved Solids 14. 163 226 159 276 (mg/1)15. Total Manganese 0.06 0.03 0.18 0.03 0.04 0.05 (mg/1)Total Sulfates 16. 61.4 42.4 61.3 66.7 41.6 20.1 (mg/1)Total Iron 17. 0.62 0.13 1.10 0.16|0.180.28 (mg/1)Total Suspended 18. 80.7 7.5 8.0 20.4 9.7 18.7 Solids (mg/1) Total Hardness 19. 191 86.6 182 234 82.1 191 (mg/1 as CaCO₂)20. Date Sampled 1/10/89/2/6/90 11/10/89/2/6/90 9/20/90 7/8/87 for Analysis Date Last Precipitation 1/9/89 2/4/90 11/9/89 2/4/90 9/19/90 7/7/87 Event Occurred 1.27 0.22 1.49 0.12Nitrates 22. Laboratory Name Tradet. Inc. City Wheeling Address P.O. Box 2019
State West Virginia 2ip 26003

NOTE: If information required by items 5, 6, and 9 is unobtainable, submit as an addendum to Attachment 14A a statement giving the reasons why the information is unobtainable.

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MITACHMENT 14A (HYDROLOGIC MEASUREMENTS AND ANALYSES)

Aplicant's Name THE OHIO VALLEY COAL COMPANY

6 5		A CONTRACTOR OF THE CONTRACTOR						
	1.	Identification No. of Sampling						
		Station from Hydrology Map	U22-C	U22-C	D22-D	D22-D	U22-P	U22-P
	2.	Lab Identification Number	han aaa	0000170	0077.000	000000	0011175	0000160
			ВЭП078	9002178	8911029	9002180	89ПТ/2	9002162
	3。	High (H)/Low (L)		**		,	T	
		Designation (if applicable)	L	H	L	<u>H</u>	L	<u>H</u>
	₽.	Surface Elevation for	1100	1100	1085	1085	1215	1215
\$2	-	Sampling Station (msl) Depth of Well below	1100	1100	1007	1007	12.13	1217
34	5.	Land Surface (feet)	_	_	_	_	_	_
•	6.	Static Water Level of Well	 					
-	٥.	below Land Surface (feet)	_	-	_	_	_	_
	7.	Flow for Spring/Stream		<u></u>				
	, .	(gpm or cfs)	12.6gpm	19.6gpm	15.9gpm	26.7gpm	2.6gpm	4.7gpm
	8.	Date Above Measurements				_ ·		
	- 0	Made	10/31/89	2/6/90	10/31/89	2/6/90	11/10/89	2/6/90
章	9.	Aquifer/Zone Identification						
		for Well/Spring			-	_		
	10.	pH (Standard Units)						[
			8.57	7.69	8.56	7.78	7.90	7.86
	11.	Total Acidity			0.0	2 2	0.0	26
		(mg/1 CaCO ₂)	0.0	1.4	0.0	2.2	0.0	2.6
	12.	Total Alkalinity	130	84.8	125	84.2	160	89.7
		(mg/1 CaCO ₃)	130	84.8	123	04.2	160	69.7
	13.	Specific Conductivity	310	245	290	245	360	265
di da	• ^	(umhos/cm at 25°C) Total Dissolved Solids	310	243	290	247	300	203
£3.46	14.		230	186	216	184	231	193
	15.	(mg/l) Total Manganese	250	100	210	103	231	+
	To	(mg/l)	<0.02	0.05	<0.02	0.06	0.05	0.03
	16.	Total Sulfates	1 3.3.32					
	TO .	(mg/1)	85.3	44.0	92.0	44.0	56.0	57.6
	17.	Total Iron	1					
	2.0	(mg/1)	0.07	0.07	0.07	0.09	0.42	0.02
	18.	Total Suspended						
		Solids (mg/l)	1.7	5.9	1.7	4.3	23.9	<1.0
	19.	Total Hardness						1.00
		(mg/l as CaCO ₂)	140	79.8	131	77.5	175	100
	20.		70/7/00	1 0 10 100	10/07/0	1016100	11/10/04	1216100
		for Analysis	TO/31/89	2/6/90	110/31/8	12/6/90	<u> </u>	2/6/90
	21.		70/01/00	01110	h over co	2/4/90	1/9/80	2/4/90
		Event Occurred	110/31/89	2/4/90	11 (V 31/85	0 04	< 0.01	1.67
	22.	Nitrates	<0.1	0.76	<0.1	1 0.84	170.01	17.0/
		Laboratory Name Tradet. Inc.			City	Wheeli	ng	
		Address P.O. Box 2019 State West Virginia	<u> </u>		Zip	26003		
		State West Virginia	the state of the second					

NOTE: If information required by items 5, 6, and 9 is unobtainable, submit as an addendum to Attachment 14A a statement giving the reasons why the information is unobtainable.

NOTE: For each sample provide data for either item 13 or item 14.

ATTACHMENT 14A (HYDROLOGIC MEASUREMENTS AND ANALYSES)

			-	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			
	Identification No. of Sampling Station from Hydrology Map	Sp-31A	Sp-31A				
2.	Lab Identification Number	SP-JJ	SP-JJ				
3.	High (H)/Low (L) Designation (if applicable)	н	L				
4.	Surface Elevation for	1200	1200				
5。	Sampling Station (msl) Depth of Well below	 					
6.	Land Surface (feet) Static Water Level of Well	-	-				
	below Land Surface (feet)		-				
7.	Flow for Spring/Stream (gpm or cfs)	1.5gpm	0.22gpm				
8.	Date Above Measurements	7/16/90	9/18/90				
9.	Aquifer/Zone Identification for Well/Spring	L-3	L-3				
10.	pH (Standard Units)	7.21	6.98				
11.	Total Acidity						
12.	(mg/1 CaCO ₂) Total Alkalinity	3.6	4.6				
	(mg/1 CaCO ₃)	60.1	57.2	+			
13.	(umhos/cm at 25°C) Total Dissolved Solids	566	588		·		
14.	(mg/1)						
15.		0.01	0.02				
16.	Total Sulfates	47	38		,		
17.	Total Iron	0.21	0.28				
18.		\	12				
19。	Solids (mg/l) Total Hardness	5	1				
20.	(mg/l as CaCO ₃)	184	184				
	for Analysis	7/16/90	9/18/90			 	
21.	Event Occurred		9/16/90				
	Nitrates (Mg/L)	2.88	2.77				<u> </u>
	Address P. O. Box 259			City_ Zip_		ckway	

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^{*} NOTE: For each sample provide data for either item 13 or item 14.

MITACIMENT 14A (HYDROLOGIC MEASUREMENTS AND ANALYSES)

oplicant's Name THE OHIO VALLEY COAL COMPANY

l.	Identification No. of Sampling Station from Hydrology Map	บ-20	บ-20	D-20	D-20	U21-A	U21-A
	Lab Identification Number					١.	
2.		8911016	9009717	8911015	90021621	8911020	900216
3.	High (H)/Low (L) Designation (if applicable)	L	н	L	H	L	н
4.	Surface Elevation for	1230	1230	990	990	1150	1150
5.	Sampling Station (msl) Depth of Well below	1230	1230	333			
6.	Land Surface (feet) Static Water Level of Well	- -	-		=		
	below Land Surface (feet) Flow for Spring/Stream	<u>-</u>		- 15.1	4.7	2.5	21.7
7.	(com or cfs)	6 gpm	i.75cfs	, ,	qpm	gpm	gpm
8.	Date Above Measurements	10/31/89	9/21/90	10/31/89	2/6/90	10/31/8	2/6/90
9.	Aquifer/Zone Identification for Well/Spring	_		_	-		
10.	pH (Standard Units)	8.56	8.25	8.57	7.86	8.42	7.83
11.	Total Acidity (mg/1 CaCO ₃)	0.0	1.0	0.0	2.6	0.0	2.4
12.	Total Alkalinity	129	136	127	89.7	128	34.8
13.	(mg/l CaCO ₃) Specific Conductivity						265
14.	(umhos/cm at 25°C) Total Dissolved Solids	270	387	255	<u> 265 _</u>	270	
	(mg/l) Total Manganese	226	-	231	193	221	163
15.	(mg/1)	<0.02	<0.02	<0.02	0.03	<0.02	0.03
16.	Total Sulfates (mg/l)	92.0	19.0	89.3	57.6	81.3	41.6
17.		<0.02	1.77	0.05	0.02	0.20	0.16
18.		4.9	13.1	<1.0	<1.0	23.7	7.5_
1 9 .		129	165	133	100	133	86.6
20.	Date Sampled		9/21/90	10/31/89	2/6/90	10/31/8	9 2/6/90
21.	for Analysis Date Last Precipitation		9 9/19/90			1	1
22.	Event Occurred Nitrates		1.61	<0.1	1.67		1.27
	Laboratory Name Tradet. Inc.			City	Wheel:	ing	
	Address P.O. Box 2019 State West Virginia				26003		

NOTE: If information required by items 5, 6, and 9 is unobtainable, submit as an addendum to Attachment 14A a statement giving the reasons why the information is unobtainable.

NOTE: For each sample provide data for either item 13 or item 14.

DIVISION OF RECLARATION

MITACHMENT 14A (HYDEOLOGIC MEASUREMENTS AND ANALYSES)

Applicant's Name THE OHIO VALLEY COAL COMPANY

1.	Identification No. of Sampling	W-	ka l	u _	33	บ-6	บ-6	W-47	
_	Station from Hydrology Map		7-		7-	0000041			
2.	Lab Identification Number	8907	197	891	160	3707241	880420	Note3	
3.	High (H)/Low (L) Designation (if applicable)	Н		I		L	HE.		
4	Surface Elevation for								•
4.	Sampling Station (msl)	125	2	125	2	1215	1215	1278	
5.	Depth of Well below	50		50		_	_	_	
	Land Surface (feet)	 							
6.	Static Water Level of Well below Land Surface (feet)	16		1		_	· _		
7.	Flow for Spring/Stream								
/ 。	(gom or cfs)				<u> </u>	2 gpm	3 gpm		
8.	Date Above Measurements				İ	7/8/87	·		
	Made	7/1	2/89	10/	12/8	9	3/30/	38	-
9。	Aquifer/Zone Identification		i_	_	_				
1.6	for Well/Spring pH (Standard Units)	<u> L-</u>	5	L-	5	-			·
10.	ph (Standard Ollies)	7.	36	7	39	7.99	7.96		
11.	Total Acidity		ł	1 1			, t _i		
	(mg/1 CaCO ₂)	13	. 2	_1).4	4.40	5.2		
12.	Total Alkalinity (mg/l CacO ₃)	18	9	1	58	164	109		
13.	Specific Conductivity	 							
13.	(imbos/cm at 25°C)	50	0	5	20_	436	280		
14.		28],	1	70	_	_		
	(mg/1)	- - 4 9	μ	 4	<u> </u>	 			
15.	Total Manganese (mg/l)	LO.	02	r.d	. 02	0.03	0.03		
16.	Total Sulfates							ŀ	
70°	(mg/1)	4(.0	3	7.6	61.4	42.0		
17.	Total Iron	o.	05	0	.08	0.62	0.51]	
	(mg/l) Total Suspended	+ -	-	1		†			
18.	Solids (mg/1)	3.	8	1	.3	20.4	28.5		
19.	Total Hardness	٦,	8	,	88	234	152	1	
	(mg/l as CaCO ₂)		1 0	+ *	 	1203	102	 	
20.	Date Sampled for Analysis	7/1	2/8	910/	2/8	7/8/8	3/30/	/B8	
A.0		- [1	T				1
21.	Event Occurred	7/12	/89	10	10/8	9 7/7/8	7 3/27/	/88	
22.	Nitrates		_						L
	Laboratory Name Tradet Inc.					Cite	Wheel	ng	
	Address P.O. Box 2019					CTCA	26003		

NOTE: If information required by items 5, 6, and 9 is unobtainable, submit as an addendum to Attachment 14A a statement giving the reasons why the information is unobtainable.

NOTE: For each sample provide data for either item 13 or item 14.

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ADDENDUM TO ATTACHMENT 14
THE OHIO VALLEY COAL COMPANY
POWHATAN NO. 6 MINE
PERMIT D-0360

Several developed groundwater sources could not be measured for depth. In some cases, the landowners knew the depth of the well, and these are noted. The reasons why certain wells were not measured included:

- Note 1 The well was covered with dirt, concrete, or a metal hand pump and could not be accessed for measurement.
- Note 2 The original landowner refused to allow sampling or measurement or both.
- Note 3 The well was covered and not equipped with a working pump so measurements and sampling was not possible.
- Note 4 These water supplies are newly developed. Sampling was begun in June, 1990 and will be reported when appropriate.

ATTACHERT 14B (GROUND WATER HYDROLOGY DESCRIPTION)

Applicant's Name THE OHIO VALLEY COAL COMPANY

Approx. Rate of Discharge/Usage of Aquifer/Zone (gpm or cfs)	2-4 gpm	2-4 gpm	2-4 gpm	2-4. gpm	2-4 spm	2-4 gpm	
Aquifer/Zone Known Uses	Livestock, Domestíc	Domestic	Domestic	Domestic	Domestic	Not Used	
Aquifer/Zone Horizontal Extent	Outcrop to Outcrop	Outcrop to Outcrop	Outcrop to Outcrop	Outcrop to Outcrop	Outcrop to Outcrop	Outcrop to Outcrop	
Aquifer/Zone Elev. (msl)	1193-1202	1219	1230-1236	1243-1261	1267-1272	1164-1176	
Aquifer/Zone Thickness		œ		cc		5	
Aquifer/Zone Lithology	Shale	Shale	Shale	Shale	Limey Shale	Limey Shale	
Aquifer/Zone Identification	L-3	L-4	L-5	L-6	L-7	L-2	

ATTACHEM 14C (MEL/SPRING INVENTORY)

Applicant's Name THE OHIO VALLEY COAL COMPANY

Well/Spring Identification Number	Name of Owner of Well/Spring	Surface Elevation of Well/Spring	Depth of Well in Feet Below Land Surface	Static Water Level of Well in Feet Below Land Surface	Lithology of Supplying Aquifer/ Waterbearing Zone	Known Uses of Well/Spring (if spring give discharge rate)
87-M	Campbell	1270	35 °	8'-10'	L-5	Unused
76-03	Campbell	1200	•	ļ	L-3	Livestock
17-16	Campbell	1200	l	1	L-3	Livestock
07-1C	Campbell	1240	1		P-7	Livestock
3F-23	Campo	1230	•	1	L-5	Livestock
SP-26	Campbell	1261	,	1	9-T	Livestock
SP-23	Otto	1671			9 -	Livestock
SP-24	Otto	1267	1		7 7 7	Not Used
SP-21	Perkins	1164			,	
LB-M	ovcc	1278	ı	-	Unknown	Not Used
SP-29	Caretti	1265	ı	Ł	L-2	Livestock
SP-30	Caretti	1266	l	1	L-2	Livestock

ATTRCHENT 14C (MEL/SPRING INVENTORY)

Applicant's Name THE

THE OHIO VALLEY COAL COMPANY

Well/Spring Identification Number	Name of Owner of Well/Spring	Surface Elevation of Well/Spring	Depth of Well in Feet Below Land Surface	Static Water Level of Well in Feet Below Land Surface	Lithology of Supplying Aquifer/ Waterbearing Zone	Known Uses of Well/Spring (if spring give discharge rate)
M-46	OVCC	1286	Unknown	Unknown	Unknown	Domestic
W-45	Campbel1	1273	Unknown	Unknown	Unknown	Domestic
W-44	Grant	1297	Unknown	Unknown	Unknown	Domestic
W-43	Otto	1263	Unknown	Unknown	Unknown	Livestock
7E-M	Otto	1272	26 °	11,	L-7	Domestic
P. C. F.	Ooten	1283	٥٥,	30'-32"	9-T	Domestic
77-4	OVCC	1299	Unknown	Unknown	Unknown	Unused
W-28	0000	1252	50 °	16"	S-T	Domestic
90° B	Ogitbee	1297	₽08	41'-45'	9-T	Domestic
\$07-B	Og ilbee	1272	Unknown	Unknown	Unknown	Domestic
W-24	Ogilbee	1266	77 °	,84	L-4	Domestic & Livestock

88-6

OHIO DEPARTMENT OF NATURAL RESOURCES DIVISION OF RECLAMMENTON

ACTACEMENT 14C (MEST/SEPRING INVENTORY)

Applicant's Name THE OHIO VALLEY COAL COMPANY

Known Uses of Well/Spring (if spring give discharge rate)	Domestic						
Lithology of Supplying Aquifer/ Waterbearing Zone	1-3						
Static Water Level of Well in Feet Below Land Surface	-						
Depth of Well in Feet Below Land Surface							
Surface Elevation of Well/Spring	1200					·	
Name of Owner of Well/Spring	0000	TATA					
Well/Spring Identification Number		SP-31A					

ATTACHMENT 14D (SURFACE WATER BODIES/PUBLIC WATER SUPPLIES)

Applicant's Name	The Ohio Valley Coal Company	
Applicant's Name	THE OHIO PATTED COMPANY	

Surface Water/ Public Supply Identification #	Type of Surface Water/Public Supply	Name of Owner of Surface Water/ Public Supply	Known Uses of Surface Water/ Public Supply
U-20	Stream	Thomas Tacosik	Unused
U-21-A	Stream	ovcc	Unused
U-21-B	Stream	OVCC	Unused
U-21-C	Stream .	ovcc	Unused
U-21-D	Stream	OVCC	Unused
U-21-E	Stream	Greg Blaney	Livestock
U21-F	Stream	Chalmer & Ida Campbell	Livestock

ATTACHMENT 14D (SURFACE WATER BODIES/PUBLIC WATER SUPPLIES)

Applicant's Name	The Ohio Valley Coal Compan	у
EE		

Surface Water/	Type of Surface	Name of Owner	Known Uses of
Public Supply	Water/Public	of Surface Water/	Surface Water/
Identification #	Supply	Public Supply	Public Supply
U-21-G	Stream	Richard & Vernice Otto	Livestock
U-22-A	Stream	Betty L. Dunfee	Unused
U-22-B	Stream	OVCC	Unused
U-22-C	Stream	OVCC	Unused
U-22-P	Stream	Chalmer & Ida Campbell	Livestock
U-22-Q	Stream	Delmas W. & Mary L. Caretti	Livestock
	,		

ATTACHMENT 14D (SURFACE WATER BODIES/PUBLIC WATER SUPPLIES)

Applicant's Name THE OHIO VALLEY COAL COMPANY

Surface Water/	Type of Surface	Name of Owner	Known Uses of
Public Supply	Water/Public	of Surface Water/	Surface Water/
Identification #	Supply	Public Supply	Public Supply
	Public Water		,
PW4	Line	Perkins	Domestic
PW5	Public Water Line	ovcc	Domestic
PW6	Public Water Line	R & V Otto	Domestic
PW7	Public Water Line	S & B Otto	Domestic
PW8	Public Water Line	Campbell	Domestic
PW9	Public Water Line	OVCC	Domestic
PW10	Public Water Line	ovcc	Domestic

ATTACHMENT 14D (SURFACE WATER BODIES/PUBLIC WATER SUPPLIES)

Applicant's Name THE OHIO VALLEY COAL COMPANY

			Known Uses of
Surface Water/	Type of Surface	Name of Owner of Surface Water/	Surface Water/
Public Supply	Water/Public		Public Supply
Identification #	Supply	Public Supply	Fublic Supply
PW11	Public Water Line	W & B Ogilbee	Domestic
PW12	Public Water Line	K Ogilbee	Domestic
PW13	Public Water Line	A & M Ogilbee	Domestic
P-1	Pond	A & M Ogilbee	Livestock
P-2	Pond	A & M Ogilbee	Livestock
		·	

SURFACE WATER INFORMATION-Permit, Shadow Area, and D. Adjacent Area

List the name of the watershed that will receive water discharges from the proposed permit, shadow, and adjacent areas as listed in the "Gazetteer of Ohio Streams" published by the Ohio Department of Natural Resources.

Captina Creek

- Are there any perennial or intermittent streams or other surface water bodies on the proposed permit, shadow area, and adjacent area? X Yes, If "yes," submit Attachment 14A and Attachment 14D and show location on application and hydrology map. See Attachment 14A, 14D, and Hydrology Map
- Based on the data listed on Attachment 14A, and other information submitted with this application, identify the seasonal variations in water quality and quantity for the streams identified in Part 2, D(2) above. See Attachment 14A

HYDROLOGIC DETERMINATION-Permit, Shadow Area, E. and Adjacent Area

Based on the information submitted in response to items B, C, and D in this part of the permit application, submit an addendum describing the probable hydrologic consequences of this proposed underground mining operation on the hydrologic regime of the proposed permit area, shadow area, and adjacent area. The description shall include findings on each of the following items:

- The consequences of the proposed operation on the (1) contents of total suspended and dissolved solids, total iron, total manganese, acidity, and pH.
- See Addendum to Page 19, Part 2, E Whether adverse impacts may occur to the hydrologic (2) balance;
- See Addendum to Page 19, Part 2, E The impact the proposed operation will have on: (3)
 - sediment yield from the disturbed area,
 - flooding and stream flow alteration or diminution, (b)
 - ground water and surface water availability.

See Addendum to Page 19, Part 2, E ALTERNATIVE WATER SUPPLY INFORMATION-Permit, Shadow Area, F. and Adjacent Area

Based on the response in Part 2, item E, submit an addendum identifying the extent to which the proposed (1)coal mining activities may proximately result in contamination, diminution, or interruption of an underground or surface source of water within the proposed permit area, shadow area, and adjacent area that is used for domestic, agricultural, industrial, or other legitimate use.

See Addendum to Page 19, Part 2, F

ADDENDUM TO PAGE 19, PART 2, D THE OHIO VALLEY COAL COMPANY POWHATAN NO. 6 MINE PERMIT D-0360

HYDROLOGIC MEASUREMENTS AND ANALYSIS

THE FOLLOWING DATA IS TAKEN FROM:

WATER RESOURCES DATA FOR OHIO, 1985 WATER RESOURCES DATA FOR OHIO, 1978

PUBLISHED BY

THE UNITED STATES GEOLOGICAL SURVEY

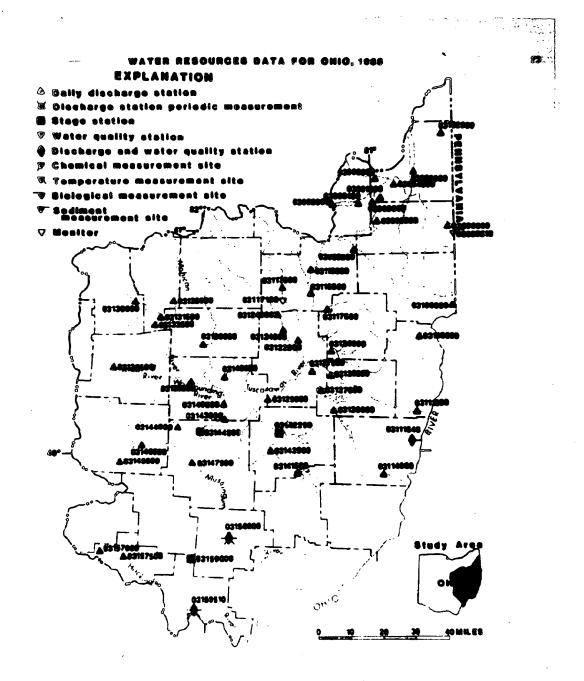


Figure 3b.--Lecation of date-collection stations excluding creek-stage and low-flow partial record sites and wello.

SAFTING CHOOL SAGIT

93174000 CYLLINY CHEEK WE PREMIUMEN MITTER C

SCORPAN.—Let 19764'11", long 69'55'27", in 69 1/4 one. 10, 7.5 M., 8.6 M., Initent County, Spiralogic Unit 63516101, on loft bank of decembranc side of bridge on State Styling 148, 6.5 ml east of Asistronya Mills, and 6.7 of decembranc from Anthrono Dun.

PARTICIPATION AND ALLEY

MERCH OF MARKET.—Support 1886 to Supposite 1880, Outstor 1884 to current year.

COSS. -- Chainer-chaps reserver. Butus of gaps to 739.53 ft above Untimed Condutic Vertical Satus of 1929.

Jan. 30. 1005 to Sant. 30. 1005. percentation man at more site, at datus 1.0 ft higher.

minutes. -- Outlineted dully disoberage: Boo. 6-0 and Jan. 10 to Feb. 31. Records good except for graciely of estimated protect, which are fair. Unker-quality data callected at this site 1985 to 1997. Sediment data callected 1985 to 1997.

waters scottings.-36 years, 163 ft %s, 16.52 is/yr.

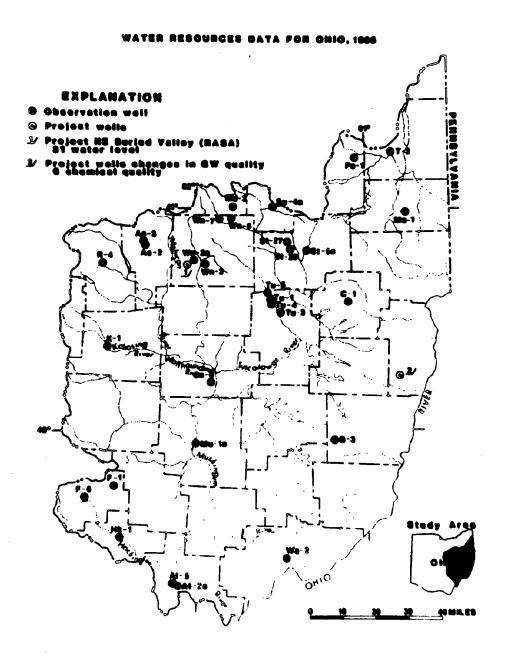
MERCHAN - PRE MARCON OF RESEAR. --Carleson Closbergs, 21,000 ft²/s Aug. 11, 1900, gags beight, 17.40 ftr no flow at times during 1850-30, 1852, 1854, 1850, 1863-66, 1872-74.

EXECUTED FOR CHARGES WHE. -- Such discharges greater then been discharge of 3,000 ft 70 and maximum (*):

Boko	Time	atomorpo (A) Fol	dage belght (ft)	Jato	Tise	(St %)	Gago bolght (ft)
Pede. 22	1700	*2,310	*6.43				
minters.	44 aabaaa		Seet. 21, 22,				

		ococanaca,	13 COSK	7007 N	0 000000, 20 VAL	100 TO	14 0030848	1904 7	• •	n 1965		
mi	ocr	107	100	200			APR		J100	316	A96	
13 13 13 15 15	2.0 IS IO 6.7 4.7	30 53 57 100	93 77 69 90 40	107 150 110 110	40 40 38 38	174 183 125 117 106	143 149 140 140	41 422 163 111	60 160 181 13	3.5 3.4 8.4 10 7.4	1.3 1.1 1.6 1.6	6.B 3.9 2.8 1.6 1.9
6 7 8 9	4.0 4.3 4.3	96 20 25 14	44 39 38	163 97 84 73 70	36 36 36 34	137 116 172 174 167	204 21.9 443 193 283	93 65 54 69	47 13 26 42 13	29 25 14 0.3 6.0	1.1 .75 1.5 1.7	.79 -39 -36 -38
88 12 13 14	7.4 7.6 7.0 5.3	604 160 161 16 16	476 297 210 294 277	45 66 64 12 35	14 90 90 110 100	143 464 323 250 197	292 213 191 163 166	66 41 38 32 34	25 120 71 66 33	6.6 4.9 3.6 3.5	1.0 .09 .70 .34 .39	.04 .04 2.4 2.6 8.0
86 87 16	9.1 4.0 6.8 5.6	74 ** **	200 126 135 131	55 20 20 20 21	90 90 75 70 65	150 144 117 103 160	132 112 100 63	69 54 62 54 27	31 37 39 36 31	29 12 5.3 3.4 3.4	34 33 33 6.1 3.4	.87 .26 .36 .38
28 22 23	4.7 15 16 16 15	97 42 43 41	216 667 310 124 191	49 44 44 44	45 1240 1710 1100	87 83 97 86	76 70 63 63 63	26 24 25 25 25	10 16 20 21 13	2.6 12 13 6.4 3.3	2.2 1.6 1.6 2.8	. 10 . 10 . 10 . 10 . 10
26 27 20	16 14 15 15 25 40	34 36 38 88	114 121 113 102 211 243	44 44 42 43 43 44	344 271 245	70 64 68 79 1396	54 91 40 44	21 39 44 43 37	9.6 6.6 4.9 4.3 9.4	3.3 8.7 9.0 4.8 3.5	45 15 7.1 3.7 3.9	. BO . BY . 99 . 30
		1			1			1			1	1

26235 100 101 010 010 010 010 010 010 00 140 101 89081 MOINT BOOK 1100 4139 654 440 130 460 470 10/0 1/99 179 179 179 /// /60 /60 | 14 | 14 | 14 1323.E 353.825 學法



Pigure 31.--Location of wells

MALIENT CHINT

MALISMAN, Local number, B-3.

**CHATTER. --Lat 80*12'19', long 61*89'22', Sydrologic Sait 8980001, Mr. Chirott Public Symre, Mr. Chirott, CR.

**Chart Villag of St. Chirott.

**Chart Villag of Chirott.

**Chart Villag of St. Chirott.

**Chirott.

**Chiro

		-	ra. (F887)		ARISON VA		EAR OUTER	m 1986 W	-	ID 1966		
	oce	807	990	388	-	100.00	450		340	J.	***	***
				S7.74	20.44	12.97	54.18	54.92	20.60	60.66	66.71	61.07
2	64.M	99.05		7. S	9.1	97.86	5	50.03	10.74	69.06	60.78	61.10
3		14.97 14.91		5:2	3: X	#:#	50.14	30.42	90.70	60.07	60.00	61.10
3		32 ii		9.0	9.11	57 . 67	50.05	39.44	39.40	60.60	64.65 64.65	61.10
3		11. 11		Ø.71	30.36	27.90	57.94	30.04	59.78	66.13	047.63	44.44
•								10.01	9.0	60.15	60.05	61.07
8		54.65		97.73	20.15	90.11 90.11	\$7.93 \$7.98	30.04	5:2	44.33	44.65	61.10
7		14.67		翼-11	90.33 90.33	12.64	#:W	3 :16	3 :73	11.13	60.65	61.10
•	000	54.67 54.63		97.84 97.95	3 .39	12.11	54.02	9.11	10.71	60.23	60.67	61.10
. 2	0-00	14. 13		9.35	3 .41	50.13	32.63	20.13	19.76	10.23	60.00	61.12
10	200	74. 20		27.55								61.19
11	-	54.42		27.97	39.41	50, 13	57.98	39.13	10.76	69.25	66.93	
12		H:H		批計	B:R	it if	B:31	15:12	# :13	12:33	11:33	11:13
IJ			54.29	56.61	2.13	54.10	57.93	2.12	9.76	#:#	61.05	41.40
13		54.20	34.29 34.28	17.00 54.17	3:2	33.13	37.50	2:1	3:;i	12:33	41.45	41.40
15	9.71	56.67	36. 46	34.17	٠				••••			
14	19.44	97.00	58, 21	50, 27	20.24	50.10		19.20	#.73	64.60	61.06	41.36
16 17	5:77	ÿ. ii	14.05	14. 36	19.26	50.00		19.13	20.73	60.45	41.95	(1.33 (1.33
i.	20.44	\$7.67	57.94	50.15	10.29	56.17		19.39	20.71	69.49	61.07	. 61.36
	20.26	27.63	17. W	54.26	59.23	24-11		3:11	2:77	44.47 44.44	81.12	: ii:\$
15	₩.₩	#.01	77.	50.44	19.20	50.23	-	37.11	W. /4	••••	V4.44	*****
						14.27		40.46	10. 61	44.44	61.13	61.34
21	99.57	54.89	97.80 97.74	# 55	#:48	22		3 :11	35:44	#:#		11:33
#	90.60 90.61	밝혀	ñ:77	H	27.11	ii ii		#:11	3.5	64.33	41.14	61.33
11 12 13 14	W. 14		\$7.78	10. 39	50,48	54.22		39.43	99.04	64.35	41.13	61.36
25	3.46	900	97.44	14.62	56, 36	56.41	50.45	50.47	90. SE	60, 50	61.11	61.37
-	20.00							50.49	19. 07	40.13	61.13	61.34
25	39.36		97.00	14.87	50.31	54.47	10.13	9.11	9.4	44.43	61.16	11.23
27	10.34		97.00	14. 87	58.16	30.40	10.63 30.76	2:2	5:4	60.67	61.16	41.43
20	30.15	000	97.63	34.00	56.13	34.46 36.44	10.00	9.63	5:57	40.45	61.16	61.64
29	20.00	-00	22.75	56.99 90.85		34.44	14.00	19.64	40.00	40.70	61.10	61.44
19	m.ee	000	17.43 17.43	33.61		51.44		99.63		40.70	41.04	
88	50.00	***	77 . 44	JJ . U D								
-0.5		44	+==	\$9.85	99.41	\$0.47	43	99.64 29.44 EEP	49.44 29 MID 0	60.78	61.16	63.44

HYDROLOGIC MEASUREMENTS AND ANALYSIS

THE FOLLOWING DATA IS TAKEN FROM:

BIOLOGICAL AND WATER QUALITY STUDY
OF
MCMAHON, CAPTINA AND SUNFISH CREEKS
AND SELECTED TRIBUTARIES

BELMONT AND MONROE COUNTIES, OHIO DRAFT, APRIL 1986

PREPARED BY:

DIVISION OF WATER QUALITY
MONITORING AND ASSESSMENT
OHIO ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY
COLUMBUS, OHIO 43226-1049

Appendix C Table 1. (Continued).

Station (RM) 3.3

General Location: Upstream from Steinerville, adjacent SR 148

County: Belmont

Sampling Method: Dipnet/handpick

Substrate Characterization: Primarily rubble and much coarse gravel with

boulder, fine gravel, sand, silt, and detritus

Substrate Compaction: Firm Width (Range): 25 to 50 Feet Depth (Range): 3 to 18 inches Habitat: Pool, riffle, run

Canopy: Open

Riparian vegetation: Large trees Land use: Agricultural/rural

Bend Fork

Station (RM) 12.3

General Location: 20 feet upstream from Bethesda WWTP discharge

County: Belmont

Sampling Method: Dipnet/handpick

Substrate Characterization: Primarily coarse gravel with rubble, fine gravel,

sand, silt and detritus

Substrate Compaction: Firm Width (Range): 1 to 4 feet Depth (Range): 6 to 12 inches Habitat: Pool, riffle, run

Canopy: Closed

Riparian vegetation: Large trees Land use: Agricultural/rural

Station (RM) 11.5

General Location: At Junction of CR 86 and TR 200

County: Belmont

Sampling Method: Dipnet/handpick

Substrate Characterization: Primarily fine gravel, and much sand and muck

with coarse gravel, silt, detritus, and peat

Substrate Compaction: Soft Width (Range): 3 to 6 Feet Depth (Range): 1 to 12 inches Habitat: Pool, riffle, run

Canopy: 75% open

Riparian vegetation: Grass Land use: Agricultural/rural Page 9 Appendix C Table 1. (Continued).

Station (RM) 8.4

General Location: Downstream from Packsaddle Run

County: Belmont

Sampling Method: Dipnet/handpick

Substrate Characterization: Primarily rubble with bedrock, boulder, gravel,

sand, silt and detritus

Substrate Compaction: Firm Width (Range): 8 to 20 Feet
Depth (Range): 2 to 18 inches
Habitat: Pool, riffle, run
Canopy: 75% open

Riparian vegetation: Large trees Land use: Agricultural/rural

Station (RM) 0.4

General Location: Near mouth

County: Belmont

Sampling Method: Dipnet/handpick

Substrate Characterization: Primarily rubble, and much bedrock and coarse

gravel with boulder, fine gravel, sand, silt and detritus

Page 12

Substrate Compaction: Firm Width (Range): 15 to 25 feet Depth (Range): 2 to 24 inches Habitat: Pool, riffle, run

Canopy: 50% open

Riparian vegetation: Large trees Land use: Agricultural/rural

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Doc. 0580S/6126Q

Draft: Captina/Sunfish Creek

May 07, 1985

6. 05030106-052

North Fork Captina Creek

RM 10.5 - Mouth

GENERALLY GOOD TO EXCEPTIONAL

Rationale:

Water quality was considered good for the entire stream segment, although some nutrient enrichment was recorded 1.5 miles downstream from the Barnesville WWTP (RM 10.5). The biological community immediately downstream from the WWTP was indicative of some organic enrichment with complete recovery documented 4 miles downstream. Good water quality and an exceptional biological community were documented in the lower segment of the North Fork Captina Creek.

7. 05030106-053

South Fork Captina Creek

RM 12.0 - Mouth

G000

Rationale:

Water quality and biological condition were considered good in the lower segment of the South Fork (RM 1.0-0). Based largely on the absence of point source dischargers and abandoned underground mines, good instream conditions appear likely in the remainder of the South Fork.

8, 05030106-050

Bend Fork

RM 12.3 - Mouth

GENERALLY GOOD

Rationale:

Bend Fork was generally characterized by fair-good water quality and fair-good biological condition. Biological communities revealed influences from nutrient enrichment and slightly elevated ammonia-N values in the upper stream reach, and apparently resulted from both point and nonpoint source inputs. Complete recovery in water quality and biological condition was documented at RM 8.4.

9. 05030201-061 05030201-059 05030201-057 Sunfish Creek Sunfish Creek Sunfish Creek Sunfish Creek Headwaters - RM 22.9 RM 22.9 - 14.7

RM 14.7 - 7.8 RM 7.8 - 7.6

G000

Rationale:

05030201-055

The mainstem was generally characterized by good water quality and good biological condition. Total iron levels appeared characteristic of mine drainage influences; however, no impacts were detectable in the biological community condition.

10. 05030201-053

Sunfish Creek

RM 7.6 - Mouth

EXCEPTIONAL

Rationale:

The fish community in this segment of Sunfish Creek (excluding the area influenced by Ohio River backwater) exhibited a high species diversity and composite index values in the exceptional range. Water quality was characterized as good.

STATION NUMBER C02S43
39 56 17.0 080 59 29.0 2
BEND FORK AT TWP. RD. 101 (RM 3.6)
DHIO RIVER 052100 (CAPTINA CREEK)
MILES 0953.80 0871.82 018.02 003.60

			60	MU.	MEAN	STAN DEV	MAXTMUM	MINIMUM BEG END
PARAMETER			R	NO		3.77492	24.0000	12.5000 83/07 83/10
WATER	TEMP	CENT		9	18.5000	39.1772	390.000	278.000 83/07 83/10
CNDUCTVY	FIELD	MICROMHO		8	341.000		444.000	322.000 83/07 83/10
CNDUCTVY	AT 250	MICROMHO		9	396.000	40.9268	833909	833909 83/07 83/10
INTNSVE	SURVEY	IDENT		6	833909	.000000	10.9000	7.85000 83/07 83/10
00	PROBE	MG/L		9	9.67222	.854103	1.00000	1.00000 83/07 83/08
BOD	5 DAY	MG/L	K	3	1.00000	.000000		11.0000 83/07 83/08
COD	LOWLEVEL	MG/L		3	17.3333	5.50760	21.0000	10.0000 83/08 83/08
			K	1	10.0000		10.0000	10.0000 83/07 83/08
			T	4	15.5000	5.80230	21.0000	7.70000 83/07 83/10
PH .		SU		8	8.13749	.226428	8.40000	7.95000 83/07 83/08
LAB	PH	SU		3	8.08000	.141490	8.23000	126.000 83/07 83/10
TALK	CACO3	MG/L		9	136.222	6.62971	145.000	262.000 83/08 83/10
RESIDUE	TOTAL	MG/L		6	310.000	45.1132	376.000	262.000 83/08 83/10
RESIDUE	TOT NELT	MG/L		6	33.5000	30.0716	85.0000	6.00000 83/08 83/10
WESTORE	, , , , , , , , ,		K	1	5.00000		5.00000	5.00000 83/07 83/07
			T	7	29.4286	29.4893	85.0000	5.00000 83/07 83/10
NUS.NUA	N TOTAL	MG/L	•	1	.240000		.240000	.240000 83/08 83/08
NH3+NH4-	N IOINE		K	8	.050000	.000052	. 05 0000	.050000 83/07 83/10
			Ť	9	.071111	.063333	.240000	.050000 83/07 83/10
	TOTAL	MG/L	٠	2	.025000	.007071	.030000	.020000 83/07 83/08
NO2-N	TOTAL	HG/ L	K	6	.020000	.000023	.020000	.020000 83/07 83/10
			Î	8	.021250	.003536	.030000	.020000 83/07 83/10
	**************************************	MC /I		8	1.58000	4.01306	11.5000	.050000 83/07 83/10
N03-N	TOTAL	MG/L	K	ì	.100000		.100000	.100000 83/09 83/09
			Ť	9	1.41555	3.78615	11.5000	.050000 83/07 83/10
	••	MC /1	ı	9	400000	.223607	.800000	.200000 83/07 83/10/
TOT KJEL	M	MG/L		4	.152500	.085391	.270000	. 08 0000 83/07 83/09
PHOS-TOT		MG/L P		5	.050000	.000061	.050000	.050000 83/07 83/10
			K	9	.095555	.075185	.270000	.050000 83/07 83/10
		MO 41	,	6	196.500	5.85662	203.000	189.000 83/07 83/09
TOT HARD	CACO3	MG/L			57.2999	2.53838	60.3000	52.7000 83/07 83/10
CALCIUM	CA-TOT	MG/L		9	12.3111	1.19529	13.7000	10.2000 B3/07 B3/10
MGNSIUM	MG, TOT	MG/L		9	9.12857	3.45579	14.0000	3.00000 83/07 83/10
CHLORIDE	TOTAL	MG/L		7		15.5662	86.7000	45.0000 83/07 83/10
SULFATE	SO4-TOT	MG/L		7	65.1000		.500000	500000 83/08 83/08
CADMIUM	CD, TOT	UG/L	K		.500000			30.0000 83/07 83/08
CHROMIUM	CR, TOT	UG/L	K					
COPPER	CU,TOT	UG/L	K					
IRON	FE,TOT	UG/L		7			2.00000	
LEAD	PB.TOT	UG/L		1	2.00000		2.00000	
			K	_				(07 02 /00
	•		Ī	. 5				
MANGNESE	MN	UG/L		6				
NICKEL	NI,TOTAL	UG/L	K					
ZINC	ZN.TOT	UG/L		3				
C VIAA	w,		K	(4				105 00 13 0
			9	3 7				
ALUMINUM	AL, TOT	UG/L		•			3 2040.00	
MERLINIANI	,		Ø	()			500.000	
				7				
RESIDUE	0155-180	C MG/L	•	-	260.28	5 18.706	9 282.000) (CD.UUU 93/81 93/10

STATION NUMBER C02S44
39 58 00.0 081 02 10.0 2
BEND FORK AT TWP. RD. 192 (RM B.4)
OHIO RIVER 052100 (CAPTINA CREEK)
MILES 0953.80 0871.82 018.02 008.40

			R	NO	MEAN	STAN DEV	MAXIMUM	MINIMUM BEG END
PARAMETER	TEMO	CENT	K	6	18.9167	3.77388	23.0000	13.0000 83/07 83/10
WATER	TEMP	MICROMHO		5	418.000	47.8748	495.000	372.000 83/07 83/10
CNDUCTVY	FIELD	MICROMHO		6	454.000	51.1742	511.000	385.000 83/07 83/10
CNDUCTVY	AT 25C	IDENT		6	833909	.000000	833909	833909 83/07 B3/10
INTNSVE	SURVEY	MG/L		6	8.24166	.855845	9.20000	7.10000 83/07 83/10
00	PROBE			1	1.40000	.033043	1.40000	1.40000 83/08 83/08
BOD	5 DAY	MG/L	K	2	1.00000	.000000	1.00000	1.00000 83/07 83/08
•			T	3	1.13333	.230940	1.40000	1.00000 83/07 83/08
	. 64 11 51451	MC /I	ŧ	3	16.0000	1.00000	17.0000	15,0000 83/07 83/08
COD	LOWLENER	MG/L Su		6	7.89999	.212408	8.25000	7.60000 B3/07 B3/10
PH	611	SU SU		3	7.99999	.114320	8.08000	7.87000 83/07 83/08
LAB	PH			5	139.000	35.5176	198.000	102.000 83/07 83/09
TALK	CACO3	MG/L		5	363.600	11.0877	374.000	346.000 83/08 83/10
RESIDUE	TOTAL	MG/L		5 6	43.8333	23.7775	87.0000	22.0000 83/07 83/10
RESIDUE	TOT NELT	MG/L		2	.060000	.014142	.070000	.050000 83/08 83/09
NH3+NH4-	N TOTAL	MG/L	_	4	.050000	.000050	.050000	.050000 83/07 83/10
			K	6	.053333	.008165	.070000	.050000 83/07 83/10
		MC 41	Ų	3	.020000	.000000	.020000	.020000 83/08 83/10
NO2-N	TOTAL	MG/L	~	2	.020000	.000000	.020000	.020000 83/07 83/08
			K	5	.020000	.000020	.020000	.020000 83/07 83/10
				6	.823333	.368439	1,41000	.290000 83/07 83/10
N03-N	TOTAL	MG/L				.121107	.600000	.300000 83/07 83/10
TOT KJEL	N	MG/L		6	.466666 .426666	.224738	.800000	.180000 83/07 83/10
PHOS-TOT		MG/L P		6	199.000	7.34847	207.000	189.000 83/07 83/09
TOT HARD	CACO3	MG/L		5	58.6999	2.07459	61.4000	56.3000 B3/07 83/10
· CALCIUM	CA-TOT	MG/L		6		.732211	13.9000	11.8000 83/07 83/10
MGNSIUM	MG,TOT	MG/L		6	13.1000	4.32882	21.2000	9.50000 83/07 83/10
CHLORIDE	TOTAL	MG/L		6	15.8333	10.9316	85.0000	55,0000 83/07 83/10
SULFATE	SO4-TOT	MG/L		6	74.5000	.000000	.500000	.500000 83/07 83/08
CADMIUM	CD, TOT	UG/L	K	3	.500000 30.0000	.000000	30.0000	30.0000 83/07 83/08
CHROMIUM	CR, TOT	UG/L	K	2		.000000	10.0000	10.0000 83/07 83/08
COPPER	CU, TOT	UG/L	K	3	10.0000	854.646	3360.00	1030.00 83/07 83/10
IRON	FE, TOT	UG/L		6	1698.33	034.040	3.00000	3.00000 83/08 83/08
LEAD	PB,TOT	UG/L		1	3.00000	.000000	2.00000	2.00000 83/07 83/08
			K	2	2.00000	.577352	3.00000	2.00000 83/07 83/08
			T	3	2.33333	38.0352	200.000	100.000 B3/07 B3/10
MANGNESE	MN	UG/L		6	131.667	.000000	40.0000	40.0000 B3/07 B3/08
NICKEL	NI,TOTAL	UG/L	K		40.0000	2.88675	15.0000	10.0000 83/08 83/09
ZINC	ZN, TOT	UG/L		4	12.5000	_	10.0000	
			K		10.0000		15.0000	
	:		T		11.6667	2.58200	1610.00	
ALUMINUM	AL,TOT	UG/L		5	1232.00		200.000	
			K		200.000		1610.00	
	,		T	•				
RESIDUE	0188-180	C MG/L		6	306.833	23.3460	331.000	616.000 03/01 90/10

STATION NUMBER C02S45
40 00 05.0 081 02 55.0 2
BEND FK DST BETHESDA- TWP RD 200 (RM 11.15)
OHIO RIVER 052100 (CAPTINA CREEK)
MILES 0953.80 0871.82 018.02 011.15

			R	NO.	MEAN	STAN DEV	MAXIMUM	MINIMUM BEG	END
PARAMETER		SENT	K	NO	18.5000	3.08221	22.0000	14.0000 83/0	
WATER	TEMP	CENT		6	546.800	72.2634	625.000	462.000 83/0	
CNDUCTVY	FIELD	MICROMHO		5	597.333	57.3480	672.000	536.000 83/0	
CNDUCTVY	AT 25C	MICROMHO		6	833909	.000000	833909	833909 83/0	
INTNSVE	SURVEY	IDENT		6	6.84166	.717254	7.60000	6.00000 83/0	
00	PROBE	MG/L		6		1.95021	5.80000	2.20000 83/0	
80D	5 DAY	MG/L		3	3.56667	4.61885	28.0000	20.0000 83/0	
COD	LOWLEVEL	MG/L		3	25.3333		8.00000	7.20000 83/0	
PH		SU		5	7.61000	.288217 .096081	7.82000	7.63000 83/0	7 83/08
LAB	PH	SU		3	7.72000	51.1890	189.000	48.0000 B3/0	7 83/10
T ALK	CACO3	MG/L		5	129.400	29.0675	463.000	386.000 B3/0	N 83/10
RESIDUE	TOTAL	MG/L		5	435.400	12.3167	37.0000	6.00000 B3/0	8 83/10
RESIDUE	TOT NFLT	MG/L		5	16.2000	12.3107	5.00000	5.00000 83/0	
			K	1	5.00000	11.9276	37.0000	5.00000 83/0	
			T	6	14.3333		2.84000	1.32000 83/0	19 83/10
NH3+NH4-	N TOTAL	MG/L		5	2.00600	.597643		.050000 83/0	
			K	1	.050000	*****	.050000	.050000 83/0	
	•		T	6	1.68000	.960936	2.84000	.110000 83/	
NO2-N	TOTAL	MG/L		4	.265000	.114455	.380000	2.03000 83/	
N03-N	TOTAL	MG/L		6	3.37333	1.07413	5.10000	.700000 83/	
TOT KJEL	N	MG/L		6	2.40000	.933808	3.50000	1.66000 83/	
PHOS-TOT		MG/L P		6	2.39667	.638394	3.46000	215.000 83/	0/ 63/10
TOT HARD	CACO3	MG/L		5	223.600	5.85902	231.000	62.2000 83/	0/ 63/03
CALCIUM	CA-TOT	MG/L		6	65.2666	2.87174	70.1000	14.5000 83/	
MGNSIUM	MG,TOT	MG/L		6	15.5000	.707107	16.3000	9.50000 83/	
CHLORIDE	TOTAL	MG/L		6	32.4667	13.5212	50.0000		
SULFATE	SO4-TOT	MG/L		6	91.8333	11.3213	100.000	70.0000 83/ .500000 83/	
CADMIUM	CD,TOT	UG/L	K	4	.500000	.000000	.500000		
CHROMIUM	CR,TOT	UG/L	K	3	30.0000	.000000	30.0000	30.0000 B3/	07 83/00
COPPER	CU, TOT	UG/L	K	3	10.0000	.000000	10.0000	10.0000 83/	07 63/06
IRON	FE,TOT	UG/L		6	585.000	406.682	1290.00	240.000 83/	0/ 63/10
LEAD	PB TOT	UG/L		1	3.00000		3.00000	3.00000 83/	
			K	3	2.00000	.000000	2.00000	2.00000 83/	07 83/08
			Ţ	4	2.25000	.500000	3.00000	2.00000 83/	07 83/08
MANGNESE	MN	UG/L		6	193.333	53.0725	255.000	120.000 83/	
NICKEL	NI,TOTAL	UG/L	K	4	40.0000	.000000	40.0000	40.0000 83/	
ZINC	ZN.TOT	UG/L		2	15.0000	.000000	15.0000	15.0000 83/	
<u>به ۱۹۵۰</u>	J.,		K	4	10.0000	.000000	10.0000	10.0000 83/	07 83/09
			T	6	11.6667	2.58200	15.0000	10.0000 83/	07 83/10
ALUMINUM	AL .TOT	UG/L		5	672.000	358.288	1300.00	430.000 83/	08 83/10
1160119110it			K	٦	500.000		500.000	500.000 83/	07 83/07
			Ť	6	643.333		1300.00	430.000 83/	07 83/10
RESIDUE	DISS-180	C MG/L		6	402.000	24.2652	420.000	358.000 83/	07 83/10



POWHATAN NO. 6 MINE R-0360-2

As noted in Addendum No. 3, Seasonal Variations of Water Quality and Quantity, precipitation is the principal influencing factor upon all water systems. With an increase in precipitation or snowmelt, soil moisture will increase and cause a rise in the groundwater levels. Best conditions for groundwater recharge are those of prolonged rainfall periods. Most intensive percolation occurs as a consequence of winter precipitation and spring thaw. Amounts of available moisture in the soil will influence the chemical composition of groundwater. Dilution of dissolved solid contents increases during periods of natural recharge.

The following pages contain documentation of amounts of precipitation received in Ohio during 1986 and the first half of 1987. These measurements indicate the seasonal fluctuation which occurred in available moisture quantities. Fluctuations in water quality (total dissolved solids) can be inferred from increases or decreases in precipitation.



Richard F. Celeste Governor

Joseph J. Sommer

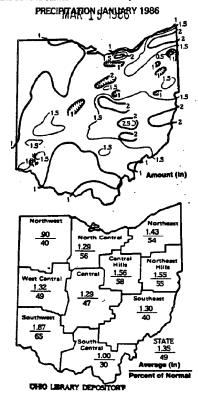


JANUARY 1986

MONTHLY WATER INVENTORY REPORT FOR OHOMand

Compiled by Leonard J. Harstine and David H. Cashell Distance

PRECIPITATION for January was noticeably below normal throughout the state. The average for the state as a whole was 1.35 inches. 1.41 inches below normal. Regional averages ranged from 1.55 inches. 1.11 inches below normal. for the Central Hills region to 0.90 inch. 1.33 inches below normal. for the Central Hills region to 0.90 inch. 1.33 inches below normal for the County, reported the greatest amount of precipitation for neonatory, reported the greatest amount of precipitation for the month. 2.90 inches, and Mosquito Creek Lake. Trumbul County, reported the least amount, 0.38 inch. There was minimal precipitation during the first half of the month, mostly in the form of light snow flurries. The bulk of the month, mostly in the form of light rain during the first half of the month, mostly in the form of light rain during the remainder of the month. Generally, about 50 percent of the state received between 0.5 and 1.5 inches of precipitation only a small area in the northest and the east central portions received more than 2 inches. Chardon, Ceauge County, reported 2.57 inches of snow for the month, the bulk of which fiell the last half of the month. Snowfall for the season thus far at Chardon totals 61.5 inches, 88 percent of normal. The below-normal precipitation during the past two months has had no serious effect on the water supply situation. This January proved to bumparative precipitation for the first four months of the 1986 water year remains above normal throughout the state. The average for the state as a whole is 15.49 inches, 5.23 inches above normal. Regional averages range from 17.53 inches, 2.91 inches above normal, for the Northwest region.



FEB

NATURAL RESOURCES

Richard F. Celesto Governor

Joseph J. Sommer



FEBRUARY 1986

DIVISION OF WATER MONTHLY WATER INVENIORY REPORT FOR OHIO 1986 1986

PRECIPITATION for February was noticeably above normal through-out the state. The average for the state as a whole was 3.19 inches. 0.90 inch above normal. Regional averages ranged from 3.52 inches. 0.72 inch above normal, for the Southwest region to 2.79 inches, 0.72 inch above normal, for the Southwest region to 2.79 inches, 0.93 inch above normal, for the Northwest region, Departures from normal ranged from 1.24 inches above normal for the Central Hills region to 0.59 inch above normal for the South Central region. McConnelsville, Morgan County, reported the greatest amount of precipitation for the month, 4.67 inches; New Carlisle, Clark County, reported 4.58 inches, Carroliton, Carroll County, reported the least around 1.68 inches.

respirations for the Intelligence of the County, reported 4.58 inches. Carroliton, Carroll County, reported the least amount. 1.68 inches.

There was precipitation in the form of light rain or snow during every week except in southeast Ohlo where as much as 7 inches of snow fell on the 11th. The greatest amounts of precipitation were reported on the 4th. 6th and 21st. A major portion of the state received between 2.5 and 3.5 linches of precipitation. Only a few isolated stations scattered throughout the state received lestween 2.5 and 3.5 linches of precipitation. Geauga County, totaled 9.8 inches, less than half that normally observed for February. However, southeast Ohlo received unusally heavy snows during the month; Athers reported 17.6 inches, 13 inches above normal. This was a good month for received unusally heavy snows during the month; Athers reported 17.6 inches, 13 inches above normal. This was a cond month for received unusally heavy snows during the month; Athers reported 17.6 inches, 13 inches above normal. This was a condition to the first two months of the 1986 calendar year was generally below normal throughout the state; the only exception being the Central Hills region where precipitation was slightly above normal. The average for the state as a whole was 4.54 inches, 0.15 inch below normal. For the Southeast region to 3.6 inches, 0.40 inch below normal. For the Northwest region. Departures from normal ranged from 1.70 inches below normal for the South Central Hills region.

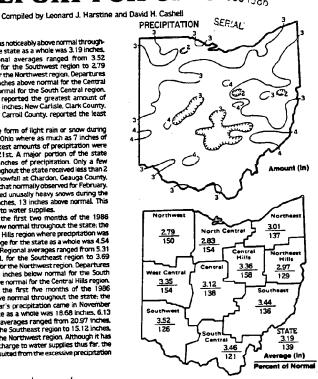
Cumulative precipitation for the first five months of the 1986 water year was noticeably above normal for the Central Hills region.

Cumulative precipitation for the first five months of the 1986 water year was noticeably above normal for the Central Hills region.

Cumulative precipitation for the first five months of the 1986 water year was noticeably above normal for the Central Hills region.

Cumulative precipitation for the first five months of the 1986 water year supplies those on normal. Regional averages caped from

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Richard F. Celeste Governor

Joseph J. Sommer Director

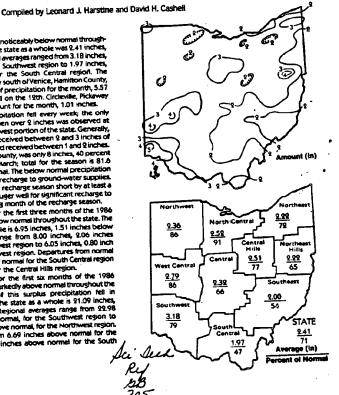


MONTHLY WATER INVENTORY REPORT FOR OHIO

PRECIPITATION for March was noticeably below normal through-out the state. The average for the state as a whole was 2.41 inches, 1.00 inch below normal, Regional averages ranged from 3.18 inches, 0.85 inch below normal, for the South west region to 1.97 inches, 2.96 inches below normal, for the South Central region. The Southwest Ohio Water Company south of Venice, Hamilton County, reported the greatest amount of precipitation for the month, 5.57 inches, of which 9.25 inches tell on the 19th. Circleville, Picksway County, reported the least amount for the month, 1.01 inches, Moderate amounts of precipitation tell every week; the only

inches, of which 9.25 inches fell on the 19th. Circleville, Pickawey County, reported the least amount for the month, 1.01 inches. Moderate amounts of precipitation fell every week; the only exception was on the 19th when over 9 inches was observed at numerous stations in the southwest portion of the state. Generally, nearly two-thirds of the state received between 2 and 3 inches of precipitation. The southwest third received between 2 and 3 inches of precipitation. The southwest third received between 2 and 3 inches of precipitation. The southwest third received between 1 and 9 inches. Snowfall at Chardon, Geauga County, was only 8 inches, 40 percent of that usually observed for March; total for the season is 81.5 inches, 19.3 inches below normal. The below normal precipitation for March resulted in reduced recharge season short by at least a month, as conditions do not auger well for significant recharge to water supplies in the remaining month of the recharge season.

Cumulative precipitation for the first three months of the 1986 calendar year is noticeably below normal throughout the state. The average for the state as a whole is 6.35 inches, 1.51 inches below normal, for the Southwest region to 0.05 inches, 0.80 inches below normal, for the Northwest region. Departures from normal range from 3.96 inches below normal for the South Central region to 0.60 inch below normal for the South Central region to 0.60 inch below normal to the South Central region in November. The average for the state as a whole is 310 inches, 4.95 inches above normal, for the Northwest region averages range from 9.298 inches, 4.95 inches shown normal, for the Northwest region in 17.48 inches, 3.44 inches above normal, for the Northwest region in 17.48 inches, 3.44 inches above normal, for the Northwest region. Regional averages range from 6.69 inches above normal for the Central Hills region.





Richard F. Celeste

Joseph J. Sommer Director



Cleveland

APRIL 1986

MONTHLY WATERSHIVENTORY REPORT FOR JOHIO Compiled by Leonard J. Harstine and David H. Cashell

SERIAL

PRECIPITATION for April was noticeably below normal throughout the state for the second consecutive month. The average for the state as a whole was 2.25 inches, 1.37 inches below normal. Regional averages ranged form 3.25 inches, 0.14 inch below normal. for the North Central region to 1.57 inches, 2.18 inches below normal, for the South Central region. Lima, Allen County, reported the greatest amount of precipitation for the month, 4.53 inches and Carrollton, Carroll County, reported the lasts amount of 23 inches and Carrollton. Carroll County, reported the least amount, 0.33 inch, a record low for

Carroll County, reported the least amount, 0.33 inch, a record low for April for that station.

There was precipitation during every week: however, the bulk of the month's precipitation fell during the second and third weeks. Heaviest precipitation fell in the western and northern portions of the state. Generally, half of the state north of a line from Cincinnati through Delaware to Youngstown received from 2 to 4 inches and the Vernaining half south of this line received between 1 and 2 inches. Water supplies will be affected by the lack of recharge in both March and April as a result of the deficient precipitation. Although the effects are not significant at present, much depends on weather

and April as a result of the deficient precipitation. Although the effects are not significant at present, much depends on weather conditions during the next six months.

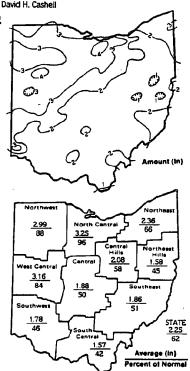
Cumulative precipitation for the first four months of the 1986 calendar year is below normal throughout the state. The average for the state as a whole is 9.20 inches, 2.88 inches below normal. Regional averages range from 10.62 inches, 12.9 inches below normal, for the West Central region to 8.00 inches, 6.14 inches below normal, for the 50 wth Central region, it is interesting to note that climatic conditions are very similar to those that existed for the first four months of 1985.

Cumulative precipitation for the first seven months of the 1984.

four months of 1985.

Cumulative precipitation for the first seven months of the 1986 water year continues to be noticeably above normal for most of the state; one exception is the South Central region where precipitation is slightly below normal. The average for the state as a whole is 23.34 inches, 3.76 inches above normal. Regional averages range from 24.83 inches, 4.37 inches above normal, for the Southeast region to 20.47 inches, 3.02 inches above normal, for the Northwest region. Departures from normal for the water year thus far range from 5.54 inches above normal for the South Central region to 0.07 inch below normal for the South Central region. normal for the South Central region.

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CLEVELATIO PUBLIC LIBRARY SCIENCE & TECHNOLOGY COM Richard F. Celeste JUL 5 1986
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Joseph J. Sommer
Director



DIVISION OF WATER

MONTHLY WATER INVENTORY REPORT FOR OMINIOR

Compiled by Leonard J. Harstine and David H. Cashell JUN 27 1986

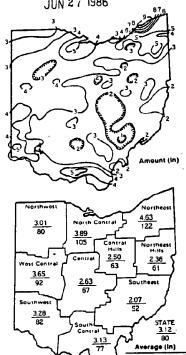
PRECIPITATION for May was below normal throughout most of the state for the third consecutive month. Only the North Central and Northeast regions recorded precipitation above normal for the month. The average for the state as a whole was 3.12 inches, 0.79 inch below normal. Regional averages ranged from 4.53 inches, 0.82 inch above normal, for the Northeast region to 2.07 inches, 1.91 inches below normal, for the Southeast region. Painesville, Lake County, reported the greatest amount of precipitation for the month, 9.76 inches, of which 7.95 inches fell on four days—May 6, 7, 16 and 19. Amesville, Athens County, reported the least amount for the month, 0.91 inch.

county, reported the greatest amount of precipitation for the month, 976 inches, of which 7.95 inches fell on four days—May 6.7.16 and 19. Amesville, Athens County, reported the least amount for the month, 0.91 inch.

There were substantial amounts of precipitation during every week of the month at scattered points throughout the state. The bulk of the month's rain fell on the 6th, 7th, 16th, 19th and 27th, Generally, half of the state north of a line running from Cincinnati through Columbus to Youngstown received between 3 to 5 inches with 5 to 9.76 inches in the extreme northeast corner. The remaining half south of this line received between 1 to 3 inches. Stations in the northeast reported as much as 2.70 inches in a 24-hour period. However, in the South Central and Southeastern portion of the state continued dry conditions are beginning to put considerable stress on the water supply situation.

Cumulative precipitation for the first five months of the 1986 calendar year continues to be helow normal throughout the state. The average for the state as a whole is 12.32 inches, 3.67 inches below normal, for the Northeast Hills region. Other regions showing excessive departures from normal into the calendar year this parallel of the first region to 10.68 inches, 5.19 inches below normal. South Central; 5.06 inches below normal. South Central; 3.06 inches above normal. Regional averages range from 28.66 inches, 2.97 inches above normal. Regional averages range from 28.66 inches, 2.63 inches above normal, for the Northwest region Departures from normal range from 5.72 inches above normal for the Northwest region. Departures from normal range from 5.72 inches above normal for the Northwest region. Departures from normal range from 5.72 inches above normal for the Northwest region. Departures from normal range from 5.72 inches above normal for the Northwes

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CHIO LIBRARY DEPOSITORY



Joseph J. Sommer Director

OCT ·

Richard F. Celeste Maturally Governor

JUNE 1986

MONTHLY WATER INVENTORY REPORT FOR OHIO

PRECIPITATION for June was noticeably above normal for most areas of the state: exceptions were in the North Central and South Central regions where it was below normal. Precipitation has been above normal for the state in only two months this year. The average for the state as a whole was 4.61 inches, 0.79 inch above normal. Regional averages ranged from 6.69 inches, 3.09 inches above normal, for the Northeast region to 2.80 inches, 0.84 inch below normal, for the South Central region. Andover, Astrabula County, reported the greatest amount of precipitation for the month, 1.11 inches; Ashtabula reported 11.00 inches and Youngstown Airport reported 10.66 inches, Salem Center, Meigs Courty, reported the least amount, 1.13 inches.

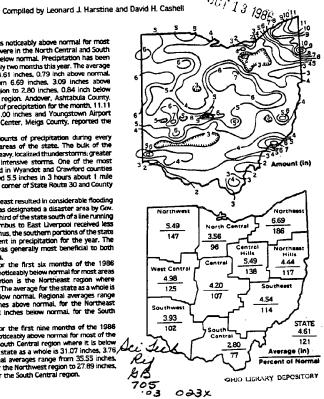
reported 10.66 inches, Salem Center, Meigs Courry, reported the least amount, 1.13 inches. There were substantial amounts of predipitation during every week of the month in most areas of the state. The bulk of the precipitation was produced by heavy, localized thunderstorms; greater amounts resulted from very intensive storms. One of the most intensive storms was reported in Wyandot and Crawford counties where Robert Studiey reported 5.5 inches in 3 hours about 1 mile east of Upper Sandusky at the corner of State Route 30 and County Road 3.4

east of Upper Sandusky at the comer or state nature.

Road 34.

The heavy rains in the northeast resulted in considerable flooding in Ashtabula County, which was designated a disaster area by Gov. Celeste. Cenerally, about one-third of the state south of a line running from Cincinnati through Columbus to East Liverpool received less than 4 inches for the month. Thus, the southern portions of the state continue be noticeably deficient in precipitation for the year. The above normal precipitation was generally most beneficial to both accordance and water supplies.

above normal precipitation was generally most beneficial to both agriculture and water supplies.
Cumulative precipitation for the first six months of the 1986 calendar year continues to be noticeably below normal for most areas of the state: the only exception is the Northeast region where precipitation is above normal. The average for the state as a whole is 16.93 inches. 2.88 inches below normal. Regional averages range from 20.34 inches. 1.43 inches above normal, for the Northeast region to 13.93 inches, 7.92 inches below normal, for the South Central region.
Cumulative precipitation for the first nine months of the 1986 water year continues to be noticeably above normal for most of the state: one exception is the South Central region where it is below normal. The average for the state as a whole is 31.07 inches. 3.76/inches above normal. Regional averages range from 35.55 inches, 8.17 inches above normal, for the Northwest region to 27.89 inches, 1.85 inches below normal, for the South Central region.





Richard F. Celeste Gavernor

Joseph J. Sommer Communication Co SCIENCE & TELLIGIOUS DEPT

JULY 1986

DIVISION OF WATER

MONTHLY WATER, INVERTORY EPORT FOR Compiled by Leonard J. Harstine and David H. Cashell

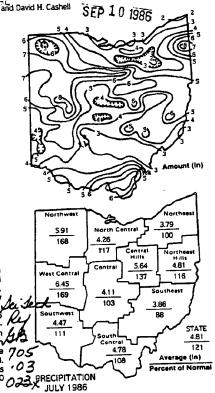
PRECIPITATION for July was above normal for the second consecutive month for most areas of the state; the only exception was the Southeast region where precipitation was exception was the Southeast region where precipitation was below normal. The average for the state as a whole was 4.81 inches, 0.83 inch above normal. Regional averages ranged from 6.45 inches, 2.64 inches above normal, for the West Central region to 3.79 inches, 0.01 inch above normal, for the Northeast region: the Southeast region with 3.86 inches was 0.52 inch below normal. Mansfield Airport, Richland County, reported the greatest amount of precipitation for the month. reported the greatest amount of precipitation for the month, 8.56 inches and the Akron city station reported the least

amount, 1.45 inches.

The bulk of the month's precipitation fell during the first 16 days although isolated areas in the northwest, northeast and southern portions of the state received small amounts of rain the last week. The greatest portion of the month's rain fell on the 1st, 9th, 11th and 12th in typical heavy, summer-type thunderstorms. The precipitation in the first half of the month was most beneficial to both agriculture and water supplies in most areas. However, areas in the southern half of the state continue to be noticeably dry. Even so, deficiencies in amount, 1.45 inches. the state continue to be noticeably dry. Even so, deficiencies in general have not reached drought proportions as compared to previous drought periods.

Cumulative precipitation for the seven months of the 1986

Cumulative precipitation for the seven months of the 1986 calendar year continues to be below normal for the central and southern portions of the state: the northern portion continues to be above normal. The average for the state as a whole is 21.74 inches. 2.05 inches below normal. Regional averages range from 25.70 inches. 2.04 inches above normal, for the South Central region to 18.71 inches, 7.57 inches below normal, for the South Central region to 18.71 inches, 7.57 inches below normal, for the South Central region to 18.71 inches, 7.57 inches below normal, for the state: the only exception is in the South Central portion where cumulative precipitation has been below normal for the past four months. The average for the state as a whole is 35.88 inches, 4.59 inches above normal. Regional averages range from 39.34 inches. 8.18 inches above normal, for the Northeast region to 32.67 inches, 1.50 inches below normal, for the South Central region. inches below normal, for the South Central region.





Richard F. Celeste And Post Lio

Joseph J. Sommer



AUGUST 1986

MONTHLY WATER INVENTORY REPORT FOR OHIO

Compiled by Leonard J. Harstine and David H. Cashell

PRECIPITATION for August was below normal throughout most of the state: the only exception was the Northwest region where precipitation was noticeably above normal. The average for the state as a whole was 2.61 inches, 0.39 inch below normal. Regional averages ranged from 4.55 inches, 6.79 inches above normal, for the Northwest region to 1.94 inches, 0.95 inch below normal, for the Northwest Feliats region. Maumee State Forest near Swanton, Futton County, reported the greatest amount of precipitation for the month, 6.79 inches and Kirwan Dam near Rawenna, Portage County, reported the least amount, 0.59 inch.

Although there was precipitation somewhere in the state during every week of the month, it was rather thin and widely scattered. Only a few widely scatter, heavy thunderstorms, which produced more than one-half inch of precipitation, were observed. Generally, most of the precipitation occurred the night of the 26th-27th when 1.0 inch or more fell throughout most areas of the state. The lack of precipitation during the month has begun to create some problems for water supplies in areas where the sources of water are marginal to begin with. Reports of reservoirs reaching critical low levels have been received, especially in the southeastern portion of the state where precipitation deficiencies are the greatest. Cumulative precipitation for the 1986 calendar year continues to be below normal throughout the state: the only

Cumulative precipitation for the 1986 calendar year continues to be below normal throughout the state: the only exceptions are in the Northwest. Northeast and West Central regions where it has been above normal for the past two months. The average for the state as a whole is 24.35 inches. 2.44 inches below normal. Regional averages range from 28.00 inches. 4.00 inches above normal, for the Northwest region to 21.50 inches, 5.65 inches below normal, for the Central region. Departures from normal for the calendar year range from 4.00 inches above normal for the Northwest region to 7.72 inches below normal for the South Central region.

region.

Cumulative precipitation for the 1986 water year thus far 765
remains above normal for most of the state: the only exception is the South Central region where it is below cormal. The average for the state as a whole is 38.49 inches cold inches above normal. Regional averages range from

Northe 2.56 North Central 4.55 82 2.38 165 81 Northeas 1.94 West Centra 67 2.19 1.95 76 Southeast 67 2.65 89 STATE 87 Average (in) ercent of Normal



Richard F. Celeste

Joseph J. Sommer Director



SEPTEMBER 1986

MONTHLY WATER INVENIORY REPORT FOR OPUBLIO Ibrary

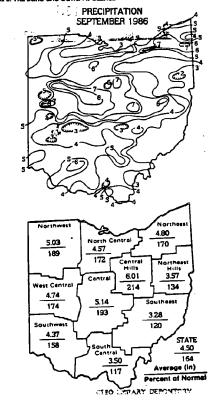
Compiled by Leonard J. Harstine and David H. Cashell

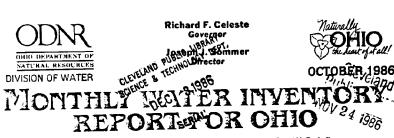
PRECIPITATION for September reached well above normal out the state. The average for the state as a whole was 4.50 inches. 1.75 inches above normal. Regional averages ranged from 6.01 inches. 30.2 inches above normal, for the Central Hills region to 3.28 inches. 5.55 inch above normal, for the Southeast region. LaRue, Marion County, reported the greatest amount of precipitation for the month, 8-64 inches and North Georgetown, Columbiana County, reported the least amount, 1.66 inches.

reported the least amounts, 100 inches; Substantial amounts of precipitation fell during every week of the month in most areas of the state. Storms producing more than one inch of rainfall occurred during the first, second and fourth week of month in most areas of the state. Storms producing more than one inch of rainfall occurred during the first, second and fourth week of the month in many areas of the state. Nowever, a large portion of the eastern and southeastern areas along the 0tho River received less than 3.0 inches for the month. Although these rains helped to relieve some of the water problems in this area during the past several months, the water supply situation still remains serious for a few solated cases. A large area in the central section of the state north of Dayton and Columbus received herveen 6.0 and 8.74 inches. About two-thirds of the state neceived more than 5.0 inches of rainfall for the month. Although the abundant precipitation during the month helped water supplies, it may create problems for fall harvesting.

Cumulative precipitation for the 1986 calendar year thus far is above normal in the five northern regions while it is below normal in the five northern regions while it is below normal in the five southern and eastern regions. Cumulative precipitation for the state as a whole is 28.85 inches, 0.69 inches below normal. Regional averages range from 33.03 inches, 6.37 inches above normal, for the Southeast region; the South Central region shows the greatest departure for the calendar year, 7.21 inches below normal. Precipitation for the 1986 water year, 7.21 inches below normal. Precipitation for the calendar year, 7.21 inches below normal. Precipitation for the calendar year, 7.21 inches below normal as water region to 39.40 inches, 5.95 inches above normal for the state. This was generally due to the record-breaking precipitation in November 1985. The average for the state as a whole was 42.99 inches, 5.95 inches above normal, for the Northeast region to 39.40 inches, 1.14 inches below normal, for the Northeast region to 39.40 inches, 9.60 inches above normal, for the Northeast region for 39.40 inches, 1.14 inches below normal, for the Northeast region for 39.40 inches, 1.14 inches below normal, for the 1986 water ye

An oxinyerial map also regional averages and oepartures from normal for the 1986 water year appear on the back page of this report. The water supply situation showed marked improvement during the first three months of the 1986 water year. This was primarily a result of the all-time record-breaking precipitation in November. Although precipitation was below normal during the remaining three E-1/66/705 1.03/023x/5c/ (continued on back)





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103

OHO LIBRARY DEPORTORY

Compiled by Leonard J. Harstine and David H. Cashell PRECIPITATION OCTOBER 1986

PRECIPITATION for October was noticeably above normal throughout the state. This is the second consecutive month in which precipitation has been well above normal. The average for the state as a whole was 4.08 inches. 1.77 inches above normal. Regional averages ranged from 6.50 inches. 4.28 inches above normal. for the West Central region to 2.62 inches. 0.46 inch above normal, for the South Central region to 2.62 inches. 0.46 inch above normal, for the greatest amount of precipitation for the month, 9.88 inches, and Barkcamp State Park, Belmont County, reported the least amount, 1.06 inches.

Barkcamp State Park, Belmont County, reported the least amount, 1.06 inches.

Substantial amounts of precipitation fell in most areas of the state during October: for the west central and central areas it was excessive. The bulk of the month's rainfall fell during the first five days. During this period, the central portion received about 4.5 inches while the west central portion reported 4 to 8 inches. While there was no serious flooding, these heavy rains produced some record-high streamflows for October. About one-half of the state received between 4 to 8 inches of precipitation for the month. A wide band across the southern portion received between 2 and 3 inches while a few scattered areas received between 1 and 2 inches. The excessive precipitation has been most beneficial for water supplies throughout the state.

**Cumulative precipitation for the 1986 calendar year thus far is generally above normal in the northern half of the state and below normal in the southern half. The average for the state as a whole is 32.93 inches, 1.08 inches above normal, Regional averages range from 39.13 inches, 7.63 inches above normal, for the Vest Central region.

This is the first month of the 1987 water year which began Oct. 1. 1986, and ends Sept. 30, 1987. The water year is a common reference period for both surface and ground-water supplies. October is generally considered the beginning of the new recharge season in excellent shape.

Northwest 4.13 North Central 141 3.96 162 193 Vortheas 3.35 4.35 West Centra 198 129 6.50 4.40 293 222 4.03 STATE 4.08 182 Central 2.62 177 Average (In) Percent of Normal 0332

701,40 NATURAL RESOURCES

DIVISION OF WATER

Richard F. Celeste Cleveland Governor Public 1 Joseph J. Sommer Jan 7 NOVEMBER 1986

MONTHLY WATER INV ECHNOLOGY. REPORT FOR OH Compiled by Leonard J. Harstine and David H. Cashell PRECIPERATION NOVEMBER 1986

03 OHO LIBRARY DESCENTARY

PRECIPITATION for November was above normal throughout most of the state, exceptions were in the Northwest and Northeast regions where it was below normal. This is the third consecutive morth in which precipitation has been above normal. The average for the state as a whole was 3.52 inches, 0.78 inch above normal. Regional averages ranged from 5.76 inches, 2.89 inches above normal, for the South Central region to 2.02 inches, 0.54 inch below normal, for the Northwest region. Shawnee State Forest. Scioto County, reported the greatest amount of precipitation for the morth, 7.26 inches, and Grover Hill. Paulding County, reported the least amount, 1.44 inches. There was precipitation during every week of the morth. Greatest amounts fell during the second and fourth weeks in the southern portion of the state, at which time more than one inch fell at many

There was precipitation during every week of the month. Greatest amounts fell during the second and fourth weeks in the southern portion of the state, at which time more than one inch fell at many stations. Generally more than two-thirds of the state received between 3 and 6.5 inches of precipitation for the month; the remainder received between 1 and 3 inches. Precipitation was heaviest in the southern portion of the state diminishing to the north. The heavy precipitation in the southern portion was most beneficial to water supplies that had reached critical stages in some cases due to the persistent drought conditions.

Cumulative precipitation for the 1986 calendar year thus far is generally above normal in the northern portion of the state as a whole is 36.45 inches. 1.86 inches above normal. Regional averages range from 42.17 inches. 2.42 inches below normal, for the West Central region to 32.17 inches. 2.42 inches below normal, for the West Central region the South Central and Southeast regions still remain 3.86 and 2.45 inches below normal respectively.

Cumulative precipitation for the first two months of the 1987 water year is above normal throughout the state. The average for the state as a whole is 7.60 inches. 2.55 inches above normal. Regional averages range from 9.54 inches. 4.66 inches above normal, for the West Central region to 5.98 inches. 0.97 inch above normal, for the Northwest region. The new water year is off to a good start with abundant precipitation.

abundant precipitation.

0 3.02 North (2.02 99 2.90 112 grthead 3.38 Nest Centra 122 129 3.04 3.29 114 123 4.75 177 3.87 STATE 128

OFF



Richard F. Celeste Governor

Joseph J. Sommer

DECEMBER 1986

MONTHLY WATER INVENTORY REPORT FOR OHIO

Compiled by Leonard J. Harstine and David H. Cashell

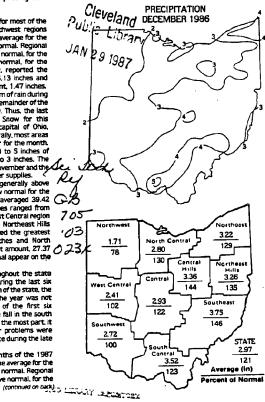
PRECIPITATION for December was above normal for most of the state. Exceptions were in the Northwest and Southwest regions where precipitation was slightly below normal. The average for the state as a whole was 2.97 inches, 0.25 inch above normal. Regional averages ranged from 3.75 inches, 1.18 inches above normal, for the Southeast region to 1.71 inches, 0.47 inch below normal, for the Northwest region to 1.71 inches, 0.47 inch below normal, for the Northwest region to 1.71 inches, 0.47 inch below normal, for the Northwest region. Shawnee Forest, Scioto County, reported the greatest amount of precipitation for the month, 5.13 inches and hicksville, Defiance County, reported the least amount, 1.47 inches. The bulk of the month's precipitation fell in the form of rain during the first week. Small amounts of rain fell during the remainder of the marth, including in many cases only traces of snow. Thus, the last three weeks of the month were unusually dry. Snow for this Dechmber was sparse; even Chardon, the snow capital of Ohio, reported only 4.5 inches, 20 percent of normal, Generally, most areas of the state received the least amount of snow very for the month. Cenerally, the eastern half of the state received 3 to 5 inches of precipitation while the western half received 1.5 to 3 inches of precipitation while the western half received 1.5 to 3 inches of precipitation for the 1986 calendar year was generally above normal for the northern half of the state and below normal for the southern half. Precipitation for the state and below normal for the southern half, sinches 1.6 inches 2.0 inches 2.3 inches above normal, for the Northeast Hills region. Mansfield Airport, Richland County, reported the greatest amount of precipitation for the year, 56.31 inches and North Georgetown. Columbiana County, reported the least amount, 27.37 inches. An isohyetal map and departures from normal appear on the last spage of this report.

last page of this report.

Precipitation was noticeably below normal throughout the state during the first six months and above normal during the last six months of the year. However, in the southern portion of the state, the months of the year. However, in the solution high during the states due above normal precipitation in the latter part of the year was not enough to overcome the noticeable deficiencies of the first six months. Drought conditions persisted late into the fall in the south central and southeastern portions of the state. For the most part, it was a good year for water supplies. Some water problems were experienced in the southeastern portion of the state during the late

experienced in the southeastern purdon in the state-our ing derived surmore and early fall.

Cumulative precipitation for the first three months of the 1987 water year is above normal throughout the state. The average for the state as a whole is 10.57 inches, 3.07 inches above normal. Regional averages range from 11.95 inches, 4.71 inches above normal, for the





Richard F. Celeste

Joseph J. Sommer Director



JANUARY 1987

ATER INVENCORY REPORT FOR OHICHIC Library

Compiled by Leonard J. Harstine and David H. Garnell - 1987

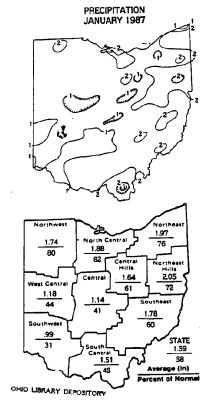
PRECIPITATION for January was noticeably below normal through-out the state. The average for the state as a whole was 1.59 inches, 1.17 inches below normal. Regional averages ranged from 2.05 inches, 0.78 inch below normal for the Northeast Hills region to 0.99 inch, 2.24 inches below normal, for the Southwest region. Chardon, Geauga County, reported the greatest amount of precipitation for the month, 2.72 inches and Milford, Clermont County, reported the least around 0.55 inch. amount, 0.55 inch.

Precipitation was distributed fairly uniform throughout the state. Generally, amounts ranged between 1.5 and 2.5 inches, being lightest in the west, increasing toward the east where a few stations reported more than 2.5 inches. Minimal amounts of rain or snow were observed throughout the state during every week of the month. The only exception was in the northeast when amounts exceeded 1.0 inch on the 2nd and on the 19th when most areas of the state received 0.50 inch or more. As was the case for the past two months, the 0.50 inch or more. As was the case not the past two months. Une southeastern portion of the state which experienced drought conditions last year has received the greatest amount of precipitation for the month. Chardon, Ceauga County, which reported the greatest amount of precipitation for the month, received 17.5 inches of snow. 6.5 inches below normal. This brings Chardon's snowfall for the 1987 season to 34.0 inches, only 55 percent of normal.

season to 3-0 inches, only 55 percent of normal.

Although January's precipitation appears to be low, it was 0.24 inch more than was received in January 1986. Also, January's precipitation has been lower in 13 of the past 47 years, of which three years reported less than 1.0 inch. Although the deficient precipitation this January has not had a serious effect on the overall water supply situation thus far, it remains to be seen just what will develop during the remaining three months of the 1987 recharge season. It would be wise for those involved in water supplies to monitor their situations closely in the ensuing months and plan accordingly. Cumulative precipitation for the first four months of the 1987 water year continues to be above normal throughout the state. The average for the state as a whole is 12.16 inches, 1.83 inches above normal, for the Southeast region to 9.43 inches, 0.22 inches above normal, for the Northwest region.

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Richard F. Celeste

Joseph J. Sommepublic LIBRARY OF THE DIRECTOR & TECHNICLOGY DEPT. The Meant of Fall!

Naturally

FEBRUARY 1987

MONTHLY WATER INVENTORY REPORT FOR OHIO

Compiled by Leonard J. Harstine and David H. Cashell

PRECIPITATION for February was noticeably below normal throughout the state. The average for the state as a whole was 0.50 inch. 1.74 inches below normal. Regional averages ranged from 1.47 inches. 1.31 inches below normal for the South Central region to 0.16 inch. 1.71 inches below normal for the North Central region. Departures from normal ranged from 1.31 inches below normal for the South Central region to 1.99 inches below normal for the Southwest region. Waterloo. Lawrence County, reported the greatest amount of precipitation for the month. 2.29 inches, and Grover Hill, Paulding County, reported the least amount—NONEI Also. St. Mary's. Auglaize County, and Montpeller. Williams County, reported only a trace. Note: an area in the extreme southern portion of the state probably received in excess of 3 inches as indicated by the 3.32 inches reported at Huntington Airport NOAA, West Virginia. Chardon. Geauga County, reported 7.3 inches of snow for the month. 36 percent of normal. percent of normal.

Precipitation was light during every week of the month. Stations in extreme south central Ohio and a few isolated stations reported more than 1 inch for the month. Only during storms on the 2nd, 12th, 18th. extreme sourn central unio and a rewisolated stations reported more than 1 inch for the month. Only during storms on the 2nd, 12th, 19th and 28th did stations report more than .02 inch. Much of the precipitation at stations that reported in excess of 1 inch field on the 28th of the month. Showfail was extremely light throughout the state during the entire month with only stations in northeastern Ohio receiving significant amounts. This was the second driest February for the state as a whole in 105 years, with only .043 inch in February 1978 being lower. Many stations in northern Ohio reported record low amounts of precipitation for the month.

Cumulative precipitation for the 1987 calendar year thus far for the state as a whole is 2.09 inches. 2.91 inches below normal. Regional averages range from 1.41 inches. 3.17 inches below normal for the West Central region to 2.98 inches. 3.17 inches below normal for the South Central region. Departures from normal range from 2.00 inches below normal for the Southwest region to 4.23 inches below normal for the Southwest region.

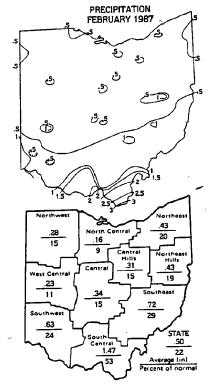
Cumulative precipitation for the first five months of the 1987 water year for the state as a whole is 12.66 inches. 0.09 inch above normal. Regional averages range from 9.71 inches. 1.34 inches below normal for the Southwest region.

normal. Regional averages range from 9.71 inches, 1.34 inches below normal for the Northwest region to 14.88 inches, 0.76 inch above

normal for the Northwest region to 14.88 inches, 0.78 into accept normal for the South Central region.

Precipitation has been very light since the middle of December 1986, Rainfall during this period is very important for replenishment of ground-water and upground reservoir supplies. It is hoped that current conditions will not persist. Those involved in managing water supplies should monitor their situations closely and plan accordingly.

SCI REFGB 105,03 03 3X





Richard F. Celeste Governor

Joseph J. Sommer Director



DIVISION OF WATER

MONTHLY WATER INVENTORY REPORT FOR OHIO

Compiled by Leonard J. Harstine and David H. Cashell

PRECIPITATION for March was below normal throughout the state except in the Northeast region where it was slightly above normal. The average for the state as a whole was 2.54 inches, 0.54 inch below normal. Regional averages ranged from 3.37 inches, 0.55 inch below normal for the Southwest region to 1.72 inches, 1.15 inches below normal for the Northwest region. Departures from normal ranged from 1.51 inches below normal for the South Central region to 0.23 inch above normal for the Northeast region. Kings Mills, Warren County, reported the greatest amount of precipitation for the month, 4.61 inches, and New Stratisville, Perry County, reported 4.60 inches for the month including 22.8 inches of snow which is 121 percent of normal snowfall, for the season, Chardon's total snowfall is 64.2 inches, 64 percent of normal.

normal showrall for the season, chargon's butter solved is 642 inches, 64 percent of normal.

The bulk of the month's precipitation occurred during storm periods on the 1st and 30th-31st. The rest of the month was very dry with amounts of less than 0.50 inch reported on the 14th-15th, 18th, 19th, and 24th-25th. The storm on the 30th-31st was the most normal to the 1st of 18th-19th, and 24th-25th. The storm on the 30th-31st was the most significant with stations generally reporting from 1 to 2 inches of precipitation. This storm also produced more snow than any other storm this winter for many stations. Most of the state received between 2 and 3 inches of precipitation. Areas in the northeast and southwest portions received more than 3 inches and a few stations more than 4 inches. Stations in the northwest and east central portions received less than 2 inches. Cumulative precipitation for the 1987 calendar year thus far for the state as a whole is 4.63 inches. 2.13 inches below normal for the Northeast region to 3.71 inches. 2.13 inches below normal for the Northeast region to 3.71 inches. 4.33 inches below normal for the West Central region. Cumulative departures from normal are below normal for all regions ranging from 4.78 inches below normal are

the West Central region. Cumulative departures from normal are below normal for all regions ranging from 4.78 inches below normal for the Southwest region to 2.13 inches below normal for the Northeast region. It is significant to note that this was the 4th driest January, February and March for the state as whole in 105 years with the 1.043 to 1.050 and 1.062 being driest.

January, February and March for the state as whole in 105 years with only 1941. 1958 and 1983 being drier.

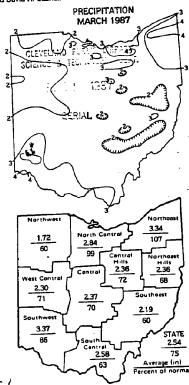
Cumulative precipitation for the first 6 months of the 1987 water year for the state as a whole is 15.20 inches, 0.75 inch below normal Regional averages range from 17.46 inches, 0.75 inch below normal for the South Central region to 11.43 inches, 2.49 inches below normal for the Northwest region.

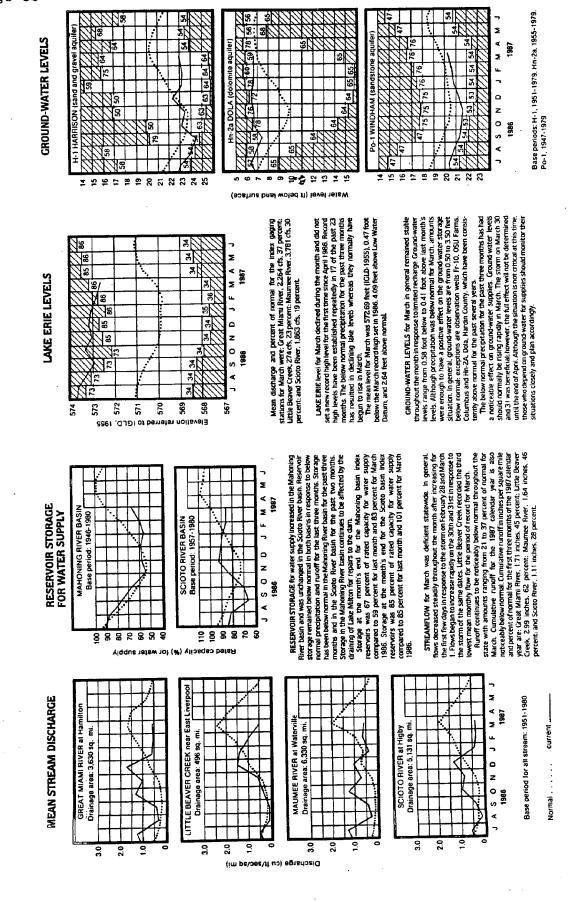
This is the third consensitive month that precipitation has been

normal for the Northwest region.

This is the third consecutive month that precipitation has been below normal. Although not critical at this time, we urge those involved in managing water supplies to monitor their situations closely and pian accordingly.

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MONTHLY WATER INVENTORY REPORT FOR OHIO

Compiled by Leonard J. Harstine and David H. Cashell

PRECIPITATION for April was generally below normal throughout most of the state for the fourth consecutive month: exceptions were in the eastern and southeastern portions of the state where it was slightly above normal. The average for the state as a whole was 2.92 inches, 0.59 inch below normal. Regional averages ranged from 4.05 inches, 0.31 inch above normal, for the South Central region to 1.54 inches, 1.77 inches below normal, for the Northwest region. Middlebourne, Guernsey County, reported the greatest amount of precipita-tion for the month, 5.87 inches and Bowling Green, Wood County, reported the least amount, 1.17 inches.

reported the least amount, 1.17 inches.

There was precipitation in most areas of the state during every week of the month. The bulk of the month's precipitation fell during the period April 3rd to 5th. During this period a large portion of the state experienced a severe snowstorm which produced record-breaking amounts of snow for a 24 hour period for many stations in the central and eastern areas of the state, and in many cases it was an all-time record 24 hour snowfall. Columbus reported 12.6 inches: Akron-Canton Aignort, 20.6 inches: Chardon, 18 inches: where whiledelphia, 17 inches: Dillon Reservoir at Zanesville, 18 inches: these were all time records for a 24 hour period for these stations. The moisture from this storm along with precipitation throughout the month was from this storm along with precipitation throughout the month was

beneficial to our water supplies.

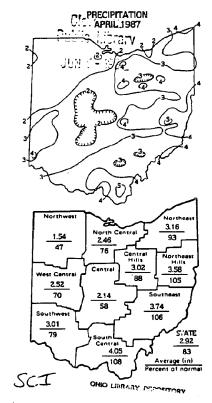
Most of the state west of a line from Cinchinati to Cleveland received between 1.5 and 2.5 inches of precipitation for the month while east of this line precipitation amounts ranged from 2.5 to 3.5 inches, with a few stations reporting in excess of 4 inches and only one station reporting more than 5 inches. Generally, snowfall this winter was much below normal; Chardon, the snow capital of Ohio, reported 82.6 inches, 78 percent of normal.

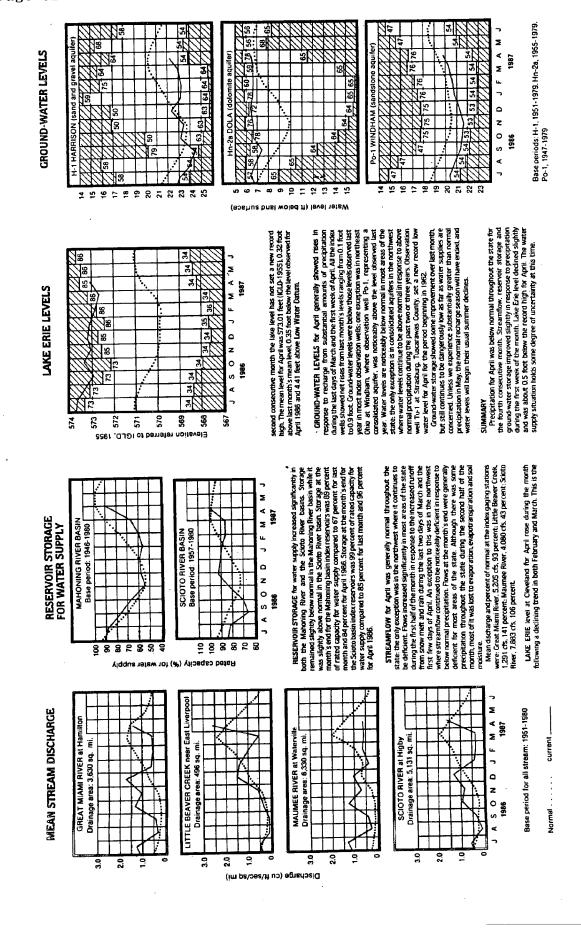
Cumulative precipitation for the 1987 calendar year remains markedly below normal throughout the state. For most regions, markedly below normal throughout the state. For most regions, precipitation has been below normal for every month in this calendar year. The average for the state as a whole is 7.55 inches, 4.34 linches below normal. Regional averages range from 9.61 inches, 4.92 inches below normal, for the South Central region to 5.28 inches, 4.92 inches below normal, for the Northwest region. Departures from normal range from 6.06 inches below normal, for the Central region to 2.36 inches below normal for the Northwest region.

Cumulative precipitation for the first 7 months of the 1987 water year remains below normal introughout most of the state, one exception is the North Central region where it is normal. The average for the state as a whole is 18.12 inches, 1.34 inches below normal.

Regional averages range from 21.51 inches, 0.44 inch below normal, for the South Central region to 12.97 inches, 4.26 inches below

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Richard F. Celeste Governor

Joseph J. Sommer Director



MAY 1987

MONTHLY WATER INVENTORY REPORT FOR OHIO

Compiled by Leonard J. Harstine and David H. Cashell

PRECIPITATION for May was noticeably below normal throughout most of the state; exceptions were in the Central and Central Hills regions where it was above normal for the first time this year. This is the fifth consecutive month for which precipitation has been below normal this year. The average for the state as a whole was 3.34 inches, 0.41 inch below normal. Regional averages range from 4.94 inches, 1.13 inches above normal, for the Central region to 2.27 inches, 1.26 inches below normal, for the Northeast region. Marion. Marion County, reported the greatest amount of precipitation for the month, 8.79 inches: West Manchester, Preble County, reported 7.69 inches and Mt. Gilead. Morrow County, reported 7.27 inches; Ashtabula, Ashtabula County, reported the least amount, 1.10 inches.

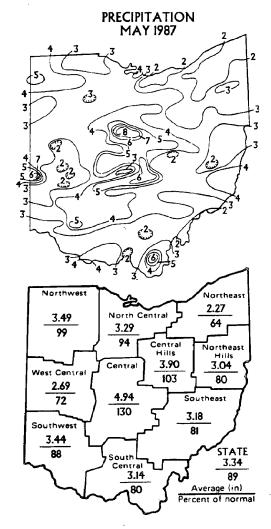
There were small amounts of precipitation during every week of the month in most areas of the state. However, the bulk of the month's precipitation fell during the last week of the month when heavy thunderstorms passed through the state on the 21st, 28th, 30th and 31st. It was reported that 4 inches fell during a one hour period on the 28th at Glendale, a suburb of Cincinnati. A heavy storm on the 21st resulted in serious local flooding and caused extensive damage in an area east of Ironton in Lawrence County. The area was declared a "Disaster Area" by the Federal Government at the request of Governor Celeste.

Generally, there was between 3 and 4 inches of precipitation in most areas of the state. Exceptions were in the northeast where from 1 to 3 inches were reported and in the central portion where between 5 and 7.27 inches were reported.

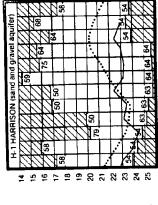
Cumulative precipitation for the first eight months of the 1987 calendar year remains noticeably below normal throughout the state. The average for the state as a whole is 10.89 inches, 4.75 inches below normal. Regional averages range from 12.75 inches, 5.16 inches below normal, for the South Central region to 8.77 inches, 4.97 inches below normal, for the Northwest region. Departures from normal range from 6.42 inches below normal for the West Central region to 3.16 inches below normal for the North Central region. The much below normal precipitation during the first five months of this year is beginning to have a noticeable effect on the state's water supply situation. It would be wise for those in charge of water supplies to monitor their situations closely and plan accordingly.

Cumulative precipitation for the first seven months of this 1987

Cumulative precipitation for the first seven months of this 1987 water year continues to be below normal throughout the state. The average for the state as a whole is 21.46 inches, 1.75 inches below normal. Regional averages range from 24.65 inches. 1.23 inches below normal, for the South Central region to 16.46 inches, 4.31 (continued on back)



GROUND-WATER LEVELS



28 68 82 Hn-2a DOLA (dolomite aquifer) 8 8 2

Water level (it below land surface)

15 16 17

ing consolidated aquifers showed net rises in response to delayed recharge. Generally, water levels are noticeably below normal and below those levels dozewed in May 1986. Some wells in unconsolidated aquifers are near record low levels. These low levels unconsolidated aquifers pose no immediate threat to water supplies declines due to the lack of recharge from the below normal precipitation of the past Memorins. Wells in the acutenton or the past in the state rose during the last 10 days of the month in response to excess rain from heavy storms in the area. Net declines were GROUND-WATER LEVELS for May generally showed marked

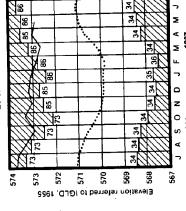
LAKE ERIE LEVELS at Cleveland

RESERVOIR STORAGE FOR WATER SUPPLY MAHONING RIVER BASIN Base period: 1946-1980

MEAN STREAM DISCHARGE

GREAT MIAMI RIVER at Hamilton

Drainage area: 3.630 sq. mi.



SCIOTO RIVER BASIN Base period: 1957-1980

Rated capacity (%) for water supply

LITTLE BEAVER CREEK near East Liverpool

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Drainage area: 496 sq.

3.0 20

8 8 5 8 3 4

1.0

9.44 inches, 0.33 inch below normal: Little Beaver Creek, 9.97 inches, 1.53 inches below normal: Maurnee River, 6.54 inches, 2.59 inches below normal, and Scioto River, 7.73 inches, 2.14 inches below

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MAUMEE RIVER at Waterville

0.

Discharge (cu ft/sec/sq mi)

Drainage area: 6,330 sq. mi.

3.0

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LAKE ERIE LEVEL for May at Cleveland declined slightly whereas it usually continues to rise. The mean level for May was 572.8f feet (GLD-1955), 0.1 4 foot below last month's mean level. 0.56 foot below the record level observed in May 1966, 1.95 feet above normal and the record level observed in May 1966, 1.95 feet above normal and reported as the level at Cleveland. Ohio. All means and historical records are based on the long standing record at this location.

RESERVOIR STORAGE for May declined slightly in the Mathoning River basin and was unchanged in the Scioto River basin. Storage in the Mahoning River basin stepsore was below normal as has been the case since January, this is due partly to the fact that Million Reservoir is still d'ained for repairs. Storage in the Scioto River basin reservoirs is slightly above norma.

Reservoirs range at the mouth is end for the Mathoning basin Index reservoirs was 86 percent of rated capacity for water supply compared to 89 percent of rated capacity for water supply compared to 89 percent for last month and Opercent for May 1980. Storage at the month's end for the Scioto basin index reservoirs was 69 percent of rated capacity for water supply compared to the same for last month and 89 percent for May 1986.

at the present time however, those depending on ground-water from wells yielding marginal supplies should monitor their wells closely and prepare for alternate, supplies. generally greater than usual for May, key observation wells represent

> Σ ⋖ Drainage area: 5,131 sq. mi. SCIOTO RIVER at Higby z S O ۹

southern portion of the state in response to the heavy storms during southern portion of the state in response to the heavy storms during the larker againg stations were. Great Marin Hiwer. 2,065 Cfs. 67 percent. Little Beave Crices 489 Cfs. 84 percent. Bruthe Beave 33724 ds. 74 percent and Soiton River. 5,334 cfs. 62 percent. Cumulative runoff and departure from normal is: Great Miami River. STREAMFLOW for May showed noticeable declines in most areas of the state as a result of the much behaviornal deceptivation during the first tree weeks. Flows were below normal stronghout the state for the month: however, flows increased sharply in the central and

Base period for all stream: 1951-1980

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Base periods: H-1, 1951-1979. Hn-2a, 1955-1979. Po-1, 1947-1979

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Richard F. Celeste Governor

Joseph J. Sommer Director



JUNE 1987

MONTHLY WATER INVENTORY REPORT FOR OHIO

Compiled by Leonard J. Harstine and David H. Cashell

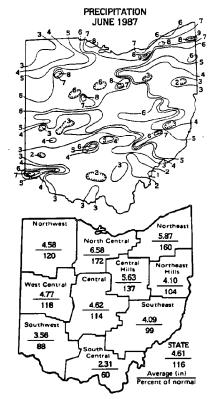
PRECIPITATION for June was above normal for the northern and central portions of the state and below normal for the southern portion. The average for the state as a whole was 4.61 inches, 0.65 inche above normal. This is the first month of the year that precipitation has been above normal for the state as a whole. Regional averages ranged from 6.58 inches, 2.76 inches above normal, for the North Central region to 2.31 inches, 1.57 inches below normal, for the South Central region. Andover, Ashtabula County, reported the greatest amount of precipitation for the month, 9.47 inches; Parma and North Royation in the Cleveland Metro area also reported 9.31 and 9.23 inches respectively. Belleville Locks and Dam, Meigs County, reported the least amount, 0.76 inch.

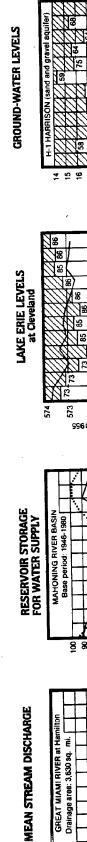
Meigs County, reported the least amount. 0.76 inch. Pracipitation for the month was produced by scattered thundershowers throughout the state. Moderate to heavy precipitation fell during every week of the month except for the south central and southeast areas where it was mostly moderate to light rains. Some rather heavy storms occurred during the first three days of the month in the northern portion of the state and during the last days in the southwestern portion. Heavy thunderstorms in the north central portion of the state on the 2nd resulted in considerable flooding in the area. Hardin County was the hardest hit with reports of as much as 6 to 7 inches at some locations. Generally, the northern and central portions of the state received between 4 to 9 inches of pracipitation and the southern portion received between 1 to 4 inches. These heavy rains helped to relieve the stress on the overall water supply situation which had developed throughout most of the state.

rains helped to relieve the stress on the overall water supply situation which had developed throughout most of the state.

Cumulative precipitation for the first six months of the 1987 calendar year continues to be noticeably below normal. The average for the state as a whole is 15.50 inches, 4.10 inches below normal. Regional averages range from 17.21 inches, 0.40 inch below normal, for the North Central region to 13.35 inches, 4.22 inches below normal, for the Northwest region. Other regions showing sizeable deficiencies are: South Central, 6.73 inches below normal: Southwest, 6.55 inches below normal and West Central, 5.69 inches below

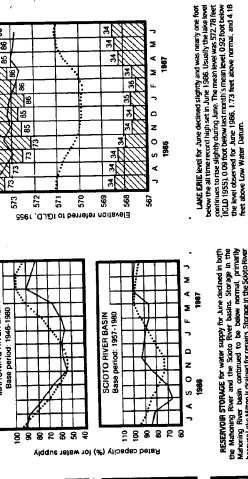
Cumulative precipitation for the 1987 water year remains below normal for most areas of the state; exceptions are in the North Central, Northeast, and Central Hills regions where precipitation is above normal for the first time since January. The average for the state as a whole is 26.07 inches, 1.10 inches below normal. Regional averages range from 27.77 inches, 1.05 inches above normal, for the Central Hills region to 21.04 inches, 3.56 inches below normal, for the Northwest region. Departures from normal range from 2.55 inches above normal for the North Central region to 4.17 inches below normal for the Southwest region.





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3.0 2.0



LITTLE BEAVER CREEK near East Drainage area: 496 sq. mi.

3.0 2.0 RESERVOIR STORAGE for water suppy for June declined in both the Manoning River and the Scioto River basins. Storage in the Manoning River basin software basin continued to be below normal. primarily because Lake Mitton is of trained for repairs. Storage in the Sotio River basin continues to be slightly above normal. Reservoir storage in gerneral hos manitizes to be slightly above normal. Reservoir storage in garning the first few months of this year. Reservoir storage at the month send for the Mahoning basin index reservoirs was 0 fecrorit of rated capacity for water supply compared to 86 percent for last month and 92 percent for June 1966. Storage at the month is end for the Sotiot basin index reservoirs was 96 percent for last water supply compared to 99 percent for last month and 94 percent for June 1986.

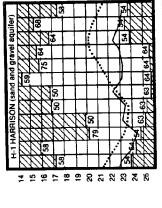
MAUMEE RIVER at Waterville

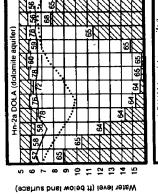
5

Discharge (cu ft/sec/sq mi)

Drainage area: 6,330 sq. mi.

STREAMFLOW for June was above normal for most of the state: exceptions were in the eastern portion where flows we cell official. A least storm which caused the loss of one bridge and the temporary closing of many roads. Mean distange and percent of normal at the index gaging stations were. Great Mann River, 3.341 cfs. 153 percent. Little Beaver Creek, 189 cfs. 53 percent, Banne River, 50.565, 159 percent. Stork River, 189 drs. 53 percent, Banne River, 1995 drs. 189 percent. Stork River, 1995 drs. 189 percent. Stork River, 189 drs. 51 percent. Streams throughout the state have maintained reasonably good flows despite the chart runoff has been below normal for every month in this





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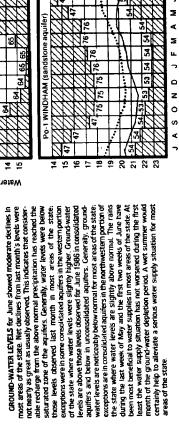
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268



Base periods: H-1, 1951-1979. Hn-2a, 1955-1979. Po-1, 1947-1979

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SCIOTO RIVER at Higby Drainage area: 5,131 sq. mi.

Base period for all stream: 1951-1980

current

Normal

TOVCC 15287

200

ADDENDUM TO PAGE 19, PART 2,0 THE OHIO VALLEY COAL COMPANY POWHATAN NO. 6 MINE PERMIT D-0360

SEASONAL VARIATIONS OF WATER QUALITY AND QUANTITY

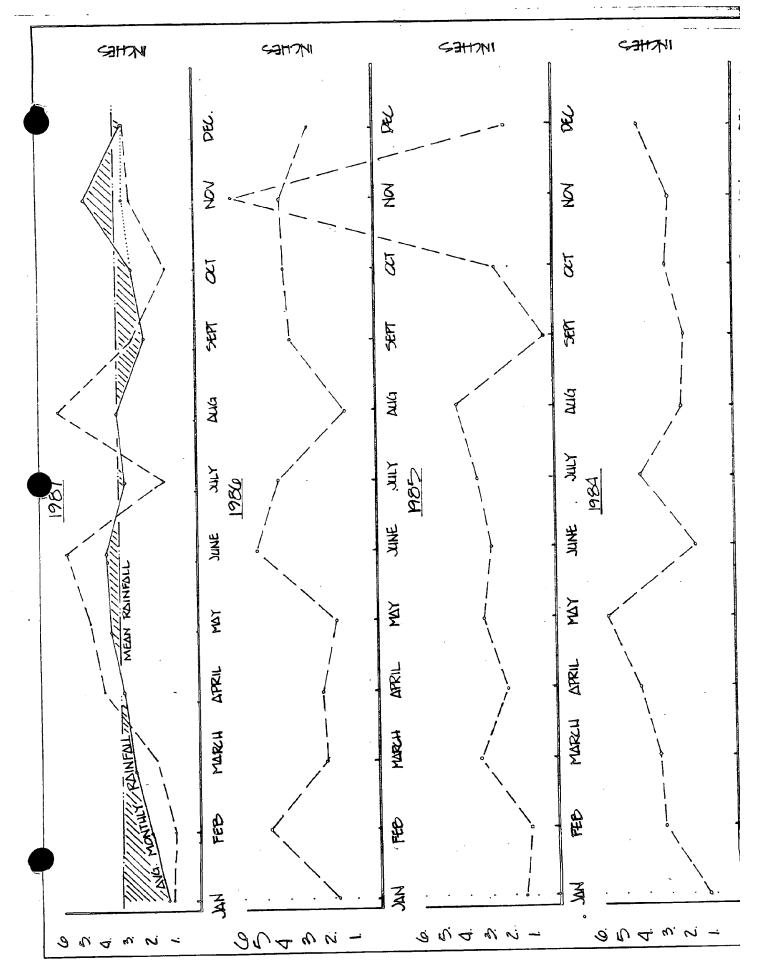
Surface and groundwater data contained in the Attachment 14 forms included with this permit revision, will indicate the seasonal variances of quality and quantity of the water in this area.

The water wells existing in the area give a fairly representative indication of water bearing zones that can be found in this region. The Probable Hydrologic Consequences of mining gives a detailed description of these characteristics.

Precipitation is, obviously, one of the principal factors influencing water systems. Infiltration of precipitation increases soil moisture and influences groundwater chemical composition. The time required for infiltrating precipitation to reach lower water bearing zones increases with increasing depth. Depending on the morphological structure, character of surface vegetation, and intensity of precipitation the amounts of Amounts of infiltration infiltration also vary greatly. subsequently influences the dissolved solids contents of groundwater which, in most cases, become more dilute during periods of prolonged precipitation. Rainfall data collected at or near the Powhatan No. 6 Mine has been charted on the following Annual rainfall for the years 1984 through 1987 are graphed in secession. Superimposed on 1987 data are average monthly rainfall which is derived by averaging each month separately and the mean monthly rainfall which is an average of all twelve months' data. The resultant shaded areas indicates which months would be considered those most likely to receive higher or lower than the mean monthly precipitation amount.

Included with the water data collected by OVCC is water quality and quantity documented by the Ohio EPA and the USGS.

All the data will show that an increased water quantity and a decrease in chemical constituent levels is realized during times of increased precipitation and snow melt of winter and spring seasons; while a decrease in water quantity and increase in chemical constituent levels is realized in dry summer and early autumn seasons.



SENT BY: TraDet, Inc.

: 1-12-90 4:33PM : 3045479097-> PRICIPITATION RECURD FOR USE WITH TOUR

Taylor 11" CLEAR-VU RAIN GAGE

LOCATION	Trabet,	Inc.	
COUNTY	Ohio	STATE West Fireinia	
		YEAR 1989	

ADDENDUM TO PAGE 19, PART 2, D(3)

			March	A 1.1	May	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Det.	Nev.	Dec.	Remarks
	Jan.										000	0.00	s - melted mov
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5_	0,19	0.00	1.16	0.00	1 50	436	0.00	1 51	201	0.00	0.00		
	1.12	0.00	1.27	0.05	0.76	0.00	0,00	1 40	0,07	A A A	1	0.00	
7	0.18	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.19	7.00	0.00	2.00	0.00	10	0.39	206	
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9	0.00		8.00		0.66	1.42	0.01	000	10.00	1		 	
10	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.01	0.46	1.00	0.00	0,00	44	0.27	10.00		
11	0./2	0.00	0.00	0.00	014	0.00	0.25	0.00	0.00	4.60	0.00	0.00	
12	0.21	0.00	0.00	0.03	0.30	0.45	10/2	10.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	2	
13	1.00	0,35	0.00	Free	0./2	0,38	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	2.00	440	
14	0.3	0.37	0.21	8.00	0.00	7.2	0.00	0.00	1.93	0.00	19/7	0.00	
18	0. 26	0.92	0,00	0.00	0.00	0.72	0.00	0.00	0.67	0.00	1.56	0,73	ł
16	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.15	0.00	10.00	0, 22	0.02	0.26	1.00	
17	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0. 00	0,00	0.00	0.02	0,28	0.00	0.00	ł
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17	0,00	0.00	0.16	0.00	0.00	0.35	9.00	908	0.00	0.74	0.00	0.00	4
20	0.06	0.90	1.06	0.00	104	1.48	1.22	0,00	0.00	0.02	0.00	0, 01]
21	0 00	0.18	0.01	0.00	023	0.60	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.11	0.00	0.07	
22	0.00	0.00	1.00	0.00	0.05	0.0	0.00	0.03	1.31	0.00	0 00	Trad	r
23	0.0	0000	0.06	000	10.65		8.00						,
24	0.0	0.00	0.06	0,00	1.00		1.00						4
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Total Annual

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; 7- 6-90 4:10

PRECIPITATION RECORD FOR USE WITH YOUR "Taylor 11" CLEAR-YU RAIN GAGE

LOCATION	TraDet,	Inc.	All the second of the second o	Maria de la companiona de	
COUNTY	Ohio		STATE	West Virginia	
TIME OF	OBSERVATION	8:30 AM			YEAR 1990

ADDENDUM TO PAGE 19, PART 2, D(3)

	Jan.	Feb.	March	April	May	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	0 . 1 .	Nev.	Dec.	Romerko
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3	0.10	0.70	0.00	0.07	0.12	0.13	0.00	0.00	0.00				-
4	0.16	0.35	0.00	0.05	0.43	0.00	0.00	0.06	0.00				
5	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.12	0.30	0.00	0.19	0.05	0.20				
8	0.00	Trace	0.00	0.25	0.00	0.43	0,00	0.00	0.83				
7	0 00	0,10	0.00	0,06	0.00	0,00	0.00					,	
8			0.07					0,00					
,	Trace	0.60	0.08	ran	0,04	0.38	0.47	070	0.91				
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SYBRON Taylor

Telal Annual

PRECIPITATION RECORD FOR USE WITH YOUR Taylor 11" CLEAR-VU RAIN GAGE

LOCATION	TraDet Laboratories, In	C •			•
	Ohio	STATE	West Virginia		
OUNTY	Olizo			YEAR	1988

ADDENDUM TO PAGE 19, PART 2, D(3)

<u></u>	Til som	Jan.	Feb.	March	April	May	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Remarks
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-	9	0.03	0.00		0.00	0.55		0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	
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SYBRON Taylor

Total <u>Annual</u>

PRECIPITATION RECORD FOR USE WITH YOUR Taylor 11" CLEAR-YU RAIN GAGE

LOCATION	TraDet	Laboratories	Inc.	
COUNTY	Ohio		STATE West Virginia	
	ORSERVATION	8:30 AM		YEAR 1987

ADDENDUM TO PAGE 19, PART 2, D(3)

Γ		Jen.	Feb.	March	April	May	June	July	Avg.	Sepî.	Ο ε 0 .	Nov.	Doe.	Remerks
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-		0.31	0.00				0.01				0.25	0.00	002	
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\vdash		000	0.00	+	0,00		0.00	0.00	0.54	0.34	0.00	0.00	0.00	
\vdash		0.00	0.00	1	0.01		Trace		2.00		0.28		0.00	
\vdash		Trace			0.00	0.00	0.00	0.02	0.00	0.85	0.06	0.00	0.00	
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	18	0.07	0.0	0.00	0,00	1.25	10.00	2.05	0.00	0.12	0.00	-	0.00	1
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SYBRON Taylor

Total Annual 32.18

ADDENDUM TO PAGE 19, PART 2, E THE OHIO VALLEY COAL COMPANY POWHATAN NO. 6 MINE PERMIT D-0360

PROBABLE HYDROGEOLOGIC CONSEQUENCES OF LONGWALL MINING OPERATIONS AT POWHATAN NO. 6 MINE

Topographic Setting

The Powhatan No. 6 Mine is located in Belmont County, Ohio which is within the Appalachian Plateau physiographic province. The topography of the county is typically hilly with broad rounded ridges and deep v-shaped valleys dissecting the terrain. Total topographic relief within the county is approximately 800'. However, within the Mine #6 longwall area, maximum relief is approximately 384'. The elevation varies between 1317' (maximum) above sea level in the central portion of the study area and 971' (minimum) in the south-central portion. Figure #1 is a portion of the Hunter and Armstrong Mills, Ohio U.S.G.S. 7½ Minute Topographic maps showing the location of the area of interest.

Drainage within the entire study area occurs to the south through several small streams that are tributaries to Bend Fork. Bend Fork flows to the southeast along the southern boundary of the study area and drains in to the Captina Creek which is the main drainage system for the southern portion of Belmont County. Captina Creek flows eastward to the Ohio River with the confluence of the two located at Powhatan Point, Ohio.

Geologic Setting

The bedrock units that underlie the study area consist of Permian through Pennsylvanian in Age. The Permian Age rocks consist of Dunkard Group. This sequence covers much of the study area at the surface. Below the Dunkard Group lies the Monongahela and Conemaugh Formations of the Pennsylvania system. The Monongahela Formation is exposed only in the stream valleys with the underlying Conemaugh Formation not exposed at all. Figure #2 is a generalized stratigraphic column showing the relationship of these bedrock units.

The Monongahela Formation consists of the Pittsburgh #8 coal seam at the base through the Waynesburg #11 coal seam. Other coal seams consist of the Redstone #8A, Fishpot, Sewickley #9 and Uniontown #10 coal seams. Other important members of the formation are the Redstone Limestone, the Fishpot Limestone and the Benwood Limestone, all of which are found above the Pittsburgh #8 coal seam. The remaining portion of the Monongahela Formation consists of clay, sandstone and shale.

ADDENDUM TO PAGE 19, PART 2, E PAGE TWO

Above the Waynesburg #11 coal seam, the Dunkard Group consists of coal (Washington #12 seam), limestone, sandstone, shale and clay. The Dunkard Group is found at the cap of the hilltops at elevations above sea level of approximately 950' and above.

Below the Pittsburgh #8 coal seam lies the Conemaugh Formation. The Conemaugh consists of sandstone, siltstone, mudstone, shale, clay and limestone. Much of the formation consists of undifferentiated strata, however, several important members lie relatively close to the Pittsburgh #8 coal seam. These members are the underclay to the Pittsburgh #8 coal seam, the Upper Pittsburgh Limestone, the Bellaire Sandstone and the Lower Pittsburgh Limestone. These units are not tapped as aquifers within the study area. According to the Ohio Division of Water, water found below the No. 8 Seam tends to be brackish (see enclosed letter from Division of Water).

Figures #3 and #4 are cross sections running east-west and north-south, respectively, showing the subsurface relationship of the bedrock units. Structurally, the rock units dip to the southeast at an average of 20 feet per mile. This gentle dip can increase to as much as 70 feet per mile where small flexures increase the dip locally.

Hydrology

Bedrock units within the study area are generally tight and have limited ground water development potential. Domestic well yields are generally less than 5 gallons per minute (gpm) with transmissivities usually less than 1,000 gallons per day per foot. Ground water within the study area occurs under water table, semiconfined and confined conditions. Storage coefficients should range from 10^{-2} to 10^{-6} .

Most valuable ground water supplies developed in rock units are dependent on natural fracturing or secondary porosity and permeability. Primary porosity and permeability is relatively low in the bedrock as is noted by the relatively low yield of domestic wells and the reliance on springs for domestic water supplies. Approximately 50% of the domestic water supplies within the study area rely on springs as the source. Most of these springs are contact springs located along the valley walls where bedrock units of lower permeability and porosity impede downward infiltration of ground water and force water to discharge as springs.

The aquifers within the study area that are tapped for domestic water supplies are regional in extent. The relatively flat-lying orientation of the bedrock and the high topographic relief (i.e., deep v-shaped valleys) of the area, tends to isolate many of the aquifers to small upland areas. Therefore, the aerial extent of the unit is limited and so would be the recharge potential.

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Downward migration of ground water is also controlled by naturally occurring fractures. These earth fractures, while not ubiquitous, do occur sporadically, over most of the mine plan area and have an effective depth of less than 200'. Below 200', the fractures may still be present, but are either filled with silts and clays, or have healed due to lithostatic pressures. Therefore, the enhanced permeability of these fractures is regulated and the relatively low primary permeability of the units controls ground water flow at depth. This premise is based on the general limited hydraulic communication with the No. 6 Mine.

It is a generally accepted principal of hydrogeology that joints, cleavage, and other fractures tend to be tighter and have This premise is lower permeability with increasing depth. substantiated at the local level by the water conditions exhibited At the time of our initial hydrologic in the No. 6 Mine. evaluation, mine engineers and mine foremen were interviewed concerning water occurrence in the mine. It was discovered through those interviewed that the No. 6 Mine made very little water and that water flow through fractures into the mine was rare. areas of the mine were essentially dry with no or very little water accumulation. This general condition was reported to be true with as little as 200 feet of cover. These site specific observations coupled with the general premise of closed fractures with depth lead to the statements made in the PHC. There were no specific are site specific that further references utilized that substantiate the comments.

In a study conducted by our office in 1980, the water make of the mine (total water inflow), was calculated to be approximately 42 gallons per day (gpd) per acre mined or 26,880 gpd per square mile. Most sections of the mine were essentially dry and water inflow was generally limited to areas of low cover and stream valleys or fractured zones. Interviews with mine personnel today, indicate the water conditions in the mine have not changed substantially in the last ten years.

In contrast to the mine water make, the ground water recharge potential of the area has been estimated between 100,000 and 250,000 gpd per square mile or 155 to 400 gpd per acre. It thus appears only 10 to 27 percent of the ground water recharge potential is intercepted by the mine. This clearly indicates the majority of the subsurface flow system within the mine plan area is shallow and is unaffected by deep mining.

A number of years age, when the Powhatan No. 6 Mine was owned and operated by The NACCO Mining Company, photolineaments were traced over the mine area. The report from the project no longer exists, but talking to Mr. William Siplivy, who was associated with the project was beneficial. Mr. Siplivy indicated that the photolineaments were not associated with poor conditions in the mine, except that the lineaments defined stream channels.

Effects of Subsidence on Ground Water

As discussed in other sections of this application, subsidence will occur as a result of the proposed longwall mining activities. A rubble zone approximately 30 to 50 feet thick above the coal seam is expected. Above the rubble zone, large to very large blocks of bedrock will be present. Interception of ground water moving along naturally occurring fractures is expected and some communication with the mine will no doubt occur.

However, overall effects are predicted to be relatively minor with local drainage of aquifers occurring where subsidence induced fractures intercept naturally occurring fractures that contain ground water. In these local areas, water tables may be lowered and interruption of service from domestic wells and springs is possible. The effects are not expected to be widespread and even where they occur, the effects are anticipated to be temporary.

In this situation, "temporary" has two different time frames:

Short Term

Water levels recovery is a documented phenomenon in similar dewatering situations. The recovery of the water level is most commonly explained by the healing of fractures that are transmitting water downward to lower piezometer head potential of the mine void (i.e., unflooded mine). Fractures are healed in response to several factors.

- A. Closure of fractures in response to lithology pressures of the rock sequence.
- B. Filling of the fractures with sediments, primarily silt and clay, carried by downward flowing water.
- C. Swelling of clay and claystones as they encountered downward flowing water.

Water level recovery by this mechanism normally occurs within months after mining.

Long Term

In the long-term, lowering of the water level is rectified by the elimination of a low head potential in the mine, (i.e., the mine floods). As head potential increases, (i.e., pool level increases) in the mine void, the ground water flow and level is re-established in the rock sequence above the mine. The level of ground water past mining may not reflect the original pre-mining level, but should reach levels that domestic water wells and springs could be put back into service.

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Water level recovery by this mechanism normally occurs within several years after mining.

Several sources of ground water have been undermined by the longwall mining operation to date. The results of the monitoring are shown on the accompanying tables. Each source will be discussed below.

- 1. W-21 Kolenc Well. The Kolenc well is located outside of the angle of draw of the first longwall panel (5 West). Mining progressed past the well in early March, 1990. The pre-mining static water level below the ground surface was about 22 ft. After mining, the level decreased initially to as much as 55 ft. The static water level is now recovering, with an average depth of about 29 ft. below the ground surface.
- 2. W-36 Liddle Dug Well. The Liddle Dug Well is located over the 5 West longwall panel, and was undermined in late March, 1990. The pre-mining static water level below the ground surface was about 16 ft. After mining, a crack appeared in the bottom of the well, and the well was dewatered. It currently holds small amounts of water after large rainfalls, but is generally considered to be dry.
- 3. W-35 Liddle Drilled Well. The Liddle Drilled Well is located over the 5 West longwall panel near W-36. It was also undermined in late March, 1990. The pre-mining static water level below the ground surface was about 15 ft. After mining, the hole collapsed at about 72 ft. below the surface. Initially, water could be heard and seen cascading in the hole, but the static water level could not be taken due to the collapsed hole. In April, 1990, the well began holding water above the 72 ft. level. Currently, the well is recovering, with the average water level at about 55 ft. and rising.
- 4. W-37 Glover Well. The Glover Well is located outside the angle of draw of the 5 West panel near W-35 and W-36. It is a shallow (42 ft deep) dug well located high on a hill. During the 1988 drought, the well reportedly went dry, but now holds water at a level of 30 to 40 ft. below the ground surface. These levels were unaffected by the longwall mining.
- 5. W-13 Liddle Rt. 9 Well. The Liddle Rt. 9 Well is located outside the angle of draw at the end of the 5 West panel. It was unaffected by the longwall mining.
- 6. W-19 Bobick Well. The Bobick well is a shallow dug well located over the 5 West gate section (between the first and second longwall panels). The well is covered with a hand pump making pre-mining water level readings

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impossible. The property was purchased by the Ohio Valley Coal Company and the well was opened in order to provide access for measurements in April, 1990. The 5 West panel mined past the well in April, 1990, with little or no effect upon the static water level. The 6 West panel mined past the well in July, 1990, again with little or no effect upon the well.

- 7. W-32 Riley Well. The Riley well is located over the 6 West panel. Mining progressed under the well in August, 1990 with little or no effect.
- 8. W-38 Riley House Well. The Riley House Well is located near W-32 and was also undermined in August 1990. There was little or no effect on the well.
- 9. Sp-11 Liddle Spring. The Liddle Spring is located over the 5 West panel and was undermined in mid-April, 1990. Pre-mining flows were both estimated and measured, and averaged about 2 gpm. After mining, the flows began to fluctuate, but averaged about .76 gpm.
- 10. Sp-20 L. Ogilbee Spring. The L. Ogilbee Spring is located over the 6 West panel and was undermined in late June, 1990. Because the cistern was buried and the water was partially pumped to the house as well as gravity fed to a watering trough, accurate pre-mining levels were not possible. An estimated 4 gpm (2 springs were developed to flow to the same cistern) was used in the pre-mining data. After mining, the flow fluctuated before going dry in July, 1990.
- 11. Sp-22 Bobick Spring. The Bobick Spring, located above the 6 West panel was developed in June, 1989 and was not equipped with a pipe to determine flows until May, 1990. The pre-mining flow was about 1 gpm. After mining, the flow decreased to about 0.1 gpm.

In summary, the longwall mining has impacted several of the wells and springs within close proximity of the panels. However, not all of the developed sources have been impacted, even when located directly over the mining. The impacts are generally limited to the angle of draw or just slightly beyond, and the early signs of recovery is evident in some cases.

There were several wells that were buried or covered and measurement of the static water level was not possible. They include: W-41, W-42, W-31, W-39, and W-29.

Ground Water Quality

The attached water quality data is presented for several wells and springs in the study area. Water quality is generally good for well and springs that tap the aquifers above the mine.

ADDENDUM TO PAGE 19, PART 2, E PAGE SEVEN

The attached tables (pages 1 through 4) show the comparison of water quality before mining with the quality after mining. In the case of W-21, the source is located outside the angle of draw. The static water level declined soon after mining passed the well in March, 1990. There were no changes in water quality after the mining had passed.

Mining occurred under W-35 in late March, 1990. The water level declined initially and is recovering. The total iron content increased from less than 0.02 mg/l to approximately 2 mg/l. Manganese showed slight increases. Other parameters remained the same as pre-mining samples.

- 1. W-37 is located outside the angle of draw of the first longwall panel. The static water level was not affected by the mining. The total iron content increased initially, but is currently decreasing. Total manganese showed a slight increase and total suspended solids increased markedly but is now decreasing.
- 2. W-19 is located over the 6 West gate, and both panels 1 and 2 passed by the well with little or no effect on the water quality.
- 3. W-32 is located over panel 2 and was undermined in August, 1990. Prior to mining, the total iron content increased but is currently declining. The static water level in the well was not affected by the mining. Monitoring of the water quality will continue to determine if there are any longer term effects.
- 4. W-38 is located near W-32 over panel 2 and was also undermined in August, 1990. After mining, the total acidity content increased. The total iron content increased prior to mining. Monitoring of the water quality will continue to determine if there are any longer term effects.
- 5. Sp-11 was undermined by panel 1 in April, 1990. Initially, the total suspended solids increased, but were within the range of pre-mining samples. There was little or no effect on the water quality.
- sp-20 was undermined by panel 2 in late June, 1990. Flow stopped in July, 1990. One sample was taken in September, 1990 from the livestock watering tank. It showed a slight increase in suspended solids. If flow from the spring resumes, water samples will be analyzed to determine if there are any long term effects.

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In summary, with the exception of some short term variations, the water quality was unchanged by the longwall mining. The minor fluctuations in several parameters were predicted before mining and should return to their original levels. No long term effects on the quality of the water is anticipated at this time, but sampling will continue to confirm this statement.

ADDENDUM TO PAGE 19, PART 2, E THE OHIO VALLEY COAL COMPANY POWHATAN NO. 6 MINE ERMIT D-0360



Fountain Square Columbus, Ohio 43224

December 6, 1990

David L. Bartsch, P.E. The Ohio Valley Coal Company 56854 Pleasant Ridge Road Alledonia, Ohio 43902

Dear Mr. Bartsch:

I have reviewed the well-log data for the area of Belmont County, Smith Township, Sections 19, 20, 25, 26, 31, and 32. No logs on file indicate a potable aquifer below the No. 8 Coal Seam. The deepest well on record in this area is 93 feet below grade and is enclosed with the original analysis.

According to a salt/fresh water interface report by Donald A. Vogel, Division of Water, 1982, any water derived from an elevation 200 feet below the valley floor would contain over 10,000 ppm Total Dissolved Solids and rendered unpotable.

If you have any further questions regarding this matter,

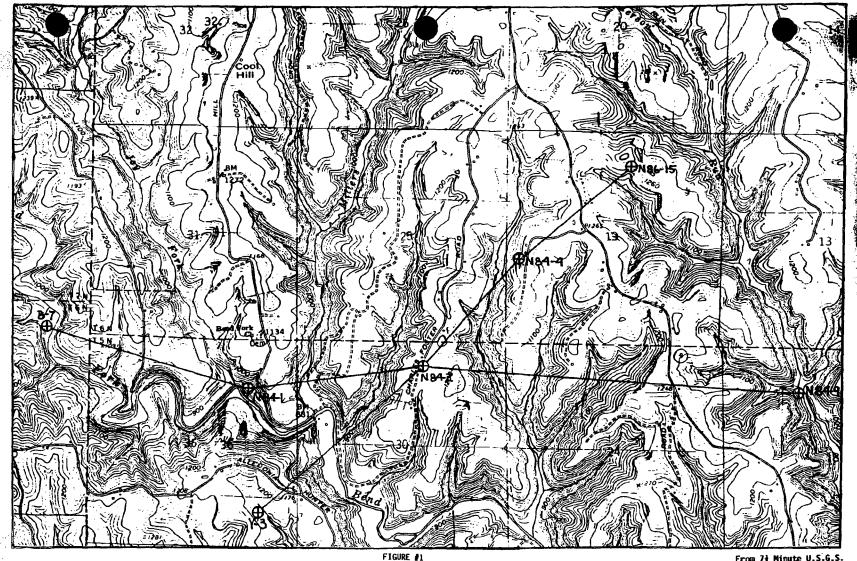
please contact me.

Carrie L. Frederick

Hydrogeologist Division of Water

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Ground Water Resources Section



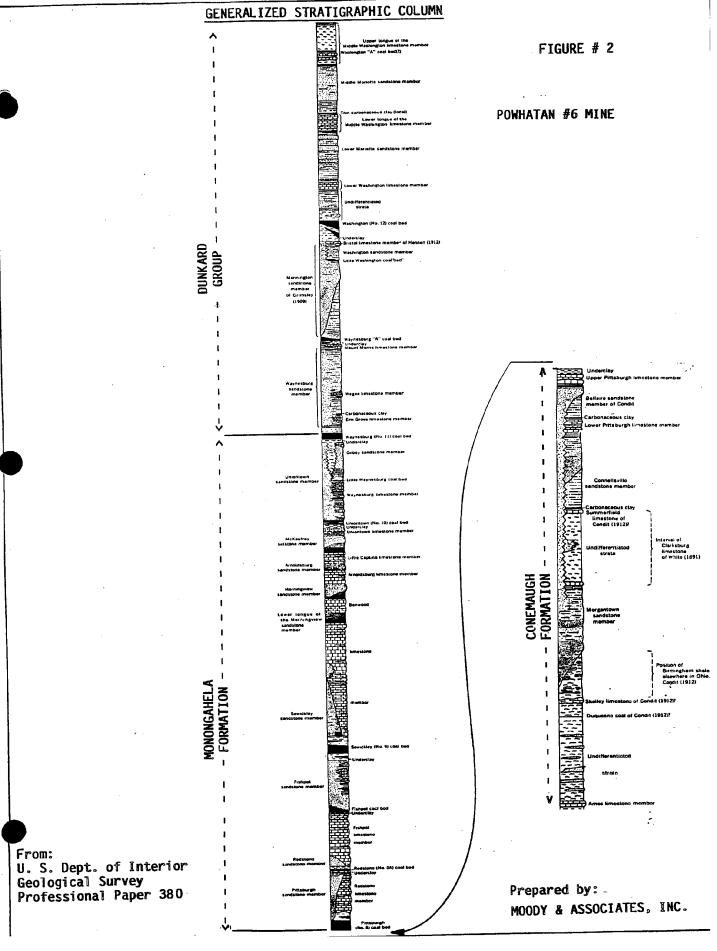


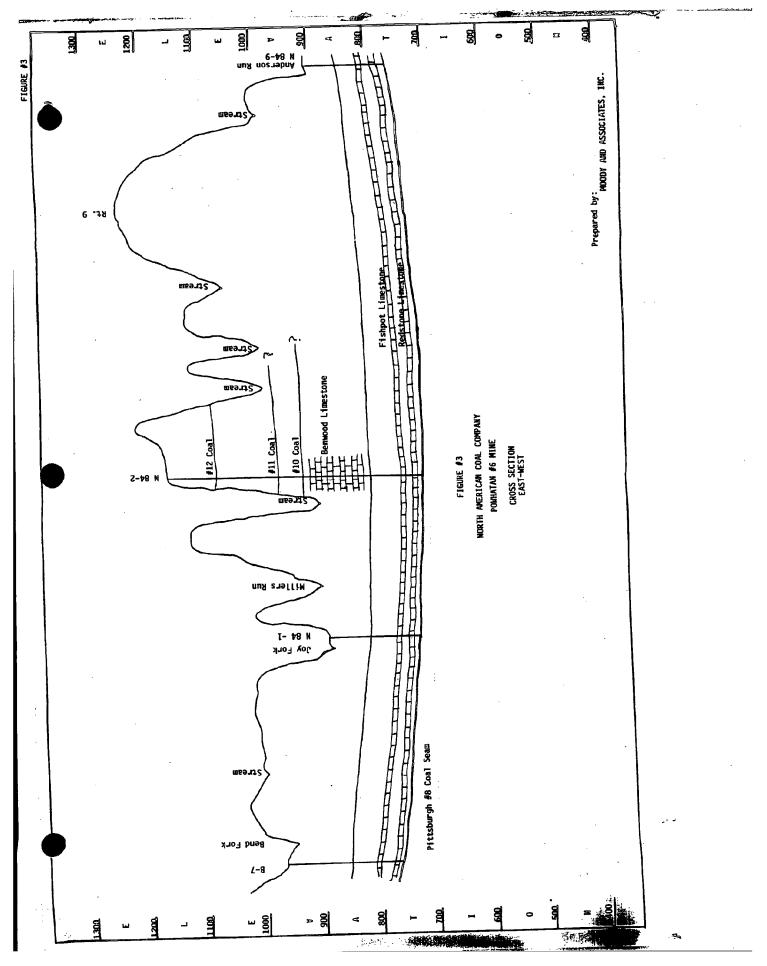
NORTH AMERICAN COAL COMPANY POWHATAN #6 MINE SITE LOCATION MAP

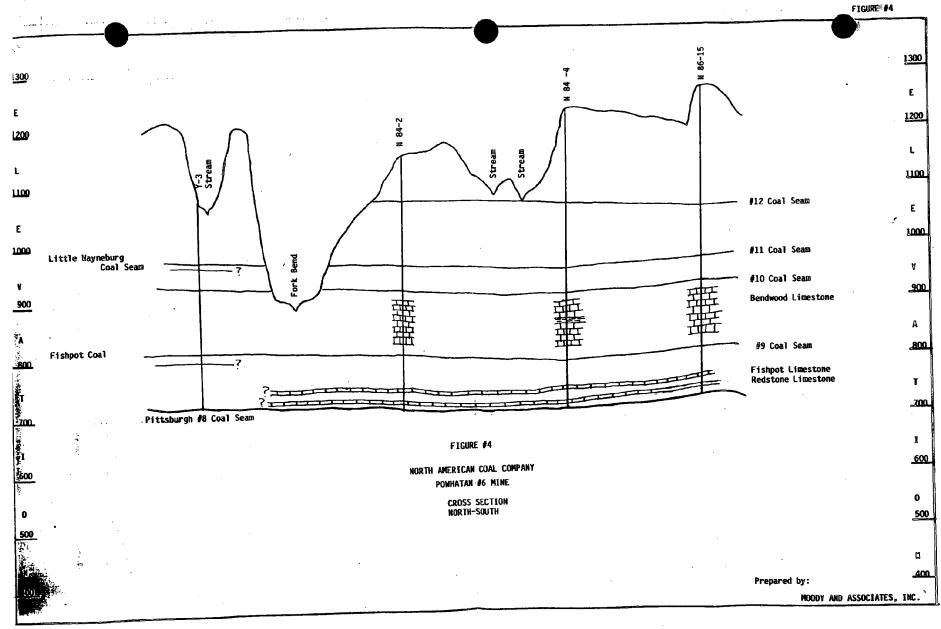
From 7% Minute U.S.G.S. Topographic Quadrangles Hunter & Armstrong Mills, Ohio

Prepared by:

MOODY AND ASSOCIATES, INC.







TOVCC 15306

ADDENDUM TO PART 2, PAGE 19. E
THE OHIO VALLEY COAL COMPANY
POWHATAN NO. 6 MINE
PERMIT 0-03A0

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N-34 SML (FT) 12 9 6 7 10 8 7 N-35 SML (FT) 27 25 27 26.8 26.3 N-36 SML (FT) 27 25 27 26.8 26.3 N-37 SML (FT) 21 19 40 37 28 24 27 31 21 24 N-43 SML (FT) 5.0 SP-11 FLOW (GPM) 0.5 1.4 1.5 0.4 0.1 0.4 0.8 SP-20 FLOW (GPM) 0.0 0.3 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 SP-21 FLOW (GPM) 0.2 0.5 0.5 0.6 0.3 0.3 1.1 SP-22 FLOW (GPM) 2.0 0.0 1.3 0.8 0.8 0.1 0.0 0.1 SP-23 FLOW (GPM) 1.5 2.3 1.7 2.4 1.3 1.3 0.8 SP-24 FLOW (GPM) 1.5 2.3 1.7 2.4 1.3 1.3 0.8 SP-29 FLOW (GPM) 1.5 2.3 1.7 2.4 1.3 1.3 0.8 SP-29 FLOW (GPM) 1.5 0.8 1.0 2.6 SP-30 FLOW (GPM) 1.5 0.8 1.0 2.6 SP-30 FLOW (GPM) 1.3 1.3 1.5 1.2 1.3 0.8 SP-30 FLOW (GPM) 1.5 0.8 1.0 2.6 SP-30 FLOW (GPM) 1.5 0.8 1.0 2.6 SP-30 FLOW (GPM) 1.3 1.3 1.5 1.2 1.3 SP-30 FLOW (GPM) 1.3 1.3 1.5 1.2 1.3 SP-30 FLOW (GPM) 1.5 0.8 1.0 2.6 SP-30 S														
SH SML			20	21	15									
#36 SHL (FT)														
N-36	₩-35								70.5	01				
H-38 SML (FT) 21 19 40 37 28 24 27 31 21 24 H-43 SML (FT) SP-11 FLOW (GPM) 0.5 1.4 1.5 0.4 0.1 0.4 0.8 SP-20 FLOW (GPM) 0.0 0.3 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 SP-21 FLOW (GPM) 0.2 0.5 0.5 0.6 0.3 0.3 1.1 SP-22 FLOW (GPM) 2.0 0.0 1.3 0.8 0.8 0.1 0.0 0.1 SP-23 FLOW (GPM) 0.8 1.3 1.3 1.5 1.2 1.3 0.9 SP-24 FLOW (GPM) 1.5 2.3 1.9 2.4 1.3 1.3 0.8 SP-29 FLOW (GPM) 2.1 0.6 1.3 1.7 SP-30 FLOW (GPM) 1.5 0.8 1.0 2.6									74 7	7.0				
H-43 SML (FT) SP-11 FLOW (GPM) SP-20 FLOW (GPM) SP-21 FLOW (GPM) SP-22 FLOW (GPM) SP-23 FLOW (GPM) SP-24 FLOW (GPM) SP-24 FLOW (GPM) SP-27 FLOW (GPM) SP-29 FLOW (GPM) SP-29 FLOW (GPM) SP-29 FLOW (GPM) SP-29 FLOW (GPM) SP-29 FLOW (GPM) SP-30 FLOW (GPM)														
SP-11 FLOW (SPM) SP-20 FLOW (SPM) SP-21 FLOW (SPM) SP-22 FLOW (SPM) SP-23 FLOW (SPM) SP-24 FLOW (SPM) SP-24 FLOW (SPM) SP-27 FLOW (SPM) SP-29 FLOW (SPM) SP-29 FLOW (SPM) SP-29 FLOW (SPM) SP-29 FLOW (SPM) SP-29 FLOW (SPM) SP-29 FLOW (SPM) SP-30 FLOW (SPM) SP-30 FLOW (SPM) SP-30 FLOW (SPM) SP-30 FLOW (SPM) SP-30 FLOW (SPM) SP-30 FLOW (SPM) SP-30 FLOW (SPM) SP-30 FLOW (SPM) SP-30 FLOW (SPM) SP-30 FLOW (SPM) SP-30 FLOW (SPM) SP-30 FLOW (SPM)			21	19	40	31	28	29	21	71				
SP-11 FLUW (GPH) SP-20 FLOW (GPM) SP-21 FLOW (GPM) SP-22 FLOW (GPM) SP-22 FLOW (GPM) SP-23 FLOW (GPM) SP-24 FLOW (GPM) SP-24 FLOW (GPM) SP-27 FLOW (GPM) SP-29 FLOW (GPM) SP-29 FLOW (GPM) SP-30 FLOW (GPM) SP-30 FLOW (GPM) 1.5 2.3 1.9 2.4 1.3 1.3 0.8 2.1 0.6 1.3 1.7 1.5 0.8 1.0 2.6								1 6	0.8	0.1	0 A			
SP-20 FLOW (GPM) SP-21 FLOW (GPM) SP-22 FLOW (GPM) SP-23 FLOW (GPM) SP-24 FLOW (GPM) SP-24 FLOW (GPM) SP-27 FLOW (GPM) SP-29 FLOW (GPM) SP-29 FLOW (GPM) SP-30 FLOW (
SP-21 FLOW (GPM) SP-22 FLOW (GPM) SP-23 FLOW (GPM) SP-24 FLOW (GPM) SP-29 FLOW (GPM) SP-29 FLOW (GPM) SP-30 FLOW (GPM)														
SP-22 FLOW (GPM) SP-23 FLOW (GPM) SP-24 FLOW (GPM) SP-29 FLOW (GPM) SP-30 FLOW (GPM) SP-30 FLOW (GPM) 1.5 0.8 1.0 2.6														
SP-23 FLOW (GPH) SP-24 FLOW (GPH) SP-29 FLOW (GPH) SP-30 FLOW (GPH) 1.5 2.3 1.9 2.4 1.3 1.3 0.8 1.7 2.1 0.6 1.3 1.7 2.6 1.5 0.8 1.0 2.6 1.5 0.8 1.0 2.6 1.5 0.8 1.0 2.6 1.5 0.8 1.0 2.6 1.5 0.8 1.0 2.6 1.5 0.8 1.0 2.6 1.5 0.8 1.0 2.6 1.5 0.8 1.0 2.6 1.5 0.8 1.0 2.6 1.5 0.8 1.0 2.6 1.5 0.8 1.					2.0									
SP-24 FLUW (GFM) SP-29 FLOW (GPM) 2.1 0.6 1.3 1.7 SP-30 FLOW (GPM) 1.5 0.8 1.0 2.6														
SP-30 FLOW (GPM) 1.5 0.8 1.0 2.6						1.5	2,3	1.7						
SP-30 FLUW (OFFI)														
SP-31 FLOW (6PM)									1.3					
	SP-31	FLOW (6PM)								V.U	1.0	•••		

ADDENDUM TO PART 2. PAGE 19. E HE OHIO VALLEY COAL COMPANY TOWHATAN NO. 6 MINE PERMIT D-0360

DETAILED MONITORING OF SOURCES THAT HAVE BEEN UNDERNINED

H-2106		#-36		H-35		H-3708		SP-11	
DATE	SHL(FT)	DATE	SHL(FT)		SUL(FT)	DATE	SWL(FT)	DATE	FLOHIGPR
HARB9	22	1-3	17	OCT89	17	00189	37	FEB89	2+
SEPT89	21	2-22	12.5	NOV89	16	NOV89	38	MAR89	2+
OCT89	24	3-10	16	DEC89	17	DEC89	37	APR89	2+
DEC89	26	3-19	19.5	1-3	15	1-30	32	HAY89	2+
1-30	20	3-260	D	2-22	11	2-23	30.5	JUN89	2+
2-22	21	4-9	D	3-10	15	3-12	34	JUL89	2+
3-28	31	4-16	26.5	3-19	30	3-19	36	SEPT89	0.8
3-10	53	4-23	D	3-26#	72	3-26*	38	OCTB9	3.5
3-12	45	5-2	D	4-9	72	APR90	39	NOV89	1.6
3-14	47	5-14	26.5	4-16	70	MAY90	33	DEC89	1.1
3-19	45	5-28	24.75	4-23	70	JUN90	36	1-3	3.00
3-26	48	6-11	26.6	5-2	71	JUL90	36.7	2-22	3.50
APR90	55	6-14	26.6	5-14	68	AUG90	3 8	3-14	1.30
MAY90	45	JUL90	Đ	5-28	55	SEPT90	35	4-5	1.82
JUN90	32	AUG90	D	6-11	58	OCT90	36	4-6	1.82
JUL90	31.5	SEPT90	26.8	6-14	57.6			4-7	1.72
AUG90	55	OCT90	26.3	JUL90	58.3			4-9	1.33
EPT90	29.5			AU690	61			4-10	0.75
OCT90	28			SEPT90	54.5			4-12#	1.20
				OCT90	50.6			4-14	0.66
								4-15	1.00
SP-26	o -	H-1988	1	ㅂ-32		M-38		4-16	0.86
DATE	FLOW(GPM)	DATE	SWL(FT)		SWL(FT)	DATE	SWL(FT)	4-23	0.51
FEB89	4+	APR90	22	JAN89	30	OCTB9	38	4-24	0.46
MAR89	4+	MAY90	21	FE 1189	28	DEC89	46	5-28	1.36
APR89	4+	JUN90	20	MAR89	30	JAN90	21	6-11	1.46
MAY89	4+	7-258	21	APR89	27	FEB90	19	JUL90	0.36
JUN89	4+	8-8	22	MAY89	35	MAR90	48	AU690	0.11
JUL89	4+	8-13	25	JUN89	32	APR90	37	SEPT90	0.36
4-27	0.02	8-20	24	DEC89	69	MAY90	28	OCT90	0.80
5-21	0.33	9-10		JAN90	32	JUN90	24		
6-14	0.00	10-8	26	FEB90	28	7-25	27		
6-20	0.73	THE STATE OF	1	MAR90	39	8-8	30		
6-21	0.73		w'v · · ·	APR90	30	8-13	31		
6-268	0.00			MAY90	28	B-208	28		
6-27	0.00			JUN90	26	9-20	21		
6-28	0.00			7-25	29	10-8	24		
6-29	0.68			8-8	30				
7-5	0.00			8-13	30.5				
7-18	0.00			8-20\$	31				
8-15	0.00		•	9-20	31				
9-19	0.00			10-8	33				
10-16	0.00			,					

D=DRY +=FLOW ESTIMATED 0=SOURCE UNDERMINED 00=SOURCES LOCATED OUTSIDE OF LONGWALL PANELS

ADDENDUM TO PART 2, PAGE 19, E
THE OHIO VALLEY COAL COMPANY
POWHATAN NO. 6 NINE
PERMIT D-0360
WATER OUALITY COMPARISON - UNDERWINED SOURCES

		M-21 2-27-90	3-29-89	4-20-89	5-24-89	-30-89	7-6-89	10-5-89	2-28-90	3-12-90	6-11-90 9	9-20-60
U	ā	7.14	7.3	6.97	7.1	7.03	7.14	7.25	7.27	7.18	7.5	7.01
, (יניטרטי ויפי	5		30.	35,6	48,4	36.8	39.3	30.9	30.2	9.7	31.6
= (ולין (בפנפט) וישׁ	2,42	289	474	284	273	269	315	304	295	88	284
	ig/1 (cacus)	101	2	50.0	(.02	۲۰۰۷	0.03	0.03	0.08	0.0	0.19	0.12
IDIAL INUN	0Q/1	20.7	20.	603	(.02	<,02	<.02	<,02 <,02	· <.02	?0.	0.0	0.03
באר הרה הרה הרה הרה הרה הרה הרה הרה הרה הר	Į / Ďi	7			9	6.3	4	0.0	(1.0	0.10	_	2
DED SULIDS 4	1/ j e	2.1		440	977	427	747	295	356	347	[11]	351
SS:	aq/l (tatus)	9	71.	3 3		2 2	6	104	82.7	73.6	7.	96
EZ	1/6	DE S	,	ָּבְיבָיבְ קייני			705	B40	720	089	462	679
SPECIFIC CONDUCTANCE	uaho/cm	040	6	ź		?		,	80.4	7 27	9	3.19
-	1/00	•	•		1	•			7	;		•

6	-10-40	9.81	43.6	213.4	3.21	0.18	41	213	89	432	2.28	i i
:	14-90	7.5	3.7	28.5	3.11	7 0.14 0.18	41	161	59	473	2.17	
;	2-90	7.3	7.	21.	5.1.	0.2	17	21.	54.	S	9	?
4-37	10-8-89	7.35	11.8	176	0.0	<.02	(1.0	202	46.4	520	•	
	-29-90	7.41	34.1	99	2.09	2 0.04		. 6 <u>5</u>	56	731	1 0	01.0
	-14-90 B	7.6	~	21.8	7.07	0.12	9	: ⊭:	2	787	-	2.17
	-12-90 6	6.55	22.1	28.9	2.21	0.06 0.12	41	27.4		205	3 6	10.7
M-35	10-8-89	5.94	1 22	21.5	20 /	(0)	17.5	9 0	7 15	0.00	2	į
			(103-37	(5003)	(50383)	1 / Ď		1200-07	(CATA)		90/	
		õ	3	<u> </u>		/ j		į į		- 2		@g/1
							6	20L103			ANCE	
				ACIDITY	ALKALINI 17	TOTAL IRON	MANGANE DE	SUSPENDED	HARDNESS	SULFATES	FIC CONDUCT	ES
		=	E :	101 A	101AL	TOTAL	10TAL	TOTAL	T0TAL	10TAL	SPECI	MITRA

ADDENDUM TO PART 2, PAGE 19. E THE OHIO VALLEY COAL COMPANY POWHATAN NO. 6 MINE PERMIT D-0360 WATER QUALITY COMPARISON - UNDERMINED SOURCES

		M-19 2_20_00_1_20	09-00-1	4-20-89	5-75-89	68-61-9	7-4-89	9-15-89	2-22-89	-12-90	9-11-9
		10-07-7	0-07-0	20 >7 -	3	2	•	:	· '		•
	ä	1.7	7.45	7,47	7.32	7.45	7.23	7.3	7.69	7.66	Ç./
TAITV	7	8.4	8.47	7.7	8.00	16	80	722.7	12.4	6.7	7.6
KAI TAITV	mq/ (Cacdo)	711	133	123	155	140	138	500	113	105	28
NAC LIVI I I	· -	0.13	0.0	0.42	0.44	0.0	0.3	0.07	0.19	0.13	0.19
UN WEAVER	, ja	0.04	(,02	0.02	0.02	(,02	(,02	· 02	0.02	0.03	0.03
NOMINEJE COEMBEN COLTDE	1 /hm	1.5	0.2		0.5	1.3	3.8	0.1)	(1.0	(1.0	m
STENDED SULIDS	mų/, 1 00/1 (ΓοΓΩΣ)	921	149	33	87	70	8	202	94.2	125	1117
NDAESS	· (/c	8 5	41.6	38.4	38.4	37.6	36	42.7	36	59.2	71
COCCICIO PORMICIANDE	61/20 61/20 61/20	370	325	5 232	368	380	372	520	310	350	462
	an/)	•	•	•			•	•	3.99	0.76	9.8

	29	٥.	∹	10	89	8	16	53	87	81
9-20-4	~	77	136	<u></u>	3		7		e	
-11-90	7.6	77.3 21.4	149	1.17	0.0	m	219	48	468	0.56
12-90	7.39	12.6	222	1.47	0.0	÷.	24(25	49(0
68-	6.93	21	190	0.18	90.0	1.8	145	54	553	1
-16-86 7-	7.14	22	109	0.72	0.02	13.3	46.1	41.6	328	1
-9 68-52	7.45	10.8	217	0.03	۲.03	(1.0	149	36.8	512	•
5	.35	8.03	209	0.04	(,02	-0	169	37.6	348	٠
-28-89 4-	7.47	8.91	504	0.03	۲,02	(1,0	238	9	440	•
H-32 2-21-89 3-28-89 4-20-	7.27	11.2	222	0.02	0.04	1.6	268	40	200	: '
2 2 22	ı									
ā	3 /g	ag/1 (CaCB3)							1 miles ca	
Ţ	DA TOTAL ACIDITY	TOTAL ALIVIN	TOTAL TODA	TOTAL INDIA	TOTAL MANDAMENCA	TOTAL MADDWICE SOLIES	TOTAL MARGINESS	IDIAL SULFAIES	SPECIFIC LUNDUCTANCE	MIRRIES

M-38

			10-13-89 3-	-12-30
푬		35	7.35 7.3	7.3
TOTAL	ACIDITY	mg/1 (CaCO3)	11.8	12.
TOTAL		mg/1 (CaCO3)	176	22
TOTAL		eq/1	60.0	T.
TOTAL	TOTAL MANGAMESE	mg/1	<.02	0.0
TOTAL	cn	00/1	<1.0	.
TOTAL		mg/1 (CaCO3)	202	74
101AL		ao/]	46.4	Γ,
SPECIF		uaho/ca	520	4.5
MITRATES	ES	aq/l	ľ	ċ

10-13-89 3-12-90 6-11-90 9-20-90 7.35 7.39 7.3 7.57 11.8 12.6 9.05 78.3 176 222 19.4 189.3 0.09 1.42 6.2 5.41 <.02 0.06 0.17 0.23 <1.0 <1.0 13 3 202 246 203 198 46.4 36 40 44 520 490 497 464 520 6.5 7.65 7.13											
10-13-89 3-12-90 6-11-90 7.35 7.39 7.33 11.8 12.6 9.05 176 222 19.4 0.09 1.42 6.2 <.02 0.06 0.17 <.1.0 <1.0 13 202 246 203 46.4 36 40 520 497 520 497	9-20-90	7.57	78.3	189.3	5.41	0.23	m	198	44	464	2.13
10-13-89 3-12-90 7.35 7.39 11.8 12.6 176 222 0.09 1.42 <.02 0.06 <1.0 <1.0 202 246 46.4 36 520 490	6-11-90	7.3	9.05	19.4	6.2	0.17	13	203	40	147	2,05
10-13-89 7.35 11.8 176 0.09 (1.0 202 46.4 520	3-12-90	7.39	12.6	222	1.42	0.06	(1.0	246	38	490	0.5
	10-13-89	7.35	11.8	176	0.0	<.02	<1.0	202	46.4	520	ı

71_10										
2-21-89	3-28-89				7-6	9-15-89	_		6-11-90	8-29-90
7						6.82			7.4	7.29
6.9	13.9	26.2	28	26	35.2	19.8	18.1	22.9	6.6	48.3
99						162			237	178
0.5						0.04			90.0	0.06
0.04						(.02			0.02	0.02
12.8						0.1)			6	2
128						163			184	171
59						56			69	92
250						410			472	461
1				•	•				0.01	0.05

 ρΗ
 SU

 10TAL ACIDITY
 αq/1 (CaC03)

 10TAL ALKALIMITY
 αq/1 (CaC03)

 10TAL IRON
 αq/1

 10TAL MANGANESE
 αq/1

 10TAL SUSPENDED SOLIDS
 αq/1

 10TAL HARDNESS
 αq/1

 10TAL SULFATES
 αq/1

 SPECIFIC CONDUCTANCE
 umho/ca

 NITRATES
 αq/1

ADDENDUR TO PART 2, PAGE 19, E
THE OHIO VALLEY COAL COMPANY
POWHATAN NO. 6 MINE
PERMIT D-0360
WATER QUALITY COMPARISON - UNDERMINED SOURCES

		20−20 20−20								
		2-21-89	3-29-89	4-20-89	5-24-89	-19-89	68-9-	3-12-90	9-14-90	9-19-90
=	÷	7.16	7.24	7.27	6.9	7.13	7.0	7.28	7.5	7.91
TOTAL ACTOUTY	700	12.6	8.76	21	8	29.B	2	20.5	20.6	34.2
TOTAL ALKALINITY	80/1 (CaCO3)	148	179	208	193	97.6	81	203	197	184.7
TOTAL TRON	(/06	0.23	0.07	0.0	77.0	0.02	0.1	0.04	0.08	0.12
TOTAL MANGANGGE		0.02	(,02	70,	0.03	<.02	.0	0.03	0.02	0.08
TOTAL CHEPENDED COLLDS	· / ce	9	0.15	•	(1.0	0.1>	-	.1.	60	12
TOTAL MADNIESS	mg/1 [[aCB3]	236	283	18	192	220	22	308	297	268
TOTAL SHIEDTES	aq/1	59	9	9.59	1 67.2	105	-0	75.2	. 78	81
SPECIFIC CONDUCTANCE	uaho/ca	470	280	404	654	630	99	615	0 615 574	561
WITRATES	aq/1	'	,	•		•		3.55	3.51	2.87

ADDENDUM TO PAGE 19, PART 2, E THE OHIO VALLEY COAL COMPANY POWHATAN NO. 6 MINE PERMIT D-0360

HYDROLOGIC DETERMINATION

Based on the information submitted in this application, the enclosed probable hydrologic consequences may be expected. Although the overall hydrologic regime will not be affected, individual sources of ground and surface water may be temporarily disrupted. That is, individual wells, springs, or streams may suffer significant water loss. However, this effect is expected to be temporary. Sources that are affected permanently will be replaced by OVCC at its own expense. The quality of the surface and ground water in the proposed mining and adjacent area is not expected to be changed in the long term as a result of the proposed mining activities. Specifically, the levels of pH, iron, manganese, total suspended solids, and total dissolved solids are not expected to vary from their original levels.

However, these parameters may temporarily be changed. If these changes are significant enough to cause the source to be unusable, OVCC will replace the source temporarily (within 24 to 48 hours) and permanently (within 2 years) both at the expense of OVCC

Some temporary changes to individual ground water and surface water source availability are anticipated. Wells and springs may go dry, streams may flow less, ponds may de-water. However, the effect on sediment yield, acidity, total suspended and dissolved solids, and flooding are expected to be minimal if any.

The effects are expected to change within about two years as the localized water table reaches equilibrium again. On a temporary basis, water will be provided for all developed ground water sources and for surface water sources that are used at OVCC's expense. Ponds and streams with visible cracks that are draining water will be repaired. Permanent replacement supplies will be provided if an individual source is permanently affected. OVCC will bear the entire cost of both temporary and permanent water replacement.

ADDENDUM TO PAGE 19, PART 2, E THE OHIO VALLEY COAL COMPANY POWHATAN NO. 6 MINE PERMIT D-0360

The quality of the surface and ground water in the proposed mining area is not expected to be changed in the long term as a result of the mining activities. Specifically, the levels of pH, iron, manganese, total suspended solids, and total dissolved solids are not expected to vary from their original levels.

The Ohio Valley Coal Company (OVCC) fully recognizes the rights of surface and ground water users. However, OVCC also realizes that its mining will probably disrupt individual developed sources of the surface and ground water in the area for a period of time. OVCC is committed to providing both interim and permanent replacement water to users of surface and ground water. OVCC will bear the cost of providing both interim and permanent replacement water.

As a result of the mining in the proposed permit area, individual surface and ground water developed sources are expected to be temporarily disrupted to the extent that shallow wells may be de-watered, streams may become dry, and springs may develop at a lower elevation than before. These movements of the saturated zones are somewhat unpredictable, and as such, OVCC cannot protect the quantity in these locations. However, alternative water supplies will be provided for those supplies used by the landowner in similar quantities to pre-mining conditions. Because it cannot be determined at what elevation the water will return, the alternative sources of water cannot be fully described here. However, alternatives include the list shown in the Addendum to Page 19, Part 2, F.

ADDENDUM TO PAGE 19, PART 2, F(1) THE OHIO VALLEY COAL COMPANY POWHATAN NO. 6 MINE PERMIT D-0360

DEVELOPED SUPPLIES OF GROUND AND SURFACE WATER THAT MAY BE IMPACTED AS A RESULT OF THE PROPOSED OPERATION

Of the supplies listed in Attachments 14C and 14D, the following are expected to be impacted as a result of the proposed operation:

W-48 W-45 W-44 W-43 W-34 W-27 W-28 SP-26 SP-25 SP-26 SP-24 P-1

- f. (2) If contamination, diminution, or interruption may result, submit an addendum identifying the alternative sources of water supply that could be developed to replace the existing sources including information on water availability and suitability of alternative sources for existing pre-mining uses and postmining land use.
- See Addendum to Page 19, Part 2, F G. LAND USE INFORMATION-Permit Area
 - (1) Describe the uses of the land within the proposed permit area existing at the time of the filing of this permit application and provide a map which delineates the area of each land use.

Not Applicable - No Permit Area

(2) Was the land use described in item G(1) above changed within five years before the anticipated date of beginning this proposed mining operation?

Yes, No. If "yes," describe the historic use of the land.

Not Applicable - No Permit Area

(3) Analyze the capability of the land within the proposed permit area before any mining to support a variety of uses, giving consideration to soil and foundation characteristics, topography, vegetative cover, and hydrology of the proposed permit area.

Not Applicable - No Permit Area

(4) Analyze the productivity of the land within the proposed permit area before any mining to include average yields obtained under high level of management.

Not Applicable - No Permit Area

(5) Is any land within the proposed permit area classified as prime farmland? _____ Yes, ____ No.

ADDENDUM TO PAGE 19, PART 2, F(2) THE OHIO VALLEY COAL COMPANY POWHATAN NO. 6 MINE PERMIT D-0360

ALTERNATIVE WATER SUPPLY INFORMATION

Adjacent Areas Above Full Recovery Mining

The PHC identified herein indicate a potential for diminution and/or interruption of ground water supplies in areas above and contiguous to full recovery mining operations. However, no contamination of such water supplies is expected.

Notwithstanding its mining rights and without waiving any of its mining rights, where such diminution or interruption results from full recovery mining, The Ohio Valley Coal Company will repair and replace such affected water source(s) in the adjacent area at its own expense in a manner mutually satisfactory to OVCC, the surface owner, and the Division of Reclamation, and to a level sufficient to meet the surface owner's pre-mining requirements will be determined by monitoring information gathered in accordance with the Monitoring Plan.

Past experience indicates that the majority of subsidence (that detectable with surveying equipment) is complete within about 45 days after the longwall passes under the area.

The steps which OVCC would take to repair or replace affected water sources in the adjacent area include:

- Repair damaged cisterns after OVCC has determined that subsidence is complete;
- On a site specific basis, redrill existing wells, drill new wells, or connect the surface owner to public water supplies;
- 3. On a site specific basis, developed springs will be replaced by a farm pond built according to accepted engineering practices, drilling of a new well, or development of another spring in close proximity to the original spring;
- 4. Repair damaged farm ponds so as to be comparable to their pre-mining conditions;

- 5. Provide interim water supplies until affected water sources are replaced. Interim supplies may include hauled water or a tap to public water supplies, if available;
- 6. Such other proven, cost effective, and reasonable techniques as OVCC may now, or in the future, deem appropriate.

It is OVCC's intention to fully bear the cost of both interim and permanent water replacement. If contamination, diminution, or interruption of a property owner's underground or surface water supply used for domestic, agricultural, industrial, or other legitimate use occurs as a proximate result of the mine's operation, the OVCC will undertake within 48 hours the necessary measures to repair or replace such water supply at OVCC's expense and to furnish, at the OVCC's expense, an alternate water supply until repair or replacement is completed or will reimburse the property owner for the reasonable cost of obtaining a water supply from the date of any such contamination, diminution, or interruption until the supply is repaired or replaced. OVCC will provide the affected property owner with no less of an available water supply than the property owner had before mining, based on the pre-mining survey. OVCC will notify the Division of Reclamation immediately after it has been informed of the loss of developed water (ground or surface water) due to its mining activities.

As previously stated, the elevation of alternative water sources is unpredictable until the water system in the area again attains equilibrium after mining. Therefore, the alternative water supplies to be developed will be identified when the need arises. Those supplies may include but not be limited to redevelopment of an existing well, spring, or pond, or replacement of the source with the County Water System. The County Water System has been contacted by OVCC and has assured us that there is capacity to replace each developed source with county water. A letter to that effect is enclosed.

If a property owner believes that his or her underground or surface water supply which is used for domestic, agricultural, industrial, or other legitimate use has been contaminated, diminished, or interrupted as a proximate result of the mine's operation, he or she should notify OVCC by calling (614) 926-1351. OVCC will make a determination of liability no later than sixty (60) days after notification of the contamination, diminution, or interruption of a water supply as a proximate result of the mine's operation.

Work on furnishing a temporary alternate water supply will begin within 48 hours after OVCC learns of the contamination, diminution, or interruption to the domestic, agricultural, industrial, or other legitimate-use water supply proximately caused by the mining operation. OVCC will pay all costs associated with this temporary, alternate water supply. Permanent repair or replacement of an affected water supply shall be completed no later than eighteen (18) months after it has been determined that the supply has been contaminated, diminished, or interrupted as a proximate result of the mine's operation. All costs of repair and/or replacement to provide the affected property owner with no less of an available water supply than the property owner had before mining, based on the pre-mining survey, shall be paid for by OVCC.

In repairing or replacing a property owner's underground or surface water supply used for domestic, agricultural, industrial, or other legitimate use which is damaged as a proximate result of the mine's operation, OVCC's first preference is to repair the affected supply. If that is not feasible, OVCC's second preference is to replace the affected supply with a like supply. For example, a damaged pond, if not repairable, would be replaced with a new pond. If that is not feasible, OVCC will replace the affected supply with a similar supply. For example, a damaged dug well, if not repairable or replaceable with another dug well, would be replaced by a potable-type cistern, a drilled well or a similar supply.

It should be recognized that property sites differ in such elements as geologic and hydrologic composition. Thus, the determination of whether repair of an affected water supply is feasible or whether replacement by a specific type of water supply is feasible must be made on a case-by-case, site specific basis. OVCC, in the past, has always attempted to consult and negotiate with the affected property owner concerning the selection of the type of water replacement and its site. This is done at the request of property owners who prefer this procedure to that of OVCC making unilateral decisions about replacement supplies and sites. OVCC, if requested by the Division, will make these decisions unilaterally.

In some cases, OVCC reaches pre-subsidence agreements with landowners, who are normally represented by counsel and in all cases have full opportunity to consult with counsel or anyone else of their choosing. These agreements, which are typically negotiated by OVCC employees, normally cover all potential property damage claims. In situations where such an agreement is reached, OVCC will comply with the water replacement terms contained in the agreement.

ADDENDUM TO PAGE 19, PART 2, F(2) PAGE FOUR

In any situation where OVCC determines that the contamination, diminution, or interruption of a water supply was not proximately caused by the mining operation, based on evidence such as the proximity of the supply to the mining operation, site specific geologic and surface conditions, or climatological conditions, OVCC will provide the Division of Reclamation with notice of its determination and the proof in support of that determination to allow the Division to issue a Chief's Order deciding the issue. This Chief's Order is then appealable in accordance with O.R.C. \$1513.13. The landowner's domestic water supply will continue during the time OVCC seeks review of this matter pursuant to O.R.C. \$1513.13. If it is determined that contamination, diminution, or interruption of a supply is the proximate result of the mine's operation, OVCC shall bear all costs of furnishing temporary water. OVCC reserves the right to proceed against the landowner to recover costs incurred if it is determined that OVCC is not liable for the contamination, diminution, or interruption of the affected water supply.

G. (6) Describe the use of the land within the permit area, including the creation of permanent water impoundments, that is proposed to be made of the land following reclamation, including information regarding the utility and capacity of the reclaimed land to support a variety of alternative uses.

Not Applicable - No Permit Area

Are there existing land use classifications under local law of the proposed permit area?

Yes,

No. If "yes," describe the land use classification and submit as an addendum to the permit application, the comments of the governmental agency which would have to initiate, implement, approve or authorize the proposed use of the land following reclamation. If "no," describe the sources of information on which the determination was made.

Not Applicable - No Permit Area

- (8) Submit as an addendum a copy of the comments from the legal or equitable owner of record of the surface of the proposed permit area concerning the proposed land use.
- Not Applicable No Permit Area

 (9) Describe the consideration which has been given to making all of the proposed coal mining activities consistent with surface owner plans and applicable state and local land use plans and programs.

Not Applicable - No Permit Area

(10) Describe how the proposed land use is to be achieved and the necessary support activities that may be needed to achieve the proposed land use.

(11) Is the postmining land use to be different from the G. premining land use? _____ Yes, ____ No. If "yes," submit as an addendum to the permit application, the plans and findings required by paragraph (D) of rule 1501:13-9-17 of the Administrative Code. Not Applicable - No Permit Area (12) Has the proposed permit area been previously mined? Yes, No. If "yes," provide the following information, if available. (a) Type of mining method __ (b) Coal seam mined Non coal mineral mined (C) Extent of mining ____ ___acres (d) (e) Approximate dates (f) Land use preceding mining Not Applicable - No Permit Area

H. PRIME FARMLAND INVESTIGATION-Permit Area

- (1) Does the proposed permit area include any land that is prime farmland, taking into consideration the negative determinations listed in paragraph (L)(2) of rule 1501:13-4-13 of the Administrative Code?

 Yes, No.

 Not Applicable No Permit Area
- (2) If the response to item H. (1) is "yes," submit Attachment 15.
- (3) If the response to item H.(1) is "no," submit Attachment 16.

PART 3 RECLAMATION AND OPERATIONS PLAN

GENERAL REQUIREMENTS-Permit Area (Item A. (1) and A. (2) -Permit and Underground Workings)

Describe the type and method of coal mining procedures for this application. Explain how these procedures will maximize the use and conservation of the coal resources. Entry Development will be used to develop for longwall; although recovery for this mining method is limited, recovery for the longwall is high, making maximum use of the reserves. Indicate the anticipated annual and total production of

(2) coal from this proposed operation.

Annual 3.1 million Total 31 million

- Will this operation be combined with surface coal (3) mining activities to the extent that contemporaneous reclamation of areas disturbed by surface mining will be delayed or such that the underground workings will be within 500 feet of the surface mining activities? Yes, X No. If "yes," submit Attachment 30.
- (4) Are experimental mining practices to be employed in the Yes, X No. proposed mining operations? _ "yes," submit as an addendum to the permit application, the description, maps, and plans required by paragraph (B) of rule 1501:13-4-12 of the Administrative Code.
- (5) Are mountaintop removal mining practices to be employed in the proposed mining operations? _ Yes, ___X_ No. If "yes," submit as an addendum to the permit application the information required by paragraph (C) of rule 1501:13-4-12 of the Administrative Code.
- Are the natural pre-mining slopes within the permit area in excess of twenty (20) degrees? X No. If "yes," submit an addendum Yes, demonstrating compliance with the steep slope mining provisions of paragraph (D) of rule 1501:13-4-12 and 1501:13-13-05 of the Administrative Code.
- Is augering proposed within the permit area? (7) Yes, X No. If "yes," submit Attachment 18.
- Are variances from approximate original contour to be employed for the proposed underground mining surface operations? Yes, X No. If "yes," submit an addendum to the permit application demonstrating compliance with paragraph (E) and/or (K) of rule 1501:13-4-12 of the Administrative Code.

- A. (9) Will access to the underground workings be gained through a drift entry? Yes, No. If "yes," provide as an addendum sufficient information to determine the location of the entry relative to the highest elevation of the coal reserve. Is the drift entry located so as to eliminate the potential for a gravity discharge? Yes, No. If "no," the applicant must demonstrate that the coal seam is not acid or iron producing. Provide an analysis of the strata immediately above and below the coal, and the coal seam itself, sufficient to demonstrate that the water quality from the entry will meet effluent limitations without treatment.
 - Not Applicable No Permit Area

 (10) For entries to underground workings other than drift entries, provide as an addendum sufficient information to determine the location of the entry relative to the coal reserve. Are the entries located so as to eliminate the potential for a gravity discharge?

 Yes, No. If "no," provide the following demonstration:
 - Not Applicable No Permit Area
 (a) the gravity discharge will meet effluent
 limitations without treatment, or
 - (b) the water will be treated to meet effluent limitations and provisions will be made for consistent maintenance of the treatment facility throughout the anticipated period of gravity discharge.
 - (11) Will the permanent entry seals be designed to withstand the maximum anticipated hydraulic head when the operations are abandoned?

 "yes, No. If "yes," submit the appropriate information demonstrating that this will be accomplished. If "no," provide a typical plan for the seals to be used to close the mine entries pursuant to applicable state and federal regulations.
 - Not Applicable No Permit Area
 (12) Submit an addendum describing the construction,
 modification, maintenance, and removal (unless to be
 retained for postmining land use), including the
 proposed engineering techniques and major equipment to
 be used, of the following facilities:
 - dams, embankments, and other impoundments. Do any of the plans for water, sediment or slurry impoundments meet the requirements of 30 CFR 77.216?

 Yes, No. If "yes," submit as an addendum a plan that addresses each of the requirements in 30 CFR 77.216-2.

- A. (12) (b) overburden and topsoil handling and storage areas and structures.
 - Not Applicable No Permit Area

 (c) coal removal, handling, storage, cleaning, and transportation areas and structures; including, but not limited to, preparation plants, beltlines, tipples, rail sidings, and primary roads. For roads, conveyors and rail systems, submit an addendum describing the information required pursuant to paragraph (L) of rule 1501:13-4-14 and 1501:13-10-01 of the Administrative Code.
 - Not Applicable No Permit Area

 (d) spoil removal, handling, storage, transportation, and disposal areas and structures, including underground development waste or excess spoil disposal sites. If underground development waste or excess spoil is to be generated, submit an addendum describing the information required by paragraphs (0) and (P) of rule 1501:13-4-14 and 1501:13-9-07 of the Administrative Code.
 - Not Applicable No Permit Area

 (e) mine facilities such as portal/shaft development,
 boreholes, de-gas holes, vents, office or shop
 buildings and maintenance facilities.
 - Not Applicable No Permit Area (f) water and air pollution control facilities.
 - (13) Provide an estimate of the cost per acre to reclaim the permit area.

 Not Applicable No Permit Area
 - (14) Will the proposed operation include any of the following:
 - Not Applicable No Permit Area

 (a) disposal of coal mine waste from a wash plant,
 tipple, or other source? Yes, No. If
 "yes," submit Attachment 28 and, if applicable,
 the information required by paragraph (H) of rule
 1501:13-4-14 of the Administrative Code.
 - (b) disposal of fly ash or other noncoal wastes? Yes, No. If "yes," submit an addendum which addresses the disposal material and a detailed disposal plan, pursuant to paragraph (E) of rule 1501:13-9-09 of the Administrative Code.
 - (c) return of slurry or other mine waste or material into the abandoned underground workings?

 Yes, No. If "yes," comply with provisions contained in paragraph (N) of rule 1501:13-4-14 and paragraph (Q) of 1501:13-9-04 of the Administrative Code, and submit copies of the required MSHA approvals as an addendum.

B. EXISTING STRUCTURES-Permit Area

(1) Are any existing structures proposed to be used in connection with or to facilitate the coal mining and reclamation operation?

Yes, No. If "yes," submit as an addendum to the permit application a description of each such structure. The description shall include the information required by paragraph (B)(1) of rule 1501:13-4-14 of the Administrative Code.

Not Applicable - No Permit Area

(2) Are any existing structures proposed to be modified or reconstructed for use in connection with or to facilitate the coal mining and reclamation operation?

Yes, No. If "yes," submit as an addendum to the permit application, a compliance plan for each such structure. The plan shall include the information required by paragraph (B)(2) of rule 1501:13-4-14 of the Administrative Code.

Not Applicable - No Permit Area

C. BLASTING-Permit Area

Will blasting occur within 25 feet of the surface during shaft and portal development or other on-site development? _____ Yes, ____ No. If "yes," submit Attachment 29.

- Not Applicable No Permit Area

 RECLAMATION PLAN GENERAL REQUIREMENTS-Permit Area (ITEM

 D. (12) -Permit, Shadow, and Adjacent Area)
 - (1) Provide a detailed timetable for the completion of backfilling and grading for each mining year.

Not Applicable - No Permit Area

(2) Provide a detailed timetable for the completion of resoiling for each mining year.

Not Applicable - No Permit Area

(3) Provide a detailed timetable for the completion of planting for each mining year.

Not Applicable - No Permit Area

(4) Describe the plan for backfilling, compacting and grading of the disturbed permit area, including the disposal of all mine generated debris.

- D. (5) Submit an addendum describing the plan for the removal, storage, redistribution and stabilization of topsoil, subsoil, or approved alternative resoiling material to meet the requirements of rule 1501:13-9-03 of the Administrative Code. If alternative resoiling material is to be used, submit Attachment 19.
 - Not Applicable No Permit Area
 (6) Provide the following information for the revegetation plan:
 - (a) Schedule for revegetation to include planting of temporary vegetation.

Not Applicable - No Permit Area

(b) List the species and amounts per acre of seeds and seedlings to be used.

Not Applicable - No Permit Area

(c) Describe the methods to be used in planting and seeding.

Not Applicable - No Permit Area

(d) Describe the mulching techniques.

Not Applicable - No Permit ARea

(7) Describe the soil testing plan for evaluation of the results of topsoil handling and reclamation procedures related to revegetation.

Not Applicable - No Permit Area

(8) Describe the measures to be employed to handle and place acid or toxic-forming materials in accordance with paragraph (J) of rule 1501:13-9-04, and paragraph (J) of rule 1501:13-9-14 of the Administrative Code.

Not Applicable - No Permit Area

(9) Describe measures, including appropriate cross-sections and maps, to be used to plug, case or manage mine openings or bore holes other than those entries utilized to gain access to the underground workings, pursuant to rule 1501:13-9-02 of the Administrative Code.

- D. (10) Is the reclamation plan consistent with local physical, environmental, and climatological conditions?
 Yes, ______No.
 - Not Applicable No Permit Area
 (11) Identify any other applicable air and water quality
 laws and regulations and health and safety standards
 and describe the steps to be taken to comply with each.

Not Applicable - No Permit Area

(12) Submit an addendum describing the plan for minimizing to the extent possible and using the best technology currently available disturbances and adverse impacts of the operation on fish and wildlife and related environmental values and achieving enhancement of such resources where practical for the permit, shadow, and adjacent areas.

See Addendum to Page 28, D(12)

E. RECLAMATION PLAN-PROTECTION OF HYDROLOGIC BALANCE-Permit and

Adjacent Area

Describe the measures to be taken during and after the proposed surface mining operations to:

(1) minimize disturbance to the hydrologic balance, including quality and quantity, within the permit and adjacent areas and to prevent material damage outside the permit area;

See Addendum to Part 2, Page 28E(1-3)

(2) protect the rights of present users of surface and ground water;

See Addendum to Page 2, Page 28E(1-3)

(3) avoid acid or toxic drainage.

See Addendum to Page 2, Page 28E(1-3)

Addendum to Part 2, Page 28, D(12) The Ohio Valley Coal Company Powhatan No. 6 Mine Permit D-0360

The proposed longwall mining operation is not expected to impact fish, wildlife, and other related environmental values. The longwall will not undermine any streams where fish live. Wildlife has never been shown to be affected by longwall mining. If landslides occur over the mining area, The Ohio Valley Coal Company will restore the land to a condition equal to its original value and reasonably foreseeable use.

Addendum to Part 2, Page 28, E(1-3) The Ohio Valley Coal Company Powhatan No. 6 Mine Permit D-0360

Reclamation Plan - Protection of Hydrologic Balance

The hydrologic balance is not expected to change as a result of the proposed longwall mining operation in the long term. Temporarily, the depth below the surface of ground water will increase as a result of increasing the number of cracks in the local rock units. The static level of the ground water will reestablish itself within 18 months to 2 years after mining. At that time, ground water will be available in quantity at least as great as before mining. Because of increased porosity due to the cracking caused by longwall mining, the quantity of ground water that is available to users will probably increase. Minor surface cracking over longwall areas will eventually heal, causing the ground to capture approximately the same percentage of rainfall as before. Surface water drainage and evaporation are not expected to be impacted by longwall mining. The monitoring data obtained for the ground and surface water sources over the longwall areas at the Powhatan No. 6 Mine indicate there will be no deleterious effects of the longwall mining on water quality. Therefore, the hydrologic balance outside the permit area will be protected.

The rights of present users of surface and ground water will be maintained through the water replacement plan found in the Addendum to Part 2, Page 19, F. It is anticipated that within two years, ground water will re-establish itself so that wells and springs can be replaced. Surface water drainage is not expected to be impacted by longwall mining.

Acid or toxic drainage are not expected to be a problem at the Powhatan No. 6 Mine. The No. 8 seam is entirely below drainage, and the openings to the surface are located high enough above the seam that they will not experience hydraulic pressure from the seam. The major watershed of this area, Captina Creek, is at the elevation of the mine in the application area at a distance of over 5 miles from the mine. Acid or toxic drainage is not expected to enter the waters of the State.

F. GROUND WATER AND SURFACE WATER MONITORING PLAN-Permit and Shadow Area

Based upon the probable hydrologic consequences determination and analysis of all baseline hydrologic, geologic, and other information submitted in this application, address the following items in accordance with paragraph (F) of rule 1501:13-4-14 and paragraph (N) of rule 1501:13-9-04 of the Administrative Code.

(1) In addition to the quality and quantity parameters required for quarterly monitoring and NPDES monitoring, will any other parameters be monitored?

Yes, No. If "yes," indicate the parameter(s) and the site(s) where such monitoring will occur.

See Addendum to Page 29, Part 2, F

(2) Do you propose or anticipate the need for a variation in the required monitoring frequency for ground and surface water sites and monthly monitoring for NPDES?

Yes,

No. If "yes," describe the variation in frequency and the monitoring sites to be affected.

See Addendum to Page 29, Part 2, F

(3) Describe the plan for collection, recording, and reporting of all surface and ground water quality and quantity monitoring data, including data collected for the NPDES program.

See Addendum to Page 29, Part 2, F

G. DIVERSIONS AND DRAINAGE CONTROLS-Permit Area

(1) Will the proposed coal mining activities result in diversions of overland flow away from the disturbed areas?

Yes, No. If "yes," describe, including maps and cross sections, the diversion to be constructed to achieve compliance with paragraph (I) of rule 1501:13-4-14 of the Administrative Code.

Not Applicable -- Not a Permit Area.

Addendum to Part 2, Page 29, F The Ohio Valley Coal Company Powhatan No. 6 Mine Permit D-0360

GROUND WATER AND SURFACE WATER MONITORING PLANS

1. Ground Water Monitoring Plan

All developed ground water supplies will be monitored quarterly for quality and monthly for quantity for at least one year prior to full recovery mining, and at least one year subsequent to mining. Weekly quantity monitoring will be conducted whenever the longwall face is within three weeks of undermining the supply and no less than three weekly pre-mining and post-mining measurements will be made. Ground water supplies located within 500 feet (measured horizontally) of the perimeter of the active longwall panel will be monitored as if they were located on the panel. Monitoring will be continued for at least one year subsequent to full recovery mining contingent upon review by the Division. Daily precipitation data will be submitted to evaluate spring flow.

2. Surface Water Monitoring Plan

the surface locations depicted on water application/hydrology map will be sampled monthly for flow and quarterly for quality. The quality requirements of OAC 1501:13-3-14(F)(2) and the other QMR parameters as stated on the QMR report sheets will apply to the surface water analysis. Each surface monitoring station will be monitored for at least one year prior to full coal recovery mining. Monitoring will be continued for at least one year subsequent to full recovery mining contingent upon review by the Division. Daily precipitation data will be submitted to evaluate stream flow.

with each quarterly monitoring report of ground and surface water, a map depicting the progression of the longwall face will be attached to indicate the sampling points in the full recovery areas. Notes will be submitted indicating the position relative to the longwall face, with "+" indicating station is in advance of the face and a "-" indicating a position behind the face. An attempt will be made to sample as outlined above, however, some sources may not be accessible. These locations, if encountered, will be documented in the quarterly reports. All samples will be taken as outlined to the extent that existing well construction allows. Any samples that are unobtainable will be documented as such in the quarterly report. Quarterly sampling will include analysis for nitrates.

ADDENDUM TO PART 2, PAGE 29, F PAGE TWO

OVCC will monitor all ground and surface locations in accordance with the monitoring plan outlined above regardless of the aquifers and/or saturated zones that they access. All developed supplies have been identified and have been indicated on the application/hydrology map.

ADDENDUM TO PAGE 19, PART 3, PAGE 29,F(3) THE OHIO VALLEY COAL COMPANY POWHATAN NO. 6 MINE PERMIT D-0360

ANNUAL MAP

A mine map will be submitted every six months to coincide with the permit anniversary date. For ground water monitoring, the face location of the active panel will be provided quarterly with the monitoring data. The maps will contain the following:

- Scale the same as the Division of Mines submittal, or 1 in = 500 ft.
- 2. All base map requirements pursuant to ORC 4153.03.
- 3. Extraction ratios for completed sections.
- 4. Coal elevations.
- 5. Surface structures.
- 6. Locations of subsidence and water monitoring stations.
- 7. Mine height (extraction thickness).
- 8. Completion/abandonment dates for completed sections.

G. (2) Will the proposed coal mining activities result in the diversion of intermittent or perennial streams within the proposed permit area?

"yes," describe, including maps and cross sections, the diversions to be constructed to achieve compliance with paragraph (I) of rule 1501:13-4-14 of the Administrative Code.

Not Applicable - No Permit Area

will the proposed coal mining activities result in
construction of diversions to direct runoff through a
sediment pond or a series of sediment ponds?

Yes, No. If "yes," submit an addendum to
describe, including maps and cross sections, the
diversions to be constructed to achieve compliance with
paragraph (I) of rule 1501:13-4-14 of the
Administrative Code.

Not Applicable - No Permit Area

(4) Indicate which of the following are proposed to be constructed within the proposed permit area and submit as an addendum the detailed design plans for each structure in accordance with paragraph (H) of rule 1501:13-4-14 and 1501:13-9-04 of the Administrative Code.

 sedime	entation	pond(s)	(submit	: Attachment	20)
water	impoundm	ent(s)	(submit	Attachment	20)
other	(specify	_/)			

Not Applicable - No Permit Area

(5) Describe the plan for the control of water drainage into, through, and out of the proposed permit area. I applicable, submit as an addendum any request for variances pursuant to paragraphs (B) and (E) of rule 1501:13-9-04 of the Administrative Code.

Not Applicable - No Permit Area

(6) Describe the treatment, when required, of ground and surface water drainage from the area to be disturbed by the proposed coal mining activities

Not Applicable - No Permit Area

H. PROTECTION OF PUBLIC PARKS AND HISTORIC PLACES-Permit and Planned Subsidence Area

Will the proposed coal mining activities adversely affect any public parks and places listed on the National Register of Historic Places?

Yes, X No. If "yes, describe the measures to minimize or prevent these impacts.

I. MINING NEAR OR THROUGH A PUBLIC ROAD-Permit Area

If the response to Part 1, item D(6) of the permit application is "yes," describe the measures to be used to ensure that the interests of the public and landowners are protected.

J. SUBSIDENCE CONTROL SURVEY-Shadow Area

- (1) Is this a full coal recovery operation? X Yes, No. If "yes," complete Attachment 31, Subsidence Control Survey, and items J(2) and (3) below.
- (2) Does the shadow area contain any of the structures or facilities listed in 1501:13-12-03(J)(1-3)?

 Yes, X No. If "yes," complete Attachment 32,

 Protection of Specific Structures, and specifically identify the structures or facilities on the application map.
- (3) Are any aquifers or bodies of water that serve as a significant water source for any public water supply system present in the shadow area?

 If "yes," complete Attachment 32, Protection of Specific Structures, and specifically identify the areas on the application map.

K. SUBSIDENCE CONTROL PLAN-Shadow Area

- (1) Submit an addendum which describes the method of coal removal, and indicates the size, sequence, and timing of the development of the underground workings.

 See Addendum to Page 31, Part 2, K(1)
- (2) Utilizing the application map, specifically indicate areas where planned subsidence mining methods (i.e. longwall or pillar extraction) will be used.
- See Application Map

 (3) Utilizing the application map, specifically indicate room-and-pillar mining areas where subsidence will be prevented or minimized.
- See Application Map

 (4) Submit as an addendum, for those areas mapped as roomand-pillar mining, the following information:
 - (a) the maximum and average overpurden thickness.
 - (b) the projected maximum extraction ratios for main: submains, and butt sections, as well as the existing ranges of values for the same areas.
 - (c) projected maximum width of entries and cross cut throughout the mine, as well as the existing ranges of values for the same areas.

ADDENDUM TO PAGE 31, J(1) THE OHIO VALLEY COAL COMPANY POWHATAN NO. 6 MINE PERMIT D-0360

RENEWABLE RESOURCES - GROUND WATER RECHARGE

For the mine plan area, it is generally accepted that most of the land area acts as recharge zones. In local settings, recharge occurs directly to ground water table aquifers and in deeper hydrostatigraphic units recharge occurs through leaky aquitards or by movement from more remote areas closer to the land surface. It is accepted that recharge potential or infiltration rates vary substantially in response to soil or rock type, slope, vegetation cover, and other factors. The only areas that are not viewed as recharge areas to one degree or another are discharge zones such as streams, springs, and seeps.

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OHIO DEPARTMENT OF NATURAL RESOURCES DIVISION OF RECLAMATION

			Period ADY D		MAP LOC. KEY
ddiwy actediio	COTINEY	TOWNSHIP/SECTION	RESOURCES	STRUCTURES-USE	(Structures)
Albert & Mary					93
Oqilbee	Belmont	Smith, 25	Pasture	LIVestock	-
Albert & Mary Ogilbee	Belmont	Smith, 25	Cropland	Crops	23
	-				
	ŀ				

OHIO DEPARTMENT OF NATURAL RESOURCES DIVISION OF RECLAMATION

			RENEWABLE	901	MAP LOC. KEY
COUNTY	1	TOWNSHIP/SECTION	RESOURCES	STRUCTURES-USE	(פרו חברתוב)
Belmont		Smith 20, 26	House	Occupied	2
			Barn	Dairy Farm	8
				Dairy Farm	6
Belmont		Smith 19, 20	House	Occupied	10
			Well	Domestic	W-27
Belmont		Smith 20	House	Occupied	11
Belmont		Smith 20	House	Occupied	12
			Well	Domestic	W-44
Belmont		Smith 20	Stream	Unused	U22-B, U22-C
Belmont		Smith 20	None	None	
Belmont		Smith 19, 20	Springs	Livestock	SP-29, SP-30,
Relmont		Smith 19, 20	Pasture	Livestock	37, 38
Belmont		Smith 19, 20	Cropland	Craps	39, 40
Relmont		Smith 19, 20	Timber	Mood	15, 16

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OBIO DEPARTMENT OF NATURAL RESOURCES DIVISION OF RECLAMATION

			S. S. S. S. S. S. S. S. S. S. S. S. S. S		MAP LOC. KEY
CHERRY CHARD	COUNTY	TOWNSHIP/SECTION	RENEWABLE RESOURCES	STRUCTURES-USE	(Structures)
SUNFACE CHINES	0.0	cmi+h 20 26 25	Timber	Mood	13, 14, 20
JVCC	DETINOTIC	Sill cii E0 5E0 5E0			
Chalmer & Ida Camphell	Belmont	Smith 20,26	Limber	Mood	17, 18
Richard & Vernice Otto	Belmont	Smith 19,20, 26	Timber	Mood	21, 22, 24
Richard & Vernice Otto	Belmont	Smith 19.20, 26	Pasture	Livestock	25,26, 29
Richard & Vernice Otto	Belmont	Smith 19,20,26	Cropland	Crops	27, 28, 30
Chalmer & Ida Campbell	Belmont	Smith 20,26	Pasture	Livestock	31, 33
Chalmer & Ida Campbell	Belmont	Smith 20,26	Cropland	Crops	34, 36
					-
			,		

OHIO DEPARTMENT OF NATURAL RESOURCES DIVISION OF RECLAMATION

					MAD TON WEV	
SHRFACE OWNER	COUNTY	TOWNSHIP/SECTION	RENEWABLE RESOURCES	STRUCTURES-USE		
Seaway Coal Co.	Belmont	Smith 25	Timber		19	
Ohio Valley Coal	Belmont	Smith 25	Stream	Unused	D-21 Note: In	
Albert and Mary Ogilbee	Belmont	Smith 25	Pond	Unused	P-1 angle of draw.	
Wayne and Barbaya Ogilbee	Belmont	Smith 25	House	Occupied	23	
			Well	Domestic	W-26	
Richard and Vernice Otto	Belmont	Smith 19,20,26	Stream	Livestock	U-21-G	
			Spring	Livestock	SP-24	
			Spring	Livestock	SP-23	
			Well	Domestic	W-34	
			Well	Livestock	W-43	
			Dairy Barn	Dairy Farm	ಣ	
			House	Occupied	4	
			House	Unoccupied	ഖ	
			Various Out	Doing Form	ಅ	
			Sautoting	Datif Faim		

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ORIO DEPARTMENT OF NATURAL RESOURCES DIVISION OF RECLAMATION

			DENEGABY P		MAP LOC. KEY
	VENTION	TOWNSHIP/SECTION	RESOURCES	STRUCTURES-USE	(Structures)
UKFACE OWNER Delmas and			# + D	Livestock	U22-Q
	Belmont.	Smith 19,20	D CT COM		
Ohio Valley Coal Company	Belmont	Smith 25, 26	Stream	Unused	U21-A
Į.			Stream	Unused	U21-B
			Run	Unused	D-21
			House	Occupied	F
			Well	Domestic	W-33
Chalmer and Ida Campbell	Belmont	Smith 20, 26	Stream	Livestock	U21-F
			Spring	Livestock	SP-27
			Spring	Livestock	SP-28
	-		Well	Unused	W-48
			Well	Domestic	W-45
			Spring	Livestock	SP-25
			Spring	Livestock	SP-26
			Stream	Livestock	U22-P

ADDENDUM TO PAGE 31, PART 2, K(1) THE OHIO VALLEY COAL COMPANY POWHATAN NO. 6 MINE PERMIT D-0360

ENGINEERING AND MINING TECHNIQUES

The Powhatan No. 6 Mine is an operation that uses the longwall method of mining. The engineering and mining techniques for longwall mining are as follows:

1. Longwall mining removes long panels of coal that are 600 to 800 ft. wide and approximately 7000 ft. long. A longwall shearer, a double-drum machine removes the panel by cutting slices of coal along the width of the face. The roof is temporarily supported by double-legged hydraulic supports called shields. The shields are moved forward each time that a slice is cut from the face. The coal is transported from the face by an armored, chain conveyor.

The roof behind the shields is allowed to collapse. Surface subsidence on the order of approximately 60 percent of the mining height occurs when the roof falls.

2. The longwall face is outlined by three entries on each side called gate entries, on the end where the panel starts by several entries called bleeder entries, and on the end where the panel ends by the main or submain entries. These entries are developed using a continuous miner, shuttle cars, and roof bolters. Pillars and concrete block stoppings separate each entry from the next. These entries provide ventilation and belt haulage for the longwall mining section.

- R. (4) (d) the center spacing for entries and cross cuts.
 - (e) minimum pillar dimensions for mains, submains, and butt sections, as well as the existing ranges of values for these areas.
 - (f) the barrier pillar width between butt sections, as well as the existing ranges of values for the same areas.
 - (g) the engineering properties of the clay/shale, or other soft rock material in the roof and floor of the mine.
 - (h) measures to be taken on the surface to prevent damage or lessening of the value or reasonably forseeable use of the surface, if any.
 - (i) the minimum pillar safety factor, for protected structures, based upon coal strength and load.
 - (j) methods and calculations used to determine the safety factor.
 - (5) Submit as an addendum for those areas mapped as full coal recovery mining, the following information:

 See Addendum to Page 32, Part 2, K(5)
 - (a) for each method to be employed (i.e. longwall or pillar extraction), provide the following:
 - i) rate and direction of dip for the coal seam.
 - ii) dimensions of panels or butt sections.
 - iii) thickness of coal to be extracted (mining height) .
 - iv) maximum angle of draw.
 - v) maximum anticipated subsidence.
 - will width of barrier pillars or chain pillars between sections or panels.
 - vii) the maximum extraction ratio within a pillaring section.

ADDENDUM TO PAGE 32. K(5) THE OHIO VALLEY COAL COMPANY POWHATAN NO. 6 MINE PERMIT D-0360

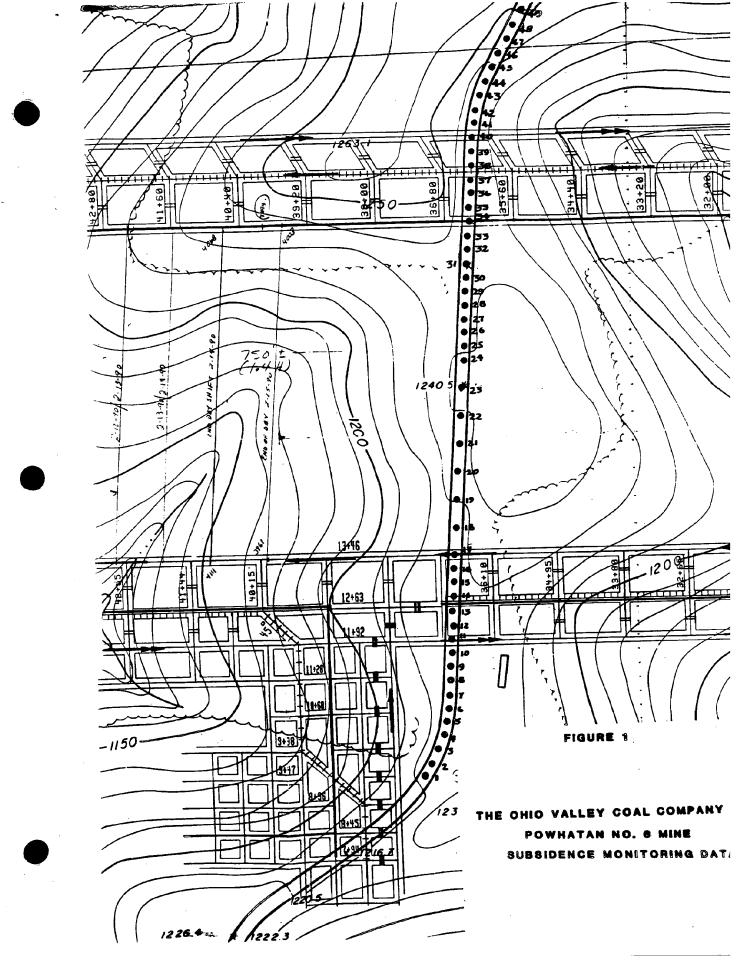
SUMMARY OF SUBSIDENCE MONITORING

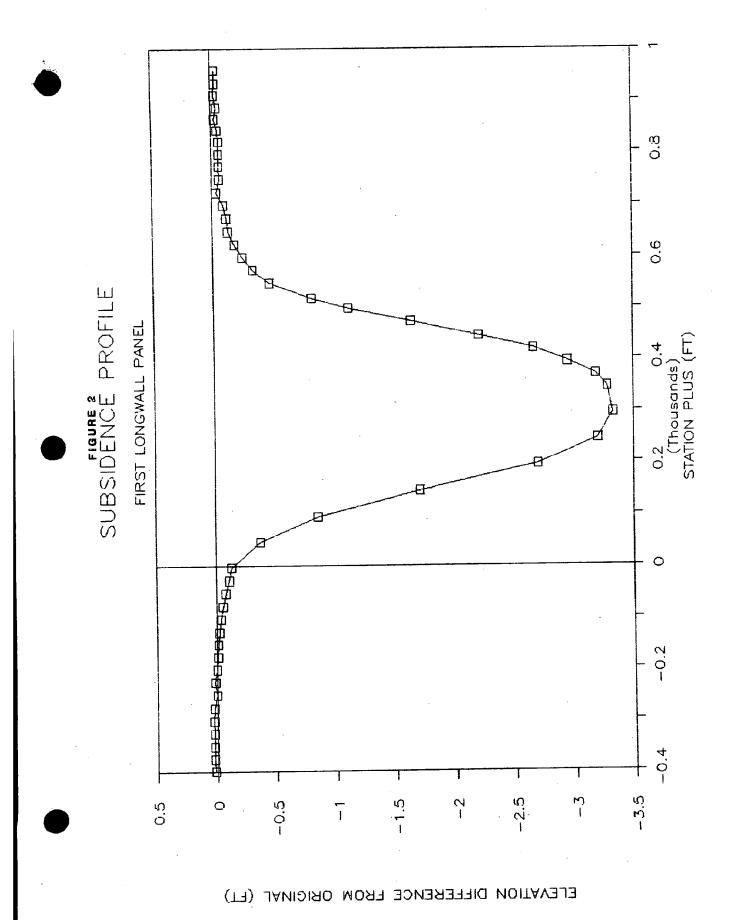
In February, 1990, the first longwall panel progressed beneath Smith Township Road 116. The Ohio Valley Coal Company placed subsidence monuments along the road, measured their elevations prior to mining, and on several occasions after the mining was past the road. Figure 1 shows the plan view of the subsidence monuments. The longwall gate section entries are shown on the figure also. Figure 2 shows the subsidence profile that developed. Table 1 shows the monitoring data.

The angle of draw (measured to .02 ft of displacement) was approximately 13 degrees. The angle of draw on the headgate side was identical to the angle on the tailgate side. It should be noted that the surface at the headgate showed signs of some horizontal movement that caused the monuments on the surface to move downhill. This situation caused some of the displacement of the monuments to the north of the angle of draw. However, with the surveying instruments that were used, an accuracy of 0.02 ft. was used, and the displacement north of the angle of draw was minimal.

The longwall passed under the road on February 20, 1990. The first subsidence was observed on February 21, with 99 percent of the maximum subsidence occurring by March 5, 1990 (within 13 days).

The second longwall panel was initially instrumented and the pre-mining elevations were determined. Subsequent measurements have not been made, and a search for the monuments revealed that most of the monuments cannot be found. However, measurements of the monuments over the first panel showed that the ground had experienced displacements as far south as the middle of the first panel. Some of this displacement can be attributed to further consolidation of the rublized zone. The monuments over the 5 West entries have subsided approximately 8 to 9 inches over the initial subsidence.





TOVCC 15347

TABLE 1
SUBSIDENCE DATA COLLECTED OVER "FIRST" PANEL

ÍN	SUBSIDENCE STATION	STATION PLUS	AVERAGE SINCE 03-05-90
******	****** 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14	******* -399.88 -376.10 -352.31 -327.81 -302.74 -277.67 -252.91 -228.06 -203.22 -178.02 -152.98 -128.17 -103.76 -79.23 -53.91	******* 0.02 0.02 0.02 0.03 0.02 0.00 0.02 0.00 -0.01 -0.01 -0.02 -0.04 -0.05 -0.08
т. б.	16 17 18 19 20 21	-29.53 -4.67 44.98 94.67 144.40 194.26 244.94	-0.11 -0.13 -0.37 -0.86 -1.71 -2.70 -3.20
CENTER	23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31	295.08 344.43 369.29 394.09 418.96 443.77 472.83 497.74 517.68 547.66	-3.33 -3.28 -3.19 -2.95 -2.67 -2.21 -1.64 -1.12 -0.81 -0.47
н. G.	33 34 35 36 37 38 39 40 41 42 43 44 45 46 47	572.62 597.63 622.37 647.21 672.17 697.21 722.39 747.40 771.54 794.95 818.47 841.35 864.06 886.73 909.96 933.35 960.15	-0.33 -0.24 -0.18 -0.13 -0.11 -0.09 -0.03 -0.06 -0.05 -0.06 -0.05 -0.03 -0.04 -0.02 -0.03 -0.03

ABL	E 2			TIONC. Ci.	es IN Dana	ı								SINCE	VERA
					rst LW Pane	CIRVEY DATI								03-05-90 ′	03-05-90 \$\$\$\$ \$\$
MIMBEL	0 02-14	1-90	02-16-90	02-21-90	02-23-90	02-26-90	02-28-90	03-02-90	03-05-90	03-12-90		04-12-90	06-11-90 0.00	0.0B	0.02
MUNDER		0.01	0.01	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.01	V. VZ	0.01	V	0.05	-0.01	0.07	0.10	0.02
		0.00	0.02	0.01	-0.02	0.00	0.01	0.01	0.02	0.02	0.05	0.01 0.01	0.08	0.10	0.0
	-	0.03	0.03	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.03	0.02	0.02	0.05	0.01	0.04	0.10	0.0
	•	0.02	0.02	0.02	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.02	0.01	0.03	0.05	0.01	0.07	0.12	0.0
		0.03	0.02	0.03	0.02	0.02	0.02	0.04	0.04	0.01	0.06	0.01	0.07	0.10	0.0
	-	0.02	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.04	0.01	0.03	0.02	0.02	0.05	-0.02	0.05	0.01	0.0
		0.03	-0.01	0.00	-0.02	-0.01	-0.00	0.01	0.00	0.00	0.03	0.00	0.05	0.07	0.0
		0.01	0.01	0.02	0.00	0.01	0.01	0.02	0.01	0.02	0.04	-0.01	-1.96	0.01	0.0
	-	0.01	0.01	0.00	0.00	0.00	-0.00	0.01	-0.01	0.00	0.03	-0.03	0.00	-0.03	-0.0
		0.01	0.01	0.00	-0.01	-0.01	-0.01	-0.01	-0.01	-0.01	0.02		0.03	-0.05	-0.0
_		0.08	0.01	0.00	-0.01	0.01	-0.01	-0.01	-0.01	-0.03	0.01	-0.02	0.03	-0.09	-0.0
		0.08	0.01	-0.01	-0.02	-0.02	-0.03	-0.03	-0.03	-0.03	0.00	-0.03 -0.05	0.02	-0.14	-0.0
		0.04	0.01	-0.01	-0.02	-0.02	-0.03	-0.03	-0.03	-0.04	-0.01	-0.03	-0.01	-0.21	-0.0
		0.07	0.00	-0.01	-0.04	-0.03	-0.07	-0.05	-0.06	-0.06	-0.02	-0.07	-0.05	-0.31	-0.
	-	0.08	-0.01	-0.02	-0.05	-0.07	-0.08	-0.0B		-0.08	-0.06 -0.08	-0.11	-0.07	-0.43	-0.
	16	0.07	0.00	-0.03	-0.08	-0.09	-0.10	-0.10	-0.11	-0.11	-0.08 -0.10	-0.15	-0.09	-0.51	-0.
.6.		0.11	0.05	0.01	-0.06	-0.09	-0.11	-0.12			-0.10	-0.13	-0.36	-1.49	-0.
	18	0.03	0.01	-0.06	-0.2i	-0.29	-0.34				:	11		-3.42	-0.
	19	0.08	0.02	-0.07	-0.49	-0.48	-0.81	_						-6.84	-1.
•	20	0.09	0.00	-0.13	-1.13	-1.47	-1.65	_						-10.79	-2.
	21	0.10	-0.01	-0.19		-2.41	-2.60							-12.79	-3.
	22	0.08	-0.01	-0.22	-2.43	-2.90								-13.31	-3.
enter	23	0.11	0.01	-0.21			-3.23							-13.13	-3.
	24	0.09	0.00	-0.21										-12.74	-3.
	25	0.08	-0.01	-0.20										-11.80	
	26	0.09	-0.01	-0.17	-2.13						_			-10.67	
	27	0.05	-0.03	-0.18	-1.64										
	28	0.07	-0.03	-0.15	-1.41										
	29	0.08	0.00	-0.06	-0.71	-1.24									
	30	0.09	0.00	-0.04	-0.44										
	31	0.07	-0.01	-0.0	5 -0.33	-0.5						_			
	32	0.09	0.00	-0.0	-0.21	-0.3					_				
	22	0.08	-0.02	-0.0	5 -0.16					_		<u>-</u>			
1.6.	34	0.08	-0.02	-0.0	3 -0.17	2 -0.1									
	35	0.08	-0.02	-0.0	2 -0.0						-			-	
	36	0.09	0.00	- 0.0	1 -0.0						-			-	-
	37	0.07	-0.01	-0.0	1 -0.0						•				-
	38	0.06	-0.01	-0.0	3 -0.0	5 -0.0					-	-	•		-
	39	0.10	0.03	0.0	5 -0.0								-	-0.2	-
	40	0.08		0.0	3 -0.0									-0.2	
	41	0.09			1 -0.0									_	-
	42	0.10		0.0	1 -0.0										-
	43	0.06		0.0								-	-	-	
	44	0.08	-0.01	0.0							-			-0.1	
	45	0.07	-0.01	0.0	3 -0.0					• •					-
-	46	0.07		0.0	2 -0.0						-			-	
	47	0.05			5 -0.0										
	48	0.07		0.0	0.0			_							
	49	0.06	-0.07									AT -0:	···	***	
Dista	nce Lu	face i	s from roa		et):		wans West			seans East	OI LOGE				
		-430			58 +25	3 +3	10 +5	16 +6	/6 +8	109					

K. (5) (b) describe the anticipated effects of planned subsidence upon the land and water resources identified in the subsidence control survey and survey of ground and surface water resources.

See Addendum to Page 33, Part 3, K(5)(b) and Attachment 31

(c) describe the measures to be taken to mitigate the anticipated effects of planned subsidence to the land and water resources.

See Addendum to Page 33, Part 3, K(5)(c)

(d) describe the anticipated effects of planned subsidence upon the structures identified in the subsidence control survey.

See Addendum to Page 33, Part 3, K(5)(d)

(e) describe the proposed measures to be taken to mitigate anticipated effects to structures.

See Addendum to Page 33, Part 3, K(5)(e)

(f) describe the proposed measures to determine the extent of mining related damages including a presubsidence survey with an indication of the timing of the survey.

See Addendum to Page 33, Part 3, K(5)(f)
(g) describe provisions for repair and/or compensation for damages to structures.

See Addendum to Page 33, Part 3, K(5)(g)

ADDENDUM TO PAGE 32 AND 33, PART 3, K(5)(a-g) THE OHIO VALLEY COAL COMPANY POWHATAN NO. 6 MINE PERMIT D-0360

ANTICIPATED EFFECTS OF PLANNED SUBSIDENCE

General

The anticipated surface effects of subsidence during and following coal extraction by the longwall method at the Powhatan No. 6 Mine are related to the following movements of the ground surface:

- 1. Vertical subsidence
- 2. Horizontal movement

The combination of vertical and horizontal movements of points on the ground surface leads to tensile or extension and compression strains from curvature of the ground surface and tilt. Extension and compression of the ground surface, in the direction of the movement of the longwall face, occur as the face moves in the direction of mining. The extension and compression effects develop after passage of the longwall face. The surface curvature, with resulting extension and compression, and the tilt near the ends of a mined panel and along the sides of a mined panel, represent the permanent effects of subsidence.

Background [Response to Page 32, K(5)(a)]

The dip of the coal is 19 ft per mile at South 63 Degrees East. The strike is North 27 Degrees East. The panel dimensions are approximately 600 to 800 ft wide and 7,000 ft long. The gates are approximately 200 ft wide between panels. The coal thickness to be extracted is approximately 48 to 60 inches. There is approximately 14 to 43 percent of the overburden classified as hard rock according to the test hole data.

Time of Subsidence

The surface effects of mining occur at times generally related to the advance of the longwall face.

- Movements which develop over a panel being mined with passage of the face: these represent the most significant movements and are generally complete within three (3) months of passage of the face.
- 2. Movements which occur over a previously mined panel as an adjacent panel is mined: such superincumbent movements

ADDENDUM TO PAGE 32 AND 33, PART 3, K(5)(a-g) PAGE TWO

are relatively small compared to the movements above the panel that is being mined.

3. Movements over a long period of time due to consolidation of the gob and time dependent stress readjustment: long-term subsidence of the ground surface is not expected to be significant.

Predicted Movements [Response to Page 32, K(5)(a)]

The surface movements indicated below are derived from measurements made during subsidence over OVCC's first longwall panel. Similar movements are anticipated within the application area.

The maximum subsidence occurred near the center of the panel being mined and was measured at 60 to 65 percent of the extracted seam thickness or 3 to 3½ ft. The angle of draw was measured to be approximately 30 degrees. Some horizontal movement occurred in steeply sloping ground where several slips occurred. These slips were mainly in slip-prone soils. Near the center of the panel, the ground moved upwards in several small areas after subsidence as the compressive strain caused the soils to heave upward. Surface cracking up to about six inches wide occurred during the time the areas were put under tension.

Effect on Surface Facilities

- 1. [Response to Page 33, K(5)(b)]
 Tension cracking of the ground surface may occur at the sides and ends of a longwall panel. These cracks in the surface may vary in width from hairline, up to 1-1/2 inches wide. In some instances, cracks have been observed to be 6 in. to over 1 ft wide.
- 2. [Response to Page 33, K(5)(d)]
 Structures situated over a panel may be damaged due to subsidence. The damage to be expected may involve cracking of plaster, cracking between concrete block or brick. Cracks in these structures may close after subsidence is complete. The magnitude of this damage is directly related to the extraction rate. If the rate is slow, more severe damage (such as concrete cracking, differential settlement of corners, etc.) will occur. In some cases, it has been observed that one end of a structure will be in tension while other parts are stationary as the subsidence wave moves through the structure. In fact, all structures experience a series of tension/compression strains that causes some damage.

- 3. [Response to Page 33, K(5)(d)] Underground utility lines (water and gas) may be broken by tensile strains.
- 4. [Response to Page 33, K(5)(b)]
 Surface slumping may occur due to subsidence where relatively steep slopes with landslide prone soils exist.
- 5. [Response to Page 33, K(5)(b)]
 Ponds or streams may become partially dry temporarily as a result of subsidence-induced surface cracks.

Remedial Measures

- 1. [Response to Page 33, K(5)(d)]
 In the event that roadway surfaces are damaged by cracks resulting from subsidence due to mining, OVCC, at the request of the applicable regulatory authority, will repair the surface to pre-mining conditions.
- [Response to Page 33, K(5)(f)] 2. OVCC will mail written notice to owners and occupants of surface property or structures of OVCC intent to mine under such property or structures at least six months prior to any mining by OVCC under their property. Notwithstanding its mining rights and without waiving nor releasing any of its rights, OVCC will offer to repair or compensate for damages to all structures and facilities caused by OVCC's mining operations. A pre-subsidence survey of all structures to be undermined will be conducted by OVCC personnel and will be used to determine the condition of the structures and facilities prior to the mining. This survey may include, but not be limited to: still and video photography, land surveying, making various measurements, interviewing landowners, tenants, or other individuals, and making various drawings. Refusal of the landowner to allow a pre-subsidence survey will releases OVCC from the requirement to conduct the survey. This survey will be performed in accordance with Underground PPD 90-3.
- Response to Page 33, K(5)(c)]
 Notwithstanding its mining rights and without waiving nor releasing any of its rights, OVCC will make repairs of damage caused to surface lands by OVCC's mining operations if the damage reduces the foreseeable use or value of the surface lands. If such damage occurs, OVCC

will submit to the Chief within thirty days after the damage occurs:

- a. Site specific plans for the repair or mitigation of the damage, including a time schedule for performance of the remedial action.
- b. A request for more time to prepare such plans; or
- Written notification that OVCC believes that repair or restoration measures are not technologically feasible. If repair or restoration measures are not desired by the owner of a structure or if repair or restoration measures are not technologically feasible, other mitigatory measures will be described.
- 4. [Response to Page 33, K(5)(e)]
 Utility companies, which own transmission lines, pipe
 lines, or other sensitive structures in the permit area,
 will be notified at lease six (6) months prior to any
 mining under such structures by OVCC. OVCC, subject to
 its mining rights, will offer to repair such structures.
- [Response to Page 33, K(5)(C)] 5. Damage to surface land will be repaired by local As surface damage occurs, the landowner contractors. will be notified and permission to repair the damage will be requested. Surface cracks will usually be repaired by the following method: After the length of the subsidence crack has been determined, a bulldozer will be used to cut a V-shaped trench. The depth of this trench will be approximately 8-10 feet or down to bedrock. During the excavation topsoil will be segregated from subsoil and rock. Upon completion of the excavation, the material will be compacted using the track of the bulldozer. Once the soil material has been replaced, the area will be reclaimed to ODNR specifications.

OVCC will employ a program to monitor surface cracking and settling resulting from subsidence. Areas being mined will be inspected at various intervals, ranging from daily to weekly. These areas will be visually inspected for any subsidence related problems. If a problem is found, the landowner will be notified immediately.

In most cases, surface cracks are expected to open and close relatively rapidly, however, some surface cracks may take weeks to close. For this reason, most cracks

will not be repaired until OVCC determines that the cracks are not going to close themselves. If the surface cracks are in an area that is commonly traveled by man or livestock, the cracks will be repaired immediately. Surface cracking that is found in areas not commonly traveled, may be marked by brightly colored tape. This tape alerts anyone in the area of the depression or opening. If the cracks do not close within the period of time OVCC determines is adequate, a contractor will repair the cracks.

Monitoring of these areas will continue for up to six months after mining, and if the cracks reopen, they will once again be repaired. Monitoring of panel areas before mining consists of visual inspection or aerial photo review. These areas are being inspected before mining, due to the water monitoring program which starts one year prior to mining.

OVCC's subsidence program will adequately assure that the value and reasonably foreseeable use of the surface land is maintained.

6. [Response to Page 33, K(5)(e)]
The Otto and Campbell dairy farms are located directly over a longwall panel. The dairy barns and milk houses will experience subsidence. Some surface and structural damage is anticipated. It is the intention of OVCC to remove the coal under all structures, including the dairy barns and milk houses on the Otto and Campbell dairy farms as rapidly as possible to minimize damage.

Prior to undermining the dairy structures, most particularly, the barn/milk houses, OVCC will prepare the structure at OVCC's expense as follows:

- a. A water supply line from the County water line will be installed prior to mining in order to provide water on a continuous basis. This water line will be installed in such a manner that subsidence will not interrupt the flow of water.
- b. The electrical supply to the barn/milk houses will be inspected and, if necessary, changed to permit the downward movement of the structure.
- c. The framework structure of the barns will be inspected to determine its ability to withstand the forces caused by subsidence. Weak members will be

reinforced (with materials of similar construction if practical). Temporary reinforcement measures will be used where practical in order to return the barn to pre-mining conditions after mining is complete.

- d. The milking system will be inspected to determine its ability to withstand the forces caused by subsidence. Rigidly held lines will be fastened with flexible couplings to permit movement of the barn and still permit the normal flow of milk to the bulk tank. All modifications will comply with State and County Health Department guidelines.
- e. The bulk milk tanks will be placed on a low-profile platform that permits easy, ongoing leveling. The tank will be re-certified after this change is made at the expense of OVCC. The platform will be arranged to maintain adequate clearance over the tank.
- f. The compressors and coolant lines for the bulk tank will be inspected and retrofitted with flexible connections to permit the downward movement of the structure.

During mining under the barn/milk houses, OVCC will provide the following services at OVCC's expense:

The barn/milk houses will be inspected at least 2 hours prior to milking for damage that may impede normal milking operations. Minor repairs will be made to insure that the milking processes will occur normally. Specifically, the barn and related facilities (e.g., stanchions) will be maintained in a usable condition. Milk lines will be inspected for breakage and flow direction and any repairs will be made prior to milking. Compressors and refrigerant lines will be inspected and repairs will be made if necessary. The bulk tank will be re-leveled and re-certified prior to pick-up of the milk at OVCC's expense. The integrity of both the water and the electrical systems will be inspected and repaired prior to milking. Sufficient numbers of personnel qualified to do the inspection and repair work will be present before the milking begins. During milking, any necessary repairs will be made to allow the milking process to continue.

- b. Following the milking, any additional repairs to the facilities not needed for milking will be completed. The requirements of the County and State Health Service Departments for a Grade A dairy farm will be maintained during subsidence at OVCC's expense, including the repair of doors, the barn floor, the barn cleaner, and the water system. If the barn cleaners cannot be maintained in operation, manual labor will be used to keep the barn clean.
- C. [Response to Page 33, K(5)(c)] Prior to the introduction of farm equipment into fields that have been undermined, OVCC will inspect the field for cracks or slips. Repairs needed (to maintain access into the fields) will be made at appropriate times. Crop lands damaged by

subsidence will be repaired at appropriate times to permit harvest or cultivation without damage to personnel or equipment. Lost or damaged crops will be replaced in kind by OVCC at OVCC's expense. Note: "appropriate times" indicates that the repairs will be made 1) at a time when access is needed and 2) when damage to adjacent plants will be minimized. In any case, crop production will be maintained during and after mining.

- G. [Response to Page 32, K(5)(b)] OVCC believes that there will be no effect on the crop production as a result of mining. This fact is supported by a paper written by Dr. Frank L. Himes, Ph.D., entitled "Agronomic Evaluation of the Land in the Southern Ohio Coal Company Area", June, 1983. A copy is included in this addendum.
- 7. [Response to Page 33, K(5)(g)]
 After mining, all structures will be repaired or replaced as required or the owner will be compensated for the reduction in value. OVCC will make use of identical materials to make repairs. All structures to be repaired will be returned to their pre-mining condition in all ways, including color, construction, and composition. Structures damaged beyond repair will be replaced with identical construction, or the owner will be compensated for the reduction in value.

ADDENDUM TO PAGE 32 AND 33, PART 3, K(5) (a-g)

Response to Page 33, K(5)(c)]

Affected water supplies will be subject to the provisions found in the Addendum to Page 19, Part 2, F. In the long term, permanent water supplies will consist of re-drilled wells, re-developed springs, new or repaired cisterns, re-dug ponds, or with county water. If county water is used, a single, lump sum cash amount will be deposited in the Owner's bank. The sum shall be sufficient to provide enough interest to pay for the cost of county water. The lump sum will belong to the Owner when deposited in the bank. A combination of these provisions may be required. It is the intent of OVCC to offer landowners equitable options as outlined above in order to restore the reasonable foreseeable use of the land and facilities.

AGRONOMIC EVALUATION OF LAND

IN THE

SOUTHERN OHIO COAL COMPANY AREA

AMERICAN ELECTRIC POWER SERVICE CORPORATION

JUNE, 1983

FRANK L. HIMES, Ph.D. Professor of Agronomy Ohio State University

INTRODUCTION

Areas considered typical of different surface effects of the Meigs County Mine #2 were observed on May 26, 1983. Mr. Keith Peluchette assisted me in reading the detailed mining map in respect to surface locations and data of mining. The dates of mining varied from three (3) years to present.

OBSERVATIONS

The areas of observation made by walking, included a small corn field (fallow this year) and the adjacent woods, an orchard, and a meadow area near a road. Additional areas were observed by driving around the area.

- Subsidence with associated cracking did not result in mixing of soil layers except possibly for some sloughing at the cracks.
- 2. The trees in the subsided areas did not show damage when compared to those in the areas that had not been subsided.
- 3. After the cracks close in the later stages of subsidence, they are difficult to locate in densely vegetated meadows and woods.

DISCUSSION

- alter soil management practices. Since the soil horizons (topsoil, subsoil, and parent material) have the same respective locations, the chemical properties of the soil have not been changed. Therefore, fertilizer and liming recommendations would not change with subsidence. After any cracks have closed, the same equipment could be used on both the subsided and the non-subsided areas. The surface slopes were not altered appreciably in respect to equipment use.
- 2. Although no sloughing was observed on the cracks, common sense would indicate that plant residues and a little topsoil would enter any such cracks. The extent of sloughing would depend upon the surface conditions and activities. The coating of the surface of the cracks with the surface "debris" would produce a plane of weakness. By this is meant, during very dry periods when the soil contracts, shrinkage cracks would be along these faces. Also, plant roots would grow more extensively in the remnant of the crack than in the adjacent zone because the fertility and aeration are better. Plant roots

are not drill bits and penetrate the soil only by entering pores (or voids) that are larger than the root.

As indicated on the map included, the Monongahela soils (and likewise for the Latham soils) have a compact layer at 20 to 30 inches that impedes root penetration and percolation of water. The fracturing of this layer and partial filling with debris would increase the rooting depth of and available water to the plants growing within a few inches of the crack. In some areas of Ohio, farmers subsoil their land which is a practice to fracture the dense layers 15 to 24 inches below the surface. The practice called vertical mulching is more effective because plant residues are incorporated. It improves both root penetration and the infiltration and percolation of water. In most instances, the additional infiltration results in less runoff and less erosion.

Erosion is a natural hazard for the Gilpin, Dekalb,
Latham, Monongahela, and Upshur soils. These soils
usually occur on slopes exceeding six (6) percent.
Therefore, practices or occurrences that decrease
the amount of water runoff will decrease erosion.
Because these soils are rated highly erosive (see map

and Table 1), farming practices should be selected for erosion control to hold erosion to a minimum. Although no waterways were observed, if subsidence caused a shift in a waterway, the farmer would need to make minor changes in his tillage practices.

3. Tables 2, 3, and 4 summarize other properties of the soils and the type of agriculture in Meigs County. The productivity of these soils is often limited by fairly acid subsoils, low fertility, shallow (less than 36 inches) rooting, low moisture holding capacity, and steep slopes. The soil management practices needed to make these soils productive do not change with subsidence. Although a detailed soil survey of the area is not available, a generalized map and publications containing additional information about these soils are included.

CONCLUSION

The fertility of the soils was not altered by subsidence except within cracks if sloughing occurred. The fracturing of layers that restrict water movement and root penetration should be beneficial to the plants growing near the fractures. The maintenance of the farmer's erosion control waterways may have to be adjusted accordingly if subsidence were to change the flow in them.

The soils in this area are difficult to maintain on a high state of productivity, and subsidence has little impact on the chemical and physical properties of the soils. Based on practices in other areas of the world, the fracturing of the layers inhibiting root development will be beneficial to plant growth. The agronomic uses of the soils are not influenced by longwalling.

TABLE 1

Soil Series	K≉
Dekalb	0.24
Gilpin	0.32
Latham	0.43
Monongahela	0.43
Upshur	0.43

*K is the soil erodibility factor. The highest value for Ohio soils is 0.49 and most are below 0.40.

l "Ohio Erosion Control and Sediment Pollution Abatement Guide."
Bulletin 594, Cooperative Extension Service, The Ohio State
University.

TABLE 2

Meigs County - Soil and Water Conservation Needs - 1967

Total Land Area	277,610 A
Non-Inventory Acreage (Urban, etc.)	13,058 A
Inventory Acreage	264,552 A
Cropland ²	48,263 A
Pasture ²	41,251 A
Forest ²	168,100 A
Other Land ²	6,938 A

BY LAND CAPABILITY CLASSES, 19673

			TILLAGE ROTATION					
LAND CAPABILITY CLASS SUB-CLASS	ALL ROW CROPS	FIELD CROPS CLOSE GROWN	ROTATION HAY AND PASTURE	HAY- LAND	CONSER- VATION USE ONLY	TEMPORAR- ILY IDLE CROPLAND	ORCHARDS VINEYARDS AND BUSH FRUITS	TOTAL CROPLAND
1	867	434	2842	908	864	1246	0	7161
2 E	1127	217	1516	909	2013	1091	0	6873
	1084	651	1326	2181	2589	623	160	8614
3E	2212	217	2463	2181	576	1246	0	8895
4E 6E	1864	217	2652	3635	575	312	0	925 5
2W	867	1301	1894	182	290	779	0	5313
2W 3W	434	217	757	0	0	0	0	1408
7 S	0	0	380	364	0	. 0	0	744
TOTAL	8455	3254	13830	10360	6907	5297	160	48263

PASTURE, FOREST, AND OTHER LAND ACRES
BY LAND CAPABILITY CLASSES, 1967

•	PASTURE & F	RANGE		FOREST			
LAND CAPABILITY CLASS SUB-CLASS	PASTURE	COMMER-	NON- COMMER- CIAL	COMMER- CIAL GRAZED	IN FARMS	NOT IN FARMS	TOTAL LAND IN INVENTORY
1	2633	5433	0	217	867	0	16094
2 E	1229	1654	0	0 .	651	0	10407
3E	4740	5433	0	867	867	0	19654
4E	8601	25042	200	7156	217	0	42955
6E	13692	49612	0	9541	867	0	73426
7E	4213	11341	0	1735	217	0	15771
2W	1404	1181	. 0	217	0	0	7898
3W	351	945	0	0	0	0	2704
6 s	175	2~7*	0	0	0	0	412
7S	4213	66622	200	9107	1084	1301	74164
/s 8s	0	0	200	0	0	867	1067
TOTAL	41251	167500	600	28840	4770	2168	264552

Ohio Soil and Water Conservation Needs Inventory, Sponsored by USDA, 1971.

- 1. Page 12
- 2. Page 14
- 3. Page 29
- 4. Page 48

TABLE 3

MEIGS COUNTY - AGRICULTURAL STATISTICS

	1980	1981
Number of Farms 1	620	610
Average Size of Farm ¹	177 A	182 A
Land in Farms	110,000 A	111,000 A
Corn for Grain ²	3,700 A	5,200 A
Yield ²	130 bu./A	85 bu./A
Soybeans ³	(Less tha	n 1,000 A)
Wheat ⁴	(Less tha	n 1,000 A)
Oats ⁵	(Less tha	n 1,000 A)
Hay (all) 6	16,800 A	15,800 A
Yield ⁶	2.2 T/A	2.2 T/A
All Cattle and Milk Cows 7	13,000	14,000
Hogs and Pigs ⁸	2,000	1,900
Stock Sheep ⁸	(Less th	nan 1,000)
Hens and Pullets, Laying Ag	e ⁸ 30,000	30,000

Published by Ohio Co-op Reporting Service, June 1981-1982, Ohio Agricultural Statistics.

1. Page 7

4. Page 13

7. Page 37

2. Page 9

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8. Page 43

3. Page 11

6. Page 17

Available Moisture Capacity for the Surface Layer

Dekalb	Soil	0.13-0.17	in./in.	of	soil
Gilpin	Soil	0.17-0.22	in./in.	of	soil
Latham	Soil	0.18-0.22	in./in.	of	soil
Unshur	Soil	0.18-0.22	in./in.	of	soil

¹ Soil Survey of Monroe County, Ohio. Published by USDA, 1974, pp. 39-43.

Frank L. Himes:

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Phone: (614)422-2002

Date of Birth:

July 30, 1927. Place of Birth: Crawfordsville, Indiana.

Education:

A.B. Wabash College (Chemistry), 1949.

M.Sc. Purdue University (Organic Chemistry), 1951.

Massachusetts Institute of Technology (Westinghouse

Science Teacher Institute), Summer 1952.

Ph.D. Purdue University (Soil Fertility and Chemistry), 1956.

Professional and Technical Societies:

American Society of Agronomy, Soil Science Society of America, International Soil Science Society, American Chemical Society, Sigma Xi, Gamma Sigma Delta.

Professional Experience:

1949-1951	Teaching Assistant, Department of Chemistry, Purdue University.
1951-1953	High School Science Teacher, Remington High School, Remington, Indiana.
1953-1955	Fellowship, Department of Agronomy, Purdue University.
1955-1957	Assistant Professor in the Departments of Agriculture and Chemistry, Middle Tennessee State University, Murfreesboro, Tennessee.
1957-present	Assistant Professor, Associate Professor, Professor, Department of Agronomy, Ohio State University.

Publications:

Books written

Himes, F. L. 1969. Audio Tutorial Notes for Soils, 1st ed. Bugess Publishing Co.

Himes, F. L. 1972. ibid, 2nd ed.

Himes, F. L. 1975. ibid, 3rd ed.

Himes, F. L. 1979. ibid, 4th ed.

Chapters of books written:

Himes, F. L. 1974. Inventorying Soil Resources. Chapter 28 of "Man's Finite Earth", R. O. Utgard and C. D. McKenzie, eds.

Mortensen, J. L., and F. L. Himes. 1964. Soil Organic Matter. Chapter 5 of "Chemistry of Soils", F. F. Bear ed.

Technical Papers

- Himes, F. L. and S. A. Barber. 1957. Chelating ability of soil organic matter. Soil Sci. Soc. Amer. Proc. 21:368-373.
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- Chahal, K. S., J. L. Mortensen and F. L. Himes. 1966. Decomposition Products of Carbon-14 Labelled Rye Tissue in a Peat Profile. Soil Sci. Soc. Amer. Proc. 30:(2)217-220.
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- Himes, F. L. and C. Bloomfield. 1967. Extraction of Triacontyl Sterate from a Soil. Plant and Soil 24:383-384.
- Braids, O. C., F. L. Himes and G. W. Volk. 1967. The Occurrence of Carbazole in a Peat Soil. Soil Sci. Soc. Amer. Proc. 31:435-436.
- Himes, F. L. and R. Shufeldt. 1969. Influence of Some Organic Compounds on the Movement of Sr⁹⁰ in Soils. Proc. of Internat. Symposium on Radioecology, Cadarache, France.
- Street, J. R., P. R. Henderlong and F. L. Himes. 1974. The Silica Content of Merion Kentucky Bluegrass Under Several Cultural Regimes and Its Relation to Thatch Accumulation. Turf and Landscape Research. OARDC Res. Sum 79. Sept. pp 9-12.
- Street, J. R., P. R. Henderlong and F. L. Himes. 1977. Influence of silica on chemical composition and decomposition of turigrass tissue. Proceed. III International Turigrass Res. Conf. Chapt. 38, pp. 329-336.

Lucking, M. A., J. W. Johnson, and F. L. Himes. 1983. Effects of Increasing the Rates of Potassium and Nitrapyrin on Nitrogen Uptake by Corn. Agron. J. 75:247-249.

Non-Technical Papers

- Himes, F. L. 1963. Careers in Agronomy. The Ohio Farmer.
- Himes, F. L. 1964. Radioactive isotope demonstration for improved teaching of soil chemistry. Agron. J. 56:239.
- Himes, F. L. 1972. Inventorying Soil Resources. The Science Teacher. 39:2.
- Himes, F. L. 1976. Use of the Overhead Projector to Illustrate Ion Exchange Reactions. J. of Agron. Educ. 5:33-34.

ADDENDUM TO PAGE 33, PART 3, K(5)(c) THE OHIO VALLEY COAL COMPANY POWHATAN NO. 6 MINE PERMIT D-0360

SLIP-PRONE SOILS

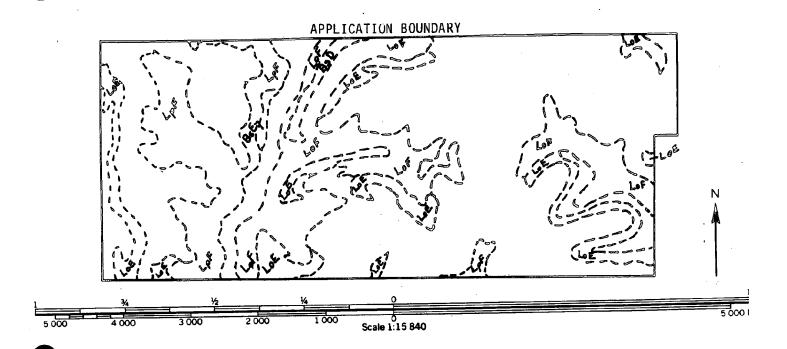
During our pre-subsidence survey, if potential slip-prone areas are discovered that would significantly affect the dwelling or useable land areas, these will be recorded. If subsidence due to mining operations causes material damage or reduces the value or reasonably foreseeable use of the surface land, OVCC will restore the land to a condition capable of supporting uses it was capable of supporting before subsidence. If slips are triggered by mining activities, these areas would be stabilized in accordance with accepted site specific procedures for such work if technologically and economically feasible. If not feasible, OVCC will arrange alternative mitigatory measures.

A search of the Belmont County Soils Maps (specifically Maps No. 52, 53, 60, and 61)* revealed approximately 16 potential slide/slip areas within the following soil types:

Type	Slope	No. of Potential Slide/Slip Areas
Lowell-Westmoreland Loams (LoE)	25%-40%	10
Lowell-Westmoreland Silt Loan (LoF)	40%-70%	. 2
Lowell-Westmoreland Silt Loam, Benched (LpF)	30%-70%	2
Brookside Silty Clay Loam (BsD, BsE)	15%-40%	2

During the pre-subsidence survey, these areas, as well as other similar sites that may have a significant impact to existing structures, will be reviewed. Should conditions dictate, site specific measures, not limited to but including installation of cut-off trenches, drainage systems, and retaining walls, may be taken to minimize adverse affects.

*Soil Survey of Belmont County ODNR, USDA March, 1974



LOE - LOWELL-WESTMORELAND SILT LOAM 25%-40% SLOPES

LoF - LOWELL-WESTMORELAND SILT LOAM 40%-70% SLOPES

Lpf - LOWELL-WESTMORELAND SILT LOAN, BENCHED 30%-70% SLOPES

BROOKSIDE SILTY CLAY LOAM 15%-25% SLOPES

BROOKSIDE SILTY CLAY LOAM 25%-40% SLOPES

REPRODUCED FROM SOIL SURVEY OF BELMONT COUNTY, ODNR, USDA MARCH, 1974; MAPS 52, 53, 60, 61

FILING OF ADDENDA

P

If an addendum is needed to present the information required by the items in the permit application, the addendum is to be submitted with the permit application and each page, map, plan or other document in the addendum should include the applicant's name and indicate to what item the addendum applies. For example, "Addendum to Part 3, item K(2) Zebco Coal Company."

ä Provide the information requested below for all technical data submitted in the application.

		Methodology Used to zed Analyze Data
		Date Data Analyzed
	Moody and Associates	Methodology Name of Person/ Used Collecting Organization that Data Analyzed Data
		Date Data Collected
ic C	9, Moody and Associates	Name of Person/ Organization that Collected Data
Probable Hydrologic Consequences	Addendum to Page 19,	Identification of Technical Data (1)

(1)

 $\mathbf{A}_{o}(\mathbf{A})$.

The technical data is to be identified by referencing the particular item in the application for which the data was used in preparing the response (e.g. Part 2_{o} B(1); Attachment 14; Part

-34-

C. Provide the name, address, and position of officials of each private or academic research organization or governmental agency contacted in the preparation of the application for information on land uses, soils, geology, vegetation, fish and wildlife, water quantity and quality, air quality, and archeological, cultural, and historic features.

Name of	Address of Official	Position of Official	Name of Agency/ Organization	Type of Information (e.g. Geology)
Official	OFFICIAL	Official	ODNR-Division	Ground Water
			of Water	Inventory Reprot Water Resources
an an annian	ومرسون المراجع المراجع المراجع المراجع المراجع المراجع المراجع المراجع المراجع المراجع المراجع المراجع المراجع		USGS	Data

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